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SPECIAL EXTRA

The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1927. VOL. LXIX. NO. 21,778.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

Irish Times 'Phone Numbers.—Dublin 5036 and 3037; Belfast—1787; "London-Central 4350. *Belfast Office*—139 Royal Avenue. *London Office*—59 Fleet Street.

BIRTHS.

BURKE—January 29, 1927, at 89 Lower Baggot street, Dublin, wife of William J. Burke, 8 Cambridge terrace, Leeson Park, a son.

FETHERSTONHAUGH—January 29, 1927, at Loughtown, Carragh, wife of R. Fetherstonhaugh, a daughter.

McCABE—January 28, 1927, at 40 Upper Fitzwilliam street, to Gladys, wife of Michael J. McCabe, junior, 9 Argyle road, Herbert Park, a daughter.

MURRAY—January 23, 1927, at 89 Lower Baggot street, to Dr. and Mrs. P. J. Murray, Drogheda, a daughter.

ROGERS—February 2, 1927, at 29 Crosthwaite Park, Dun Laoghaire, to Mr. and Mrs. T. Rogers, a son (John Daniel).

MARRIAGE.

CREAN and COX—January 13, 1927, at the Cathedral, Mullingar, with Nuptial Mass, by Rev. J. C. Macken, Adm., Lieutenant Sean Crean, son of Mrs. and the late William Crean, Dublin, to Kathleen, youngest daughter of Mrs. Cox, Mount street, Mullingar.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 6.

ALLEN—February 3, 1927, at Aughnagreagh, Edgeworthstown, William J., second son of the late John Allen. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing brothers and sister. Funeral will leave at 12 o'clock to-morrow (Saturday), 5th inst., to Corbay.

BEVERIDGE—February 3, 1927, Peter Erskine, only child of Erskine White Beveridge and Maude Beveridge, of 50 Victoria road, Fulwood, Preston, Lancashire, aged 6 years.

COOKE—February 1, 1927, at 66 Morehampton road, Frances Arabella, the well-beloved wife of John Cooke. Funeral strictly private. No flowers, by special request.

CREED—January 27, 1927, Evelyn Grace Hamilton Creed, eldest daughter of the late Rev. J. J. Creed, Moylare, County Kildare, aged 51 years.

DELMEGE—February 1, 1927, at Ballywire, Tipperary, Adam William Stafford, B.A., Barrister-at-Law, son of the late Rev. John Delmege, of Limerick. Funeral this (Friday) morning, leaving Ballywire at 10.45 for Douglas Cemetery, County Cork.

EAMES—January 30, 1927, Jane Catherine Eames, of 46 Alexandra road, Reading, widow of the late Henry Eames, M.D., Dublin, and youngest daughter of the late David Carr, of Hawke House, Sunbury, Middlesex, in her 81st year.

HEATLY—January 30, 1927, at Inverness, Hawarden Roy, dearly-loved infant son of Hawarden Roy and Grettie Heatly. "Safe in the arms of Jesus."

HENRY—January 27, 1927, at Templebrady, Crosshaven, after a brief illness, Charlotte Grace Henry. Interment took place at Douglas on Saturday, 29th

HURLEY—February 2, 1927, at his residence, 3 Parnell square, Pierse Hurley, aged 67 years, late of Waterford. R.I.P. Funeral (private) this (Friday) morning, after 10 o'clock Mass, from Pro-Cathedral.

LOVELY—February 3, 1927, at a Private Nursing Home, of pneumonia, Christopher Joseph Lovely, aged 38, to the intense grief of his wife and relatives. Funeral private.

McDERMOTT—February 3, 1927, at his residence, Moynalvey House, Summerhill, Meath, after a brief illness, Joseph McDermott, the dearly-beloved seventh and youngest son of the late James McDermott and Mrs. Alice McDermott, Rosetown House, Donaughbin, and 215 North Circular road. Most deeply regretted by his wife, brothers, and sisters. R.I.P. Office and Solemn High Mass at Moynalvey Church at 11 o'clock to-morrow (Saturday) morning, February 5. Interment afterwards to Glasnevin.

McDOWELL—February 3, 1927, at Sweet Briar Park, Tramore, Mary, daughter of late Daniel McDowell, Waterford and Central Ireland Railway, Waterford, late Lady Superintendent, County Infirmary, Waterford. Funeral will leave to-morrow (Saturday) morning at 10.30 for the Cemetery, Waterford, arriving at The Manor about 12 o'clock.

MESCALL—After a short illness, Bartholomew Mescall, Golf Links Hotel, Kilkee. R.I.P. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday) to Shanakyle.

MYERS—February 2, 1927, at 26 Ferrybank, Arklow, Mary, widow of the late Richard Myers, of Arklow. Funeral at 3 o'clock to-day (Friday) to Old Kilbride. No flowers.

PRATT—February 3, 1927, at Red House, Ardee, Jemima Roberta Tynte Pratt, daughter of late Mervyn Pratt, Cabra Castle, Kingscourt. Funeral at Kingscourt Church to-morrow (Saturday), 5th February, at 11.15 a.m.

RAEBURN—February 3, 1927, at Carrickmacross, Emily, widow of the late Richey Raeburn, aged 84 years. Funeral to God's Acre to-morrow (Saturday) morning at 11 o'clock. No flowers, by request.

RYAN—February 3, 1927, Teresa M., beloved wife of Dr. J. E. Ryan, Loughrea. Much regretted. R.I.P. Funeral at 4 o'clock to-day (Friday).

SMITH—February 3, 1927, at 17 Clarinda Park, West, Dun Laoghaire, Muriel Lucy, daughter of the late Henry Smith, M.D., Indian Medical Service. Funeral private.

STANUELL—February 2, 1927, at 16 Emperor's Gate, South Kensington, London, Charles Hill Stanuell, M.A., T.C.D., ex-President, Incorporated Law Society of Ireland, and late of Clyde road, Dublin.

STAPLETON—February 3, 1927, at her residence, 121 Strand road, Sandymount, Mary, beloved wife of James Stapleton. Funeral private. No flowers, please.

THOMPSON—February 1, 1927, at Wellington, New Zealand, William Henry, fourth son of the late William Thompson and Mrs. Thompson, Campsfield, Ballyfin, Queen's County, aged 54 years.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Miss Eustace, 12 Belmont avenue, Donnybrook, wishes to thank her many kind friends for their sympathy in her recent sad bereavement.

Mrs. H. E. McLinnan, Ulster Bank House, Naas, returns thanks to all kind friends who sent telegrams and letters of sympathy in her recent sorrow.

The family of the late **Mrs. Miller** wish to convey their sincere thanks to all those who sympathised with them in their recent sad bereavement and hope that this acknowledgment and appreciation will be accepted by all, as it would be impossible to reply to each individually.

Mrs. W. H. Palmer, Cloghane House, Westport, desires to thank the many kind friends who sympathised with her in her recent bereavement, and hopes that those friends to whom it is impossible to reply individually will accept this as an acknowledgment and appreciation of their sympathy.

Mr. and Mrs. Quinn and family, 31 Frankfort avenue, wish to return their sincerest thanks to all friends for their presence and kind messages of sympathy in their recent sad bereavement, and hope they will accept this grateful acknowledgment.

IN MEMORIAM.

BEATTIE—In loving memory of our dear father (late of Kilmainham), who passed away February 4th, 1920.

BRENNAN—In loving memory of our dear mother, Bessie Brennan, who entered into rest February 4th, 1907.

GRINDLE—In loving memory of Agnes, who died February 4th, 1914. Inserted by her loving parents and sister

"Only a little longer have we to trust and wait
Ere we reach the portals and pass the pearly gate."

Hear the shout of welcome from our dear one gone before.

In our Father's Mansion, Home for evermore."

HIGGINS—Second Anniversary—In ever-loving memory of our dear son, Willy J. Higgins, died February 4th, 1925. R.I.P.—Father and mother.

O'SULLIVAN—First Anniversary—In loving remembrance of Mr. Michael O'Sullivan, 29 Iona road, Glasnevin, who died 4th February, 1926. On whose soul, Sweet Jesus, have mercy.

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City of Paris	10,902	Feb. 14	Bombay & Karachi
City of Venice	8,308	Feb. 15	Colombo & Calcutta
City of London	8,956	Feb. 22	Bombay & Karachi
City of York	7,844	Mar. 12	Colombo & Calcutta
City of Hong Kong	9,678	Mar. 16	Bombay & Karachi
City of Benares	6,984	Mar. 24	Bombay & Karachi

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.
City of Alexandria..4,712 Feb. 18 | Cape Town, Algoa B.
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COBH TO CANADA.
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Melita .....Feb. 18 | Melita .....Mar. 18
Minnedosa .....Mar. 4 | Minnedosa .....April 1
LIVERPOOL TO SAINT JOHN, N.B.
Montclare .....Feb. 12 | Montcalm (B).....Feb. 25
Montrose (B)...Feb. 18 | Montnairn (B)..Mar. 4
(B) Via Belfast and Greenock.
SOUTHAMPTON TO SAINT JOHN, N.B.
VIA CHERBOURG.
Marloch .....Feb. 10
Melita (Via Queenstown) .....Mar. 17
Metagama .....Mar. 2
GLASGOW TO SAINT JOHN, N.B.
Montrose (Via Belfast) .....Feb. 19
Montcalm (Via Belfast) .....Feb. 26
JAPAN AND CHINA
SAILINGS FROM VANCOUVER.
Empress of Russia .....Mar. 19
NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA.
Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail Service from Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.
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ss. President Roosevelt .....Feb. 25th
ss. Republic .....Mar. 12th
ss. President Roosevelt .....Mar. 25th
ss. Republic .....Apl. 11th
ss. President Roosevelt .....Apl. 22nd
ss. Republic .....May 15th
COBH (QUEENSTOWN) TO BOSTON
ss. Republic .....Feb. 9th
ss. Republic .....Mar. 12th
ss. Republic .....Apl. 11th
ss. Republic .....May 15th
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Steamer.	Tons.	London.	Suez Calls.	Taking Pass'rs for
Ranpura	16,600	—	Feb. 11	Bombay & Karachi
¶Novara	7,000	Feb. 5	—	Colombo & Calcutta
¶Mooltan	21,000	Feb. 11	Feb. 18	Colombo & A'ralia
Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Feb. 18	Feb. 25	Bombay & Karachi
¶Comorin	15,000	Feb. 25	—	Colombo & A'ralia
¶Malwa	11,000	Feb. 25	Mar. 4	Strts. China, Japan
¶Venice	7,000	Mar. 4	Mar. 11	Bombay & Karachi
¶Khiva	9,000	Mar. 11	Mar. 18	Strts. China, Japan
Maloja	21,000	Mar. 11	Mar. 18	A'ralia, via Bjay
Nojumtaus	16,600	Mar. 18	Mar. 25	Bombay & Karachi
¶Moldavia	16,600	Mar. 25	—	Colombo & A'ralia
¶Morea	11,000	Mar. 25	Apr. 1	Strts. China, Japan
Razmak	10,600	—	Apr. 1	Bombay & Karachi
Jawajhindi	16,600	Apr. 1	Apr. 8	Bombay & Karachi
¶Nankin	7,000	Apr. 2	—	Colombo & C'utta

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Mandala	8,246	—	Feb. 5	Bombay & Karachi
Mantola	8,303	Feb. 5	Feb. 12	Madras & Calcutta
Marcha	8,968	Feb. 5	Feb. 18	East African Ports
Matiana	8,258	Feb. 19	Feb. 25	Bombay & Karachi
Morvada	8,900	Feb. 19	Feb. 26	Madras & Calcutta
Querimba	8,193	Mar. 5	Mar. 12	Madras & Calcutta
Modasa	1,696	Mar. 5	Mar. 12	Bombay & Karachi
Domala	9,070	Mar. 9	Mar. 18	East African Ports
Malda	8,441	Mar. 19	Mar. 26	Bombay & Karachi
Mulbera	8,900	Mar. 19	Mar. 26	Madras & Calcutta
Madura	9,100	April 5	April 15	East African Ports
Calls Malta.	8,975	April 30	May 13	East African Ports
		Calls Port Sudan.		¶Cargo Steamer.

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Niagara	Mar. 9	—
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Aorangi	April 6	—

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CONTRACTS.

CORPORATION OF DROGHEDA. WATER WORKS DEPARTMENT. New 9" Water Main from Mattock River, near Collon to Barnattin, together with tanks and other works incidental thereto.

The Corporation of Drogheda hereby invite Tenders from competent Contractors for laying a new 9-inch cast iron water main, about 8,200 yards lineal from the Mattock River near Collon to a point near Barnattin Reservoir together with a construction of Weirs, settling tanks and other works incidental thereto as set out in the plans, specification, and bills of quantities, prepared by the Engineer, Mr. P. H. McCarthy, M.I.C.E., M.Inst.C.E.I., 26 Lower Leeson street, Dublin, and which can be seen at the office of the undersigned or at the office of the Engineer during the usual office hours.

Alternative Tenders will be considered for:—
(a) Spun Pipes, all lead jointed.
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(c) Spun Pipes, 80 per cent. T. and B. and 20 per cent. S. and S.

Copies of the specification, schedules of quantities and forms of tender may be obtained from the undersigned or the Engineer on payment of a deposit of five guineas, which will be returned on receipt of a bona fide Tender and the return of all documents.

Tenders, with fully-priced bills of quantities, enclosed "Tender for New Water Main, etc.," to be addressed and delivered in sealed envelopes at the office of the undersigned not later than 11 o'clock a.m. on Monday, the 28th February, 1927.

Tenders to be filled in on the prescribed form, and to give the names of two solvent sureties willing to be bound jointly and severally with the contractor in the sum of £5,000 for the due performance of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted, and the Council will not be responsible for any expenses incurred by Contractors tendering. (By Order) JOSEPH CARR, Town Clerk. Town Clerk's Office, Courthouse, Drogheda. 3rd February, 1927.

COUNTY TIPPERARY, NORTH RIDING. TENDERS FOR PRINTING. The Council of the above County will, at their Meeting to be held in the Court House, Nenagh, on WEDNESDAY, 16th FEBRUARY, 1927, receive and consider Tenders for all Books, Forms, Circulars, Stationery, and General Printing in the County Secretary's and County Surveyor's Offices that may be required for two years from 1st April, 1927, to 31st March, 1929.

Tenders stating the names of two solvent sureties willing to enter into a Bond with the Council for the due performance of the Contract, will be received by me up to but not later than 4 p.m. on Tuesday, 15th February, 1927.

Specifications may be had on application to me and lists can be seen at my office on any day from this date to the date for lodging the Tenders.

By Order, R. B. BAYLY, County Secretary. County Council Offices, Nenagh, 1/2/'27.

THE Dublin Borough Commissioners invite Tenders for the supply of Hip, Sea and Fire Brigade Boots, also for Repairs to short boots and long boots, for a period of twelve months, commencing 1st April, 1927. Samples may be inspected at Cleansing Depot, Whitehorse Yard, Wineland street. Sealed Tenders, endorsed "Tender for Long Boots, etc.," addressed to the Dublin Borough Commissioners, must be delivered not later than 12 noon on 16th February, 1927. JOHN J. MURPHY, Town Clerk.

CORPORATION OF DUBLIN. TECHNICAL EDUCATION DEPARTMENT. EXTENSION OF MOTOR GARAGE. Tenders are invited for the Extension of the Motor Garage at the Technical Schools, Bolton street. Specifications and Drawings may be obtained on application to the Municipal Technical Schools, Bolton street. Tenders, marked "Extension of Motor Garage," to be addressed to the undersigned. L. E. O'CARROLL, B.A., B.L., Principal Executive Officer. Offices: Technical Schools, Bolton street, Dublin, 3rd February, 1927.

COUNTY COUNCIL OF KILDARE. TENDERS WANTED FOR PRINTING. The Tenders' Committee will, at their Meeting to be held at the Courthouse, Naas, on Wednesday, the 16th February, at 11.30 a.m., open and consider Tenders for the undermentioned works, as follows:—

To execute all County Printing for a period of one year, from the 1st April, 1927. Cost not to exceed £1,200 per annum.

The specification prepared by the County Surveyor, and Samples of the different Books, Forms and other documents, will be open for inspection at the Officers of the County Council on any day, Sunday excepted, up to and including Tuesday, the 15th February, 1927.

Tenders must be on the printed Forms to be had on application to the Secretary, and every Tender must be signed by the person making it, and enclosed in a sealed envelope and addressed to the Presiding Chairman, c/o The Secretary, Kildare County Council, Courthouse, Naas, and endorsed "Tender for Printing," and shall be lodged with the undersigned at the said Offices not later than 4 p.m. on Tuesday, the 15th February, 1927.

Tenders will also be received for Advertising in papers selected for the purpose by the County Council.

Intending contractors and their sureties must attend in person.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

By Order, W. E. COFFEY, Secretary. 16th January, 1927. Courthouse, Naas.

COALS.

WALLACE BROS., LTD. CITY PRICES:
BEST COAL ..... 54/- per ton.
WIGAN COAL ..... 50/- "
KITCHEN COAL ... 46/- "
All Coals screened and free from Slack. Delivered within Old City Boundary. 2/- PER TON DISCOUNT FOR CASH. WITH ORDER. Small extra charge on deliveries outside city, and on quantities less than one ton.
ANTHRACITE (Beans AND NUTS) AND COKE.
23 WESTMORELAND STREET.

COALS.
BEST COALS ..... 46/- per Ton.
BEST WIGAN ..... 44/- "
SECOND WIGAN ..... 42/- "
BEST KITCHEN ..... 40/- "
BEST SLACK ..... 30/- "
Delivered 8 Miles Free. Picked and Screened in 10-Stone Bags. All Best English Guaranteed.
BURKE & SONS, 10 AND 11 ERNE STREET. Phone—62585.

BELFAST READERS. The Irish Times is due to arrive in Belfast at 9.10 a.m. If it is not delivered within a reasonable time please communicate with our Branch Office, 139 Royal Avenue.

"CHEVROLET" CHEAPER, QUICKER, SURER TRANSPORT!

20/25 Cwt. Lorry, with drop sides	£217 10 0
20/25 Cwt. Box Van	£232 10 0
10 Cwt. Lt. Delivery Van	£165 0 0

Freight Extra. For Prices, DEMONSTRATIONS, particulars, apply to the DISTRIBUTORS: R. W. ARCHER & CO., DUBLIN.

IF EVERY BUSINESS MAN IN DUBLIN POSSESSED AN AUSTIN "SEVEN," and used it during the day—Dublin would be at once the smartest city in Europe as well as the cleanest—and the business man would do more business and waste less time. The Ausin "Seven" justifies plain talk. Come and see it. Open Touring Car £168 Plus Freight. Saloon £197 Plus Freight. Distributors: LINCOLN AND NOLAN, LTD., 57 and 58 Lower Baggot street, Dublin. Phone Dublin 61943. Wires Lincolan Dublin.

Great Care is taken that Advertisements in all parts of this paper Appear Correctly; but no Liability is undertaken for any Error in or Omission of any Advertisement, and the Proprietors Reserve the Right to Omit or Alter any Advertisement, No Matter where or by Whom Accepted.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SMALL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS. (PREPAID)
12 Words or under, 1/-
Every succeeding Word One Penny.
4 consecutive insertions FOR price of 3

This concession does not apply to Advertisements set in display form or placed contrary to our classification lines.
Box Office address counts as three words if replies are to be called for at Head Office, or, if they are sent by post or called for at any Branch Office, as four words. Postage extra.
Advertisements not prepaid will be charged at a minimum of 3/- per insertion.
Publication of these Advertisements is not guaranteed on any particular day.
TRADE AND "MATRIMONIAL" ADVERTISEMENTS IN THESE COLUMNS 1/ PER LINE.

SITUATIONS VACANT.
ORIGINAL Testimonials should not be enclosed with Replies to Advertisements.
24/11/25

IRISH TIMES, LTD., WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Telephone Nos. 3036-7037.
BRANCH OFFICES:
RATHMINES—Castlewood Avenue. 'Phone—Rathmines 951
BELFAST—139 Royal Avenue.....'Phone 1787
CORK—33 Marlboro' Street.....'Phone 1787
LONDON—59 Fleet Street, E.C.4.....Central 4350
MANCHESTER—24 Market Place.....City 3084

LOST AND FOUND.

ABOUT 10 days ago, Pair of ordinary Spectacles; also Silver Crest Brooch; reward.—77 Pembroke road. 3 B

DIAMOND and Opal Ring Lost, Grafton street, afternoon, 2nd February. Address "Z 4026, Ring," this office. 3 F

FOUND on Palmerston road, Airedale Terrier. Owner can have same on giving description.—Y 999, this office. 31 E

LOST, Loose Pocket, containing bunch of keys and one single key. Reward, 22 Harcourt terrace, Adelaide road. 3 F

STRAYED from Kingstown yesterday, Kerry Blue Dog (Black), answers "Dick"; reward.—38 Monkstown road, Monkstown. Police notified.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAYS.
CLERK OF WORKS WANTED.
Applications are invited from competent persons with considerable previous experience in a similar capacity for the post of Clerk of Works on a new Hotel at Sligo, at an inclusive salary of £6 10s. 0d. per week.
Applications should be posted so as to reach the undersigned not later than the first post on Wednesday, 9th February.
Each application should state applicant's age, trade, and particulars of previous experience as Clerk of Works, and be accompanied by copies of not more than three testimonials from Architects under whom he has carried out work.
C. E. RILEY, Secretary. Kingsbridge Station Dublin. February, 1927. 2 F

ABERTH as Sanitary Inspector, Lady Health Visitor, Rate Collector, Secretary, Bookkeeper or Accountant will

Motor Matters, Cycles, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

ANY make of Car supplied for cash or on instalments.—Woods, Westland Row. T

WE have a few Secondhand Cars, which are being offered at very tempting prices. See them.—Lincoln and Nolan, Ltd, 57 and 58 Lower Baggot street, Dublin. T

SUNBEAM AND ANSALDO CARS
DISTRIBUTOR:
T. J. ROGERS, 42/5 5TH. KING STREET, DUBLIN. T

FIAT, TRIUMPH, PEUGEOT,
Authorized Agents:
ANDREW J. DOYLE, 51 8th. King st. T

AUSTIN "12" Tourer, All Weather equipment, small mileage, owner driven; tax paid; excellent condition.—Mulholland, 8a Lower Mount street, Dublin. 31 E

ARMSTRONG Siddeley 4 door Saloon, fully equipped and in splendid condition; six months' works guarantee given; will Sell cheap; seen any time.—Armstrong Siddeley Works, Upper Dominick street, Dublin. 21 F

ANYONE wishing to purchase a new Car would probably benefit by replying, Y 1099, this office. 1 F

ALBERT 10 h.p. in good order, self starter, electric light; price £95.—68 Leinster road, Rathmines. 2 A

CITROEN De Luxe, 1924 Four Seater, perfect condition; first cheque £103. Seen 32 Moyne road. 1 F

CITROEN De Luxe, 1926, new; mileage 1,500; taxed end March, insured end September.—Brogan, Fairview avenue. 3 B

DAIMLER Landaulette, in perfect condition, suit hire work. Seen City Wheel Works, Ltd., Pearse street, Dublin. 16 T

DE Dion 1923 12 H.P. 2 Seater Model, splendid running order and condition, entirely owner driven, insured, owner buying new Morris Car.—G. A. Brittain, Ltd., 4/15 Lincoln place, Dublin. 31 E

DE Luxe Tourer Overland, late 1925, Spot lamp, automatic wiper, perfect order, owner driven; seen Dublin by appointment.—Y 1100, this office. 1 F

FOR Sale, a magnificent 1925 Talbot Darracq Saloon, 12-30 h.p., privately owned and in perfect order, practically as good as new; a great chance for anyone wanting a first class Secondhand Saloon Car; licence duty only £12 per year. Inspection invited and a trial given at Messrs. Cahill Brothers, 19 and 20 Denzille street, Dublin. 'Phone 62074. 28 E

FIAT 15/20 Five Seater, English body, new Chrysler Model 70 De Luxe, done 600 miles demonstration; must clear both cars. What offers? Address "Z 3976, Motor" this office. 1 F

FOR Sale, Rover 8 h.p. Four Seater (1924), excellent condition, complete, self starter, etc.; bargain, £80 or nearest; taxed to March.—Y 1171, this office. 2 A

FOR Sale, one 12-20 h.p. 1925 Peugeot Five Seater Tourer, privately used, in perfect condition, £150 or nearest offer. Write John Gilbride, Bridge street, Sligo. 1 F

FOR Sale, Fiat Landaulette, 15 h.p.; perfect condition; pass for street taxi with slight alteration; price £75.—Y 1219, this office. 1 F

FOR Sale, Standard 11 h.p. small Four Seater, 1924; in perfect running order; tax paid to end of year. Address "Z 4050, Motor," this office. 3 F

GUARANTEED—Secondhand Cars—1926, 14 Armstrong Siddeley Cotswold Tourer; 1924, 14 Armstrong Siddeley Cotswold Tourer, six months' mechanical guarantee; 1925, 14 h.p. Vauxhall, 12 h.p. Mental, burgess engine, three months' mechanical guarantee; seen any time.—Express Auto Co., 52 Dawson street, Dublin. 28 E

HOOPS, Side Screens and Motor Upholstery.—F. O'Brien, Pleasants street off Camden street, and 52 Merrion square (rear). 26 15

MORRIS-COWLEY 1926 Saloon Model, excellent condition, completely equipped in every respect, entirely owner driven, tax paid, owner purchasing Morris-Oxford Model. Seen by appointment.—G. A. Brittain, Ltd., 4/15 Lincoln place, Dublin. 31 E

SUNBEAM Touring Car, running order, sacrifice £20; also Essex Touring Car, self starter, electric light, £40.—18 Stamer street.

TALBOT 1923 12 h.p. model, splendid condition, electric light, self starter, fixed side curtains, two spare wheels, tax £16; going £125; any reasonable offer of inspection given.—Carton's Motor Works, Newtownbarry, Wexford. 2 E

14 H.P. Five Seated Vulcan, engine in perfect condition, new tyres; make good lorry.—Y 1083, this office. 1 F

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

1924 OVERLAND De Luxe, good order, taxed March; £80; 1921 Overland, Standard Model, taxed December; £45.—Callow, 44 Westland row.

WANTED.

WANTED, Light 2 and 4 Seater Cars; purchased for cash, sold on commission, or taken in part exchange; almost any make of new car supplied.—J. Fitzgerald, 126 Stephen's Green. 2 A

GARAGE ACCOMMODATION AND REPAIRS.

GARAGE, rear of 23 Harcourt street; telephone, concrete floor, electric light, etc. 3 B

GARAGE, Private Lock-Up.—148 Leinster road. 3 B

MOTORS Overhauled, Broken Castings Welded, Crank Shafts Trued, Machining and Fitting carefully carried out by us.—Manager, Lissadell, Sligo. T

RUTLAND lane—Room two cars, private Garage; water.—Y 1045, this office. 1 F

SECTIONAL Motor Houses, wood, iron, and composite. Lists free.—Clare and Sons, Foxrock, Dublin. 21 F 12 2

MOTOR CYCLES.

A1—1926 Models selling below English retail prices; 1927 models now booking. Call or apply for Catalogues; Sunbeams, New Imperials, Diamonds, P. and M. etc.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon street, off Grafton street. T

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern street (opposite Four Courts); new garage. T

A.J.S. 2½, late 1926; tax, insured; as new, £35 cash.—Y 1302, this office. 3 F

NORTON—A complete range of new Models and Sidecars on view. Ask for particulars of easy payments.—Kelly, Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 22 3

ROVER, 3½, perfect; any trial; cheap. Seen Sturdee's Garage, Castlewood place, Rathmines. 1 F

4 H.P. Countershaft Triumph, leg shields, footboards, belt guard, accumulator light, mechanically very sound, £30.—Y 1027, this office. 1 F

1925 P. Triumph, perfect condition, lamp, horn; mileage 1,000; £40, best offer. Address "Z 3949, Triumph," this office. 31 E

1926 2½ O.H.V. Rex Acme, £45; as new; thoroughly sound condition.—11 Charleston avenue, Ranelagh. 1 F

WANTED.

MOTOR Cycle and Side Car Wanted; must be modern and moderate price; give full particulars and lowest cash price.—Y 1185 this office. 2 A

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

A.E.C., like new, £250; Halford, £140; Garner, £100. Instalments arranged.—Woods', Westland Row.

COMMER Cars can now be obtained on the Hire Purchase System. Apply Collier, Main street, Bray, Co. Wicklow. T

REO "Horse Earn the Money. They are renowned for speed, safety, and reliability. 4 and 6 Cylinder Chassis and Bodies can be inspected in Irish Free State at Messrs. Byrne and Maguire, Dublin street, Dundalk, or in Northern Ireland at auctioneer's Coach Works, Dover street, Belfast. Photos, catalogues, and full particulars as to price (easy payment terms arranged) can be had on application to The Reo Agent, 77 May street, Belfast. 28 E

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

A TYRE of any make costs less in Dublin than it does in Euston road, London.—Sinclair, 35 Westland Row, Dublin. 'Phone, 62749; telegrams, "Motortyres." 21 F

GENUINE "Bosch" Z. U. 4 Magneto, very little used, cheap.—At Keating's Motor Works, 32/33 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. 2 A

BICYCLES.

A1—SELECT your Bicycle for the New Year from amongst our stock of Sunbeams, Sparkbrooks, Centaurs, etc. Payments arranged to suit purchaser.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon street, off Grafton street. T

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED.

LADY requires competent Person, in Rathgar, to drive motor car occasionally; state terms, experience, and references.—Y 1177, this office. 2 A

WANTED, Motor Driver, with knowledge of Clontarf, Marino districts. Apply, with reference, to Bailey's, Phibsborough.

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR—Mrs. T. Boylan can thoroughly recommend her Chauffeur, who has been with her for sixteen years; excellent driver and mechanic. Apply Mr. John Littlefield, Hilltown, Drogheda.

MOTOR Driver, private or commercial, seeks position, town or country; generally useful; age 22. Protestant. T.T.; references. Address John Ferguson, Lyons, Straffan, Co. Kildare. 1 F

TUITIONS CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

ACCOUNTANTS (Incorporated) Preliminary—Mr. J. Farrell, only Dublin success. Pharmaceutical—Miss Fitzpatrick, Nurse Cannon, Trinity Exhibitioner; Messrs. J. Barry, M. Griffin, J. Ryan. Surgeons'—Mr. J. Maguire. Solicitors'—Messrs. Russell and Hughes. All the above candidates of note successful at attempt.—Belmont College, Dawson street, Dublin. 'Phone 2585. 2 A

COMPETENT Teacher gives Lessons, Charleston, Foxtrot, Waltz.—Daily—Welch, Properly Complete, 6 Upper O'Connell street, Dublin. 29 F

EXAMINATIONS—Mr. John Irvine, ex-Scholar, B.A., prepares for Universities, Surgeons', Solicitors', Pharmaceutical, etc.—9 Mountpleasant square, Ranelagh. 3 B

GOVERNESS, R.C., desires engagement, Daily or Resident; excellent musical references; music, French, usual subjects.—Y 952, this office. 31 F

OUTDOOR Photography for Amateurs—How to attain correct exposure. See the Photographic Feature in this week's Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence, all newsagents. 1 F

PIANOFORTE—Lady has vacancy for pupils; terms very moderate, monthly or weekly.—Y 1269, this office. 1 F

POST required by Graduate (Honours), morning hours, teaching or otherwise. Address "Z 4030, Post," this office. 3 F

RAPID Grinds in Shorthand, Typewriting; moderate.—9 Emorville avenue, South Circular road. 1 F

SHORTHAND, Typewriting—Personal Tuitions; very rapid results; moderate.—Murphy, 10 Appian Way. 12 24

THE Ranch of Mystery—Read this week's exciting instalment of "The Necklace in the Desert," the new serial, in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence, at all newsagents. 1 F

WIRELESS Set as Loud-Speaking Telephone—For construction of this wireless novelty see the illustrated article in the Wireless Page of the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence, at all newsagents. 1 F

YOUNG Lady, highly recommended, residing in Rathgar, wishes to receive Pupils (beginners), for lessons daily; careful attention; moderate fees.—Y 1265, this office.

YOUR Character will be delineated from your Handwriting by an Expert in the "Weekly Irish Times." See to-day's issue. Price twopence. 1 F

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

AGENT FOR GOVERNESSES AND SCHOOLS.—Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton street, Dublin. Advises Parents and Managers. Tel. No. 5268.

WANTED, First Lessons for two children and backward boy, Donnybrook district.—Y 959, this office. 31 E

WANTED, Governess for boy, of six, two hours daily, Monday, Lovell Butt, Ardmeen, Newtown Park, Blackrock.

WANTED, Grind for Trinity College Entrance; state terms.—Y 1221, this office.

WANTED, French and German Lessons, Pembroke district, evening.—551, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

A YOUNG Man seeks employment; do Papering, Painting, Repairs.—Y 902, this office. 31 E

CLERGYMAN'S Daughter, young, desires post as Companion or Nursery Governess. Address "Z 3935, Governess," this office. 31 E

CONFECTIONERY—Young Lady, at present engaged in good class trade, wishes to hear of vacancy; highly recommended.—Y 995, this office. 1 F

CARPENTER, first class; understands all kinds of machinery, farm implements, and repairs.—Y 980, this office. 1 F

CONFECTIONER—Young Man, 10 years' experience, disengaged; wages moderate. Address "Z 4036, Man" this office.

COPYING Neat first class, Ladies', Gents' and Breeches—Practical Man, age 37, Continental and London experience, desirous of making change; can bring own connection; Dublin preferred.—Y 1294, this office. 3 B

DRESSMAKER wants work ladies' houses; experienced, quick; loose covers.—Y 1117, this office. 3 B

EX-DISTRICT Inspector, R.I.C., seeks Clerical position trust, keeping accounts, Secretary, Shorthand Typist; moderate salary.—Y 1212, this office.

GENTLEMAN, with long business experience, seeks post of any kind; small salary accepted.—Y 1178, this office. 1 F

HOUSEKEEPER requires post in college, institution, or gentleman's residence; thoroughly experienced.—Y 1017, this office. 1 F

HIGHLY respectable Protestant desires situation as Housekeeper or Cook; Belfast preferred; highly recommended.—Y 1233, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER, to one or two gentlemen or widower; would go as Nurse Attendant; highly recommended.—Y 921, this office.

LADY Typist, Office work in general, desires post; moderate salary.—Y 910, this office. 31 E

LAD, 24, seeks situation; T.T., honest; any sort of work in city, or mind motor car and garden for gentleman; good reference.—Y 1245, this office.

LITTLE Girl, 14, wishes to Serve in Shop.—549, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge.

LADY Housekeeper (40), good cook, capable manageress, needlewoman, would keep house widower and care motherless children.—Y 1305, this office.

RESPECTABLE Country Girl wishes to Confectionery, etc.; little experience.—25 Thomas street, Dublin. 3 B

RAILWAYS and Delivery Clerk seeks position, Northern Ireland or England; highest references.—Y 1280, this office. 3 B

TWO Sisters seek situations, Caretakers, offices or house in flats.—553, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge.

WANTED, position as Lady Help; 14 years last place; I.C.—Y 1246, this office.

WANTED, post as Lady Help, I.C.; plain cooking; could housekeep; experienced. Address "Z 4035, Help," this office. 3 B

YOUNG Man, 13 years' experience, desires position in Bar or Grocery; capable of taking charge; highest references. Address "Z 3958, Man," this office. 1 F

YOUNG Girl, over three years' experience Bar and tipstery, desires change; highest reference from present and former employer.—Y 997, this office. 1 F

YOUTH (17), college and commercial training, desires post in Office; willing to start with small salary.—Y 1222, this office.

YOUNG Lady desires Companion Help or Governess post; good needlewoman; outdoor. Address "Z 4010, Lady," this office.

£20 TO anyone who secures situation of trust for young Man; excellent reference.—Y 1291, this office. 16 4

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

CAREFUL, capable Hand required; one who understands his duties; send copies of discharges.—Y 1205, this office. 2 A

GENERAL Farm Hand required, knowledge sheep and cattle; married no family preferred; comfortable job.—Y 1224, this office. 31 E

WANTED, Protestant Pensioner to Caretake demesne, stop trespass, wood cutting etc.; house, garden, wood for fuel, grass of cow, and six shillings weekly. Address "Z 4016, Pensioner," this office. 2 E

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS WANTED.

FORESTER—Wanted, Working Foreman; experienced in nursery, planting, and felling of timber. State age, experience, and wages required to the Secretary, Lismore Estates Company, Lismore, Co. Waterford. 2 F

GARDEN Labourer Wanted for Stillorgan, single, or married without family; must be well recommended and have experience.—Y 1285, this office. 3 B

WANTED, Caretaker Gardener and wife to care furnished house. Send copies of references, state wages to Mansfield, Naas.

WANTED, good Plain Gardener for County Westmeath; married. Send copies of references to "Z 3990, Gardener," this office. 1 F

MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

A LADY strongly recommends married Man for General Outdoor Work.—Y 940, this office. 31 E

A NUMBER Protestant, R.C. Butlers, Footmen, Pantry Boys.—Kennedy's, 68 Sackville street. T

HERD, Yard Man, thoroughly understands dairy, cows, calves, milk; wife take dairy; good references. Address "Z 4000, Man," this office. 2 A

HERD, married, thorough knowledge of cattle and sheep; generally useful; experience; highly recommended. Address "Z 4035, Herd," this office.

REFINED young Man, excellent Cook, would go large house or small place, would look after boy; highly in country or city; excellent references; at present engaged.—Y 1012 this office. 1 E

YOUNG Man, indoor servant, or generally useful outdoor; experienced.—Y 1129, this office. 2 E

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

FARMER'S Son, R.C., 27, seeks position as Steward; thoroughly competent in all branches; ten years' experience in buying and selling; strict T.T.; highest references. Address "Z 4055, Steward," this office. 3 B

GARDENER, Head (Working); active man, married; highest references.—W. Mackey's, Upper O'Connell street, Dublin. 31 E

GARDENER (Head Working); active man, age 31, married, no family; highest references.—W. J. Mackey's, Ltd., 23 Upper O'Connell street, Dublin. 2 A

GARDENER (Dublin) seeks situation; experienced all branches; unmarried, age 45; wages £2 10s.—weekly (indoor); highest references. Address "Z 4053, Gardener," this office. 3 F

GARDENER—Experienced, married, hardworking Man seeks employment; usually steady; highly recommended. Address "Z 4054, Gardener," this office. 3 F

GARDENER requires permanent post or daily Work; good man. Apply Dickson, Dawson street.

GARDENER (Head), hard working, practical man, indoor and out; married; highest references.—14, Wilder's Office, Bray. 3 F

GOOD Working Gardener and General Man seeks situation; understands all branches of gardening, milker; wife laundry. Address "Z 4066, Gardener," this office.

LAND Steward, shortly disengaged, seeks similar or any position of trust; thoroughly qualified, all branches, mixed farming, estate management, accounts, handling of men, buying, selling; excellent character; highly recommended. Address "Z 4007, Steward," this office. 2 F

LADY Gardener requires work, near Dublin.—Y 1279, this office. 3 B

PLAIN Gardener or General Man wants employment. House Repairs; middleaged, single; can milk.—Gardener, 34 Rugby road, Ranelagh, Dublin.

SITUATION Wanted as Steward, Gardener, Caretaker; I.C., married.—Y 1110, this office. 1 F

GENERALS WANTED.

GENERAL Wanted, good plain cook, young; well recommended. Apply Mrs. Pennefather, Marlow, Gould's Cross, Co. Tipperary. 31 E

GENERAL Wanted, 17th February; two servants kept; small family, Eglinton road; state wages. Y 1179, this office. 2 E

NOTICE.

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this paper great care should be taken to include the catch word, when same is given, after the Office Number, thus:—"Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

RESPECTABLE Girl Wanted as General; happy home, good outfittings. Full particulars Mrs. Thomas, 123 Upper Clapton road, London. 1 F

REQUIRED, young girl to train as General and Mother's Help in comfortable home, Terenure district; must be good tempered and anxious to please; first class training for suitable applicant; state lowest wages expected.—Y 1264, this office. 3 F

STRONG young General Wanted for Howth; good wages. Meet lady, Saturday, 3 o'clock, 75 St. Lawrence road, Clontarf.

SUPERIOR young General Wanted, daily; good cook essential. Call before one to-day, or Saturday after seven, 20 Upper Bagot street.

STEADY young General Wanted; also Nurserymaid; must understand sewing. Apply 65 Lower Leeson street.

TRAINED General Wanted; washing; Clontarf; £24. Y 957, this office. 31 E

TWO Generals Wanted, house and pantry, small school; Irish employer; £38; fare advanced.—Rector, Comberford, Tamlaght. 2 A

WANTED, reliable young General; no washing; indoor or outdoor.—76 Serpentine avenue, Ballsbridge.

WANTED, experienced Protestant General, 35-40; good cook; family two; good outings, state age and wages.—Y 978, this office. 31 E

WANTED, smart young General; good plain cook; no washing or scrubbing; small family. Apply, after 7, 1 Vesey terrace, Rathgar. 1 F

WANTED, good young General, Anglesea road, Donnybrook; £30 to £36; send copies.—Y 1141, this office. 2 E

WANTED, Servant, Protestant, one lady; reference.—The Great Britain, Bray. 2

WANTED, reliable General, Co Kildare; wages £20.—Y 1276, this office. 3 F

WANTED, good, reliable General, small family. Call after seven, Dugort, Terenure road.

WANTED for Palmerston, reliable, smart General; sent at table; small family; second maid kept; send copies references; wages £24 to £30.—E 0 1840, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 3 F

DOMESTICS WANTED.

HELP—Young Girl required, indoor, Ballsbridge district; send copies references.—Y 1211, this office. 3 F

MAID Wanted; comfortable home, small family; best wages.—192 Whitechapel road, London, E.1.

WANTED, superior Girl for domestic work, age 25-27; four in family; no washing; wages £34; references required. Apply to Mrs. Livesey, The Laurels, Leyland, Lancs.

WANTED, strong Girl, train house work; honest, non-smoker.—537, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge.

WANTED, a young Girl for Daily Work, Sunday excluded; two in family; must have references.—543, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge.

WANTED, a thorough experienced Head Sailroom Maid for a first class Hotel (Dublin); able to take charge. Address, with full particulars, "Z 3945, Maid," this office. 31 E

WANTED, immediately, experienced Cook Generals, House Parlourmaids, Generals, London suburbs' wages £34-£48. Write particulars, with copies of references, Mrs. West, Domestic Agency, 40 St. James' place, Plumstead, London. 3 B

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

COOK General Wanted immediately; must be well recommended. Apply 3 Appian Way. 2 E

GOOD Cook General Wanted for Killiney; family 3; good wages.—O 89, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 2 A

GOOD Plain Cook and experienced Housemaid Wanted; parlourmaid kept; good references; state wages.—Mrs. Satterthwaite, Stonehurst, Buxton, Derbyshire, England.

GOOD Cook Wanted; must be highly recommended; dairy. Reply, stating age, wages, and with reference, "Z 4028, Cook," this office. 3 B

IRISH Lady, in Yorkshire, wants a very good Cook (general); two in family; other maid is kept; separate bedrooms; excellent place for nice girl, but must have good references. Address "Z 3965, Cook General," this office.

WANTED for country residence, good Cook General; send copies references; wages £30 to £40. Address "Z 3979, Cook," this office. 1 E

WANTED, a good Cook.—R. Longfield, Esq., Longueville, Mallow, Co. Cork. 3 B

WANTED, experienced young Cook General; three in family; wages £30 to £36; vicinity Merrion.—548, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge. 3 F

WANTED at end of month, first class Cook with good references.—Miss French, Cuskinny, Cobh. 3 B

DOMESTICS WANTED.

HELP—Young Girl required, indoor, Ballsbridge district; send copies references.—Y 1211, this office. 3 F

MAID Wanted; comfortable home, small family; best wages.—192 Whitechapel road, London, E.1.

WANTED, superior Girl for domestic work, age 25-27; four in family; no washing; wages £34; references required. Apply to Mrs. Livesey, The Laurels, Leyland, Lancs.

WANTED, strong Girl, train house work; honest, non-smoker.—537, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge.

WANTED, a young Girl for Daily Work, Sunday excluded; two in family; must have references.—543, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge.

WANTED, a thorough experienced Head Sailroom Maid for a first class Hotel (Dublin); able to take charge. Address, with full particulars, "Z 3945, Maid," this office. 31 E

WANTED, immediately, experienced Cook Generals, House Parlourmaids, Generals, London suburbs' wages £34-£48. Write particulars, with copies of references, Mrs. West, Domestic Agency, 40 St. James' place, Plumstead, London. 3 B

YOUNG Man, indoor servant, or generally useful outdoor; experienced.—Y 1129, this office. 2 E

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

FARMER'S Son, R.C., 27, seeks position as Steward; thoroughly competent in all branches; ten years' experience in buying and selling; strict T.T.; highest references. Address "Z 4055, Steward," this office. 3 B

GARDENER, Head (Working); active man, married; highest references.—W. Mackey's, Upper O'Connell street, Dublin. 31 E

GARDENER (Head Working); active man, age 31, married, no family; highest references.—W. J. Mackey's, Ltd., 23 Upper O'Connell street, Dublin. 2 A

GARDENER (Dublin) seeks situation; experienced all branches; unmarried, age 45; wages £2 10s.—weekly (indoor); highest references. Address "Z 4053, Gardener," this office. 3 F

GARDENER—Experienced, married, hardworking Man seeks employment; usually steady; highly recommended. Address "Z 4054, Gardener," this office. 3 F

GARDENER requires permanent post or daily Work; good man. Apply Dickson, Dawson street.

GARDENER (Head), hard working, practical man, indoor and out; married; highest references.—14, Wilder's Office, Bray. 3 F

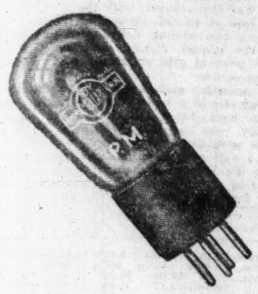
GOOD Working Gardener and General Man seeks situation; understands all branches of gardening, milker; wife laundry. Address "Z 4066, Gardener," this office.

LAND Steward, shortly disengaged, seeks similar or any position of trust; thoroughly qualified, all branches, mixed farming, estate management, accounts, handling of men, buying, selling; excellent character; highly recommended. Address "Z 4007, Steward," this office. 2 F

LADY Gardener requires work, near Dublin.—Y 1279, this office. 3 B

PLAIN Gardener or General Man wants employment. House Repairs; middleaged, single; can milk.—Gardener, 34 Rugby road, Ranelagh, Dublin.

SITUATION Wanted as Steward, Gardener, Caretaker; I.C., married.—Y 1110, this office. 1 F



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For 4-volt accumulator or 3 dry cells
THE P.M.3 (General Purpose) 0·2 amp. 15/6
THE P.M.4 (Power 0·1 amp. 20/3
For 6-volt accumulator or 4 dry cells
THE P.M.5x (General Purpose) 0·2 Amp. 15/6
THE P.M.6 (Power) 0·1 amp. 20/3
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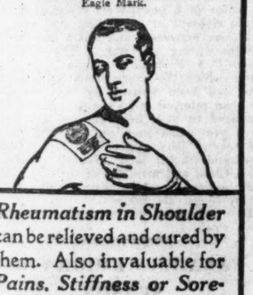

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Books of the Week.

FOUR BOOKS OF TRAVEL.

KENYA, ASHANTI, THE SUDAN, AND KAMCHATKA.

ALL lovers of travel books are familiar with the handsome series published by Messrs. Seeley, Service and Company. Not merely does the series include several of the most notable travel volumes of recent times, but every book is written by an eminent authority, and illustrated with photographs and maps. Every book is, in fact, the last word upon its particular theme. Four new volumes appear this week.

SAVAGE KENYA.

KENYA is the newest of colonial lands, and the name suggests thinly-populated uplands of fair climate, yielding their virgin soil to the plough and promising happiness to tens of thousands of young settlers from Europe. Within its borders, however, a savage life survives. District Commissioner Massam describes the Elgeyo tribe which dwells in mountainous reserves the asylum of a harried people. These are black, unlovely folk, inferior in physique, and feebly responsive to the precepts of civilisation. Among them totemism dominates behaviour. To have intercourse with a forbidden totemic group is to become an outcast. The women recognise their husband's right to use a small cane upon them, but where ill-treatment is more serious they go home to their fathers and a gift of a goat or two to the old man may be necessary to secure the return of a fugitive spouse.

THE BLACK SUDAN.

IN the Sudan there are equally barbarous tribes, dwelling in swamps, dense forests, and in desert places. These are described by Mr. C. W. Domville-Fife, a seasoned author of travel books, who tells "of their manner of living, secret societies and mysterious and barbaric rites." In the territories which these folk inhabit ivory-raiding from the turbulent Abyssinian highlands is common. The raiders sweep down, fire the jungle, and shoot down the stampeded elephants. The natives often are forced, on threat of slavery, to assist the raiders—and often (since they are an unarmed race) they are victims of slavers.

Totemistic rites are gross, and often obscure in significance. At the age of twelve four centre teeth in the lower jaw are extracted with a fish spear. "I was told that this is to enable food to be scooped up on the finger and easily placed in the mouth; but another explanation, given to me by a Syrian doctor, is that it enables the Dinka language—a kind of hissing whisper—to be more easily spoken." The author himself thinks that the custom really is a traditional safeguard against death by lockjaw, a malady prevalent in that country. There is a description of ritual orgies by moonlight, in which the terror culminates with the author's account of his narrow escape from slaughter by the drunken savages—a piece of writing that brings home with shocking vividness the horror of that barbaric life.

ASHANTI.

ON the other side of Africa we are taken among savages of a higher stage of development — superior in physique (as the splendid photographs of these ebony giants reveal) and in mentality. District Commissioner Cardinall writes this "record of a resident magistrate's many years in tropical Africa, his arduous and dangerous treks both in the course of his duty and in pursuit of big game, with descriptions of the people, their manner of living and the wonderful ways of beasts and insects." Having quoted this "sub-title," which so keenly whets the interest, it is almost unnecessary to say more about the book than that it fulfils its promise. Mr. Cardinall has, perhaps, a less familiar gift of narrative than Mr. Domville-Fife, whose book reads like a novel; but he tells us of a more interesting country. Ashanti is, economically and politically, a land of importance. It also is a land full of romantic colour. Here are the young men, dancing their secret society dances; here are youths going out with nets for "company" fishing, and here are warriors, cutting each other's tonsures with European razors.

Mr. Cardinal's book is of serious anthropological importance. He translates folk-lore. He tells how Ashanti mothers play with their babies' toes—not, indeed, humming "This little pig went to the market," but telling how the little toe is chief, and the big toe the slave that does all the work. The children have counting-out games closely similar to "Eena, meena, mina, mo."

Among the Ashanti riddles is this: "There is on the road to Dagbon, a large pot. Everyone who passes casts therein a cowrie (shell), yet the pot is never full." The answer is: "That is the ear; for everyone tells it something and it never grows weary."

IN FAR KAMCHATKA.

FROM tropical Africa we are carried across a continent to bleak Kamchatka. Dr. Sten Bergman describes travels by dog sled and skis through hitherto almost unexplored country. His photographs reveal scenery of cold and majestic splendour, and a homely, droll, broad-faced people, befurred and smiling. Both men and women wear combination suits, without pockets. The houses in which they take refuge from snowstorms are built by the women only—and the work takes only a couple of hours: a fact that should be of interest to housing contractors.

The author and his wife were entertained by the Japanese director of a Kamchatkan factory. He wrote "touchingly friendly little letters in a mixture of English, Russian and Japanese," and would follow up his invitations by sending his "dog-express" for his visitors. Everything that his guests praised he pressed upon them, and "at last we became almost afraid to look or point at anything, and we had to go home lest he should bestow the entire factory on us."

The expedition described was financed by the Swedish Geographical Society, and the specimens—zoological and botanical—collected are lodged in the Swedish National Museum.

"The Cliff Dwellers of Kenya." By J. A. Massam. "Savage Life in the Black Sudan." By C. W. Domville-Fife. "In Ashanti and Beyond." By A. W. Cardinall. "Through Kamchatka by Dog-Sled and Skis." By Sten Bergman. London: Seeley, Service. 21/- net apiece.

"Harvest" is a collection of tales about the Allied occupation of the Rhine. It spares us nothing in gruesome accounts of the conduct of the Senegalese troops and of the plight of the German civil population. The author depicts, indeed, not without fine sympathy, the reaction by which war-time hatred yields to compassion, but his themes demand, if any treatment at all, a larger and stronger treatment by some master of tragedy. As a vivid piece of descriptive work, however, the book is quite remarkable.

"Harvest." By Peter Deane. Hodder and Stoughton. 7/6 net.

We are introduced to the young barbarian, orphaned as a boy and deserted by his father's small clan. He has a fanatical faith in his own destiny, and by dogged courage overcomes his captors, musters friends, adds clan to clan and builds up armies. We range the Steppes with savage horsemen, witness hideous revenges like the boiling of the Khan's enemies in cauldrons in forests, are horrified by violence and moved to admiration for savage virtue. We meet Nestorian missionaries and hear how the legend of Prester John moves men to great adventures. A rough yet splendid love binds the hero to his bride, and we sorrow for the grief of a fanatical ruffian, a self-made emperor.

The author reminds us of the Chinese saying that "the future is but the past repeated," and we wonder whether this notable book throws light upon the wide stirrings of the Mongolian world to-day.

"A Servant of the Mightiest." By Mrs. Alfred Wingate. Crosby Lockwood. 7/6 net.

IRISH HISTORY.

ANCIENT, MEDIÆVAL, AND MODERN.

ONE of the most valuable contributions to the study of Irish history made in recent years is Dr. Elrington Ball's study of the Irish Bench, "The Judges in Ireland, 1221-1921." Writing with the dispassionate poise, the classic taste, that we associate with the best juristic authors, Dr. Ball traces the place held by the Bench in Irish history in six distinct, successive periods, with a biographical list of succession appended to every chapter, and an attempt to assess the services rendered by individual judges to the development of the law in Ireland.

It was in 1221 that the first appointments now known by an English Sovereign to judicial office in Ireland were made, "and it was in 1921 that the last appointment to judicial office in Ireland on the advice of English Ministers took place." Throughout seven centuries a remarkable continuity distinguished the history of the judges in a land where little else pursued an unbroken path. "The Bench began to be formed when Henry III. was at war in Ireland with the Norman barons; it was established in its final form after Edward II.'s sovereignty there had been threatened by the Bruces; it gained lengthened tenure for its members while the country was denuded by the Wars of the Roses; and it attained to a height of distinction under James I. after the Desmond and Tyrone rebellions, under George I. after the attempt to restore the Stuarts, and under George IV. after the conflicts that attended the enactment of the Union."

Dr. Ball traces the continuous rivalry between English and Anglo-Irish judges for office. Few Irishmen of the old stock ever sat upon the Bench; but the Anglo-Irish, again and again, when periods of settled political conditions intervened, engrossed the Bench, only to be supplanted by frosh generations of English judges after times of disturbance. In the eighteenth century the Anglo-Irish regained the predominance, and they continued to hold it. Dr. Ball gives it as his ripe opinion that the Anglo-Irish judges—who commonly were "no less fervid in their patriotism than the Celtic-Irish," generally were inferior as jurists to the judges of purely English origin.

These, in fine, are Dr. Ball's conclusions; and it would require a lengthy essay even to outline the mass of interesting material, juridical, political and merely curious, which he has packed into two noble volumes. There is no period of Anglo-Irish history on which this book does not throw new light; and if it is fullest in juridical and biographical detail in the chapters which describe the see-saw of Whig and Tory influences since the Revolution, the earlier chapters on Elizabethan and Stuart times are peculiarly rich in new historical material. The author, as most readers know, is son of a former Lord Chancellor of Ireland who played a large part in Irish affairs fifty years ago.

RICHARD II. IN IRELAND.

ANOTHER highly important Irish historical work is Professor Edmund Curtis's new volume, which gives an account of Richard II.'s visit to Ireland in 1394-5, and reprints the Latin text of the submissions of the Irish lords.

Mediæval Irish history only now is beginning to be understood. The texts here edited, which are lodged in the Public Record Office, London, never before have been made accessible to the general student. They illuminate a remarkable episode. Thrice in the Middle Ages the English Crown received the ceremonial submission of Irish princes and chieftains. First, Henry II., immediately after the invasion, received the homage of three provinces, although Ulster stood aloof; and last, at the end of the mediæval period, in 1541, Henry VIII. was acknowledged head of Church and State by the principal Irish lords. Between these two occasions there was the curious submission with which Professor Curtis has dealt.

A century and a half after the invasion, the Old Irish had been brought low by the Anglo-Norman barons. "A resident Monarchy," our author observes, "would not, and could not, have allowed such an exploitation of the old proprietors; but the Crown in Ireland, almost alone in Europe, was a permanent absentee." The fact that the barons knew no curb was their undoing; for the Crown that they flouted could not aid them when the tide of Irish reaction rose. Rapidly the recovering clans won back much that they had lost. Their language and customs prevailed; the Pale dwindled, and in 1385 the Dublin Parliament begged the young King to come over.

In October, 1394, King Richard arrived in Waterford, and within seven months he repeated the triumphs of Henry II.; only now Ulster, too, was submissive; for the surrenders were headed by "O'Neill the Great." As we read the texts, *De Instrumentis tangentibus Hiberniam* and *Littere misse Domino Regi existenti in terra Hibernie irrotulate*, we need to remember the character of mediæval diction to correct the impression of extreme servility suggested. Professor Curtis does not convey, perhaps, the true psychology of these submissions — the overpowering *prestige* of a great mediæval monarch. He brings out clearly, however, the evidence which these documents furnish of the truly regal status of the Five Bloods, the provincial kings, and their authority over their "urraghts." We see a feudal transaction completed, and the lords of Ireland bound by oaths of fealty to obey the laws of the *Dominus Hibernicæ*, and to come to "his parliaments and councils."

The whole thing, however, was little more than a pageant, so far as its subsequent effects counted. "It is doubtful," Professor Curtis remarks, "whether the English land, language and law gained a single foot at the expense of the Irish Revival, as a result of the submissions." It is regrettable, perhaps, that Professor Curtis did not go farther and show why a great act, done in all solemnity, remained so barren. It is no part of a critic's task to supply the answer; but it may be suggested without impropriety that it could have been given if the editor of the documents had set them in their true context—for example, by quotation from contemporary native literature. We think, too, that Professor Curtis, in giving these important documents to the public, should have considered readers less deeply learned, and should have outlined what may be called the time-distance differences between Richard's days and ours. As we read these papers we need put our minds back to the Middle Ages, when Ireland and England were far apart, and even Munster was remote from Ulster.

The Board of Trinity College, Dublin, has assisted the publication of Professor Curtis's fine and valuable work.

THE CELTIC CHURCH.

ALTHOUGH the Rev. Mr. McNaught, in his study of the Celtic Church, is interested chiefly in his native Scotland, his book supplies a useful study of aspects of Irish history. Mr. McNaught is a Presbyterian minister, and he disclaims approval of "the validity of the Papal claims." He contends, however, as the cumulative result of his researches, that the ancient Celtic Christians, British and Gaelic, "recognised the Roman primacy," and were at one with Rome on all matters save points of order and discipline. He says that when he began his researches he was biassed against the conclusions which he has reached, and he offers his book as a contribution towards the cause of mutual understanding and ultimate religious unity.

Obviously the issues raised are too large for present discussion, and the book must be commended without adequate criticism. If the book errs in its excess of enthusiasm—the author's love of Columba, his admiration for Maeldubh, and his pride in Irish Vergilius, rendering him sometimes intemperate in phrase—the work is the more cordial reading. No doubt, its theological contentions will be debated in the proper place.

MONEY IN OLD IRELAND.

THE first volume of a "Monetary History of Ireland," by the Reverend Dom Patrick Nolan, a Benedictine scholar, is devoted to the question of currency in ancient Ireland. The author adduces many examples from Old Irish and Middle Irish literature to illustrate the use of *cumal* or "slave," *miach*, or "sack of corn," and cattle, as standards of value, as well as many which illustrate the use of metal rings, weighed measures of metal, and foreign coins, in exchange.

We shall defer criticism of this interesting volume until the complete work is published.

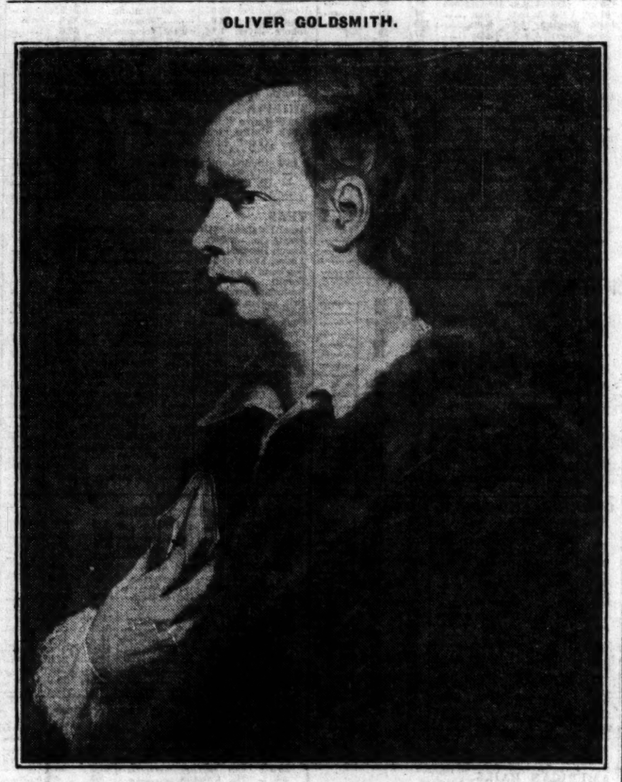
"Judges in Ireland, 1221-1921." By F. Elrington Ball. London: John Murray. Two Vols. 32/- net.

"Richard II. in Ireland." By Edmund Curtis. Oxford: Clarendon Press. 15/- net.

"The Celtic Church and the See of Peter." By the Rev. J. C. MacNaught. Oxford: Blackwell. 7/6 net.

"Monetary History: Vol. I.—Ancient Ireland." By the Rev. Dom Nolan, O.S.B. London: P. S. King. 5/- net.

OLIVER GOLDSMITH.



Engraved by J. Marchi. After Sir J. Reynolds.

From an impression in the British Museum.

Oliver Goldsmith was born at Pallas, near Ballymahon, County Longford, 10th November, 1728. He died 4th April, 1774. Reynolds' picture was painted in 1768. The picture is reproduced from "English Mezzotint Portraits" (Halton and Truscott Smith), which we reviewed last week.

RUSSIAN FABLES.

SIR BERNARD PARES, Professor of Russian in London University, has made an English translation of the fables of Ivan Krylov, the foremost of Russian fabulists. Krylov, who might be termed the Russian La Fontaine, was born in Moscow in 1768. He commenced to write fables when almost middle-aged, and continued his literary activities up to the time of his death in 1844. The world of officialdom of his day constituted the chief object of his satirical thrusts: and, in selecting the fable as a mode of expression, he had in view a means of evading the stringencies of the censorship. Pushkin refuted the reactionary charge which was levelled at his writings.

It is evident that Krylov was influenced to some extent by the French school of fabulists, from whom he borrowed many of his subjects. In his "Spider and Gout" he acknowledges the supremacy of his Gallic counterpart, and declares that, in the matter of fables, he would trust La Fontaine "blindly all the way." Nevertheless, Krylov has a certain degree of individuality. He illumines the childlike and wayward qualities of the Russian character and the superstitious beliefs of the peasantry. "The Godless Tribe" is an indictment directed against the philosophy of the French Revolution.

Krylov, like so many Russian writers, is a pessimist. In his fable, "The Peasant and Death," we find him stating that—

Though life is full of misery
To die is still more miserable.

Sir Bernard's translation is smooth and lucid. The similarity of the fables, however, as regards both rhythm and titles, is apt to become monotonous and to lessen their poetic value.

"Krylov's Fables." Translated by Bernard Pares. London: Jonathan Cape. 7/6 net.

The 'FLU FIEND is LOOSE!

Its victims are many, its results are often fatal. Dread Pneumonia often follows in its wake. Yet, Influenza begins with a simple cold which attacks a body slightly "run down."

It is dangerous to be even slightly run down these days. Millions of malignant microbes infest every public place and fasten on the foolhardy.

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LATEST FICTION.

A MONGOLIAN EPIC.

WHEN China bulks so largely in the world's attention, Mrs. Wingate's remarkable novel, "A Servant of the Mightiest," published last Tuesday, has a lively topical interest.

The story is the story of Chinghis Khan, the Mongolian Napoleon or Alexander, who flourished at the beginning of the thirteenth century. It is an epical tale—so spacious in its scene that the "end papers" of the volume are occupied with maps, ranging from the Bosporus to Saghalien, thickly marked with the places and tribes named in the narrative. The author follows history, taking the recorded facts of the great Khan's career, and filling in colour that is drawn from authentic travel books like Marco Polo's. Such a book would seem to run the danger of being either a dry summary or a novel in which the primitive spirit of the people was sentimentalised away. Mrs. Wingate has succeeded in avoiding both errors. Her tale grips like an adventure story; its people and its scenes are as clear as if they belonged to any novel of modern life; and yet the barbaric and epical air of the Mongolian beginnings is preserved. This book well may come to rank as a classic of imaginative reconstruction.

Miss Isabel Ostrander's book, "The Mathematics of Guilt," is a stirring tale. The principal figure is a foundling, whose adopted father, James Merrick, believes that, given a fair chance, any boy can be made into a valuable citizen, no matter what his parentage. In a word, Merrick is prepared to back a good environment, right living, and a chance to develop on normal lines against inherited instincts. John, whom he makes the subject of the experiment which he undertakes to prove his theory, is called on to make return to his benefactor, and he gives good measure—all that was in his power. The story of his wanderings in the wilderness as the scapegoat of James Merrick, of his flight from pursuit and retribution, which existed only in his fevered imagination, is told in a way which holds the interest of the reader to the last page.

"The Mathematics of Guilt." By Isabel Ostrander. Hurst and Blackett. 7/6 net.

"The Door to the Moor" reminds us of Stevenson in its mannerisms. It tells of a treasure upon an island and of a strange cypher carved upon a door. How the boy hero comes to interpret the cypher by accident is one of those sallies which make a novel reader wish to clap his applause. Mystery crowds on mystery in a finely told tale; but the author's purpose is obscure, and what moves first as a romance turns to a sullen tragedy, based upon the American prejudice against blood tainted by black ancestry. The author moves us by a passionate sincerity, leaving us slightly bewildered and full of admiration for a fine piece of writing.

"The Door to the Moor." By Millie Bird Vandeburg. Cassell. 7/6 net.

The second volume of Mr. Stephen McKenna's social trilogy carries forward the tale of the newspaper magnate who rises to power by shady methods. In this book business and politics are depicted as governed by vice, and we are puzzled whether to take these extravagant pages as wild satire or as exaggerated realism. The calmness with which the characters make vicious proposals goes far beyond the credible. We still feel that Mr. McKenna's talents for vivid writing and the faithful delineation of society lack due play in this strange undertaking.

"The Secretary of State." By Stephen McKenna. Thornton Butterworth. 7/6 net.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

ANNUALS.

The Incorporated Accountants' Year Book, 1927. London: Society of Incorporated Accountants.

The Silk and Rayon Directory, 1927. Manchester: Heywood. 21/- net.

Music Trades Diary and Year Book, 1927. London: Ernest and Co. 3/6 net.

BIOGRAPHY AND HISTORY.

Franz Liszt. By Guy de Pourtales. London: Thornton Butterworth. 10/6 net.

Those "Ashes." The Australian Tour of 1926. By M. A. Noble. London: Cassell. 15/- net.

FICTION.

Kingpin. By Tristram Tupper. Arrowsmith. 7/6 net.

Sarati the Terrible. By Jean Vignaud. Thornton Butterworth. 7/6 net.

The Quince Bush. By Marian Bower. Mills and Boon. 7/6 net.

Sunset Bride. By Tickner Edwardes. **The Long Patrol.** By Albert M. Treynor. Hutchinson. 7/6 net.

Kindling and Ashes. By George Barr McCutcheon. Lane. 7/6 net.

Beatrice and Other Stories. By Arthur Schnitzler. T. Werner Laurie. 7/6 net.

Sasha. By Duilin Zamfirescu. Philpot. 5/- net.

MISCELLANEOUS.

How I Cured Myself by Fasting. By the Rev. Walter Wynn. London: Rider. 1/- net.

Lars Porsena: The Future of Swearing. By Robert Graves. London: Kegan Paul. 3/6 net.

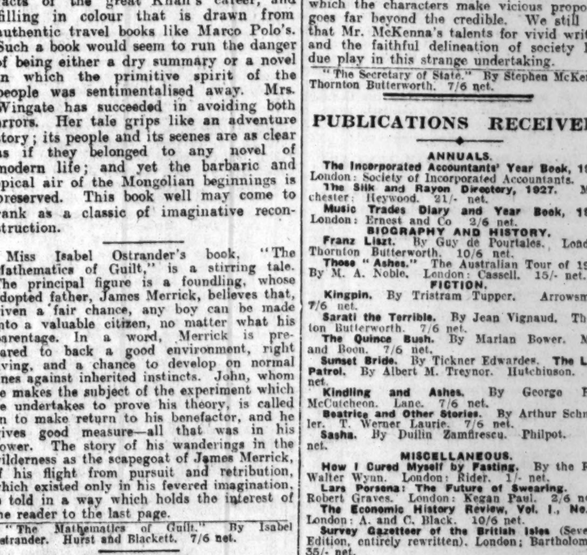
The Economic History Review, Vol. I., No. 1. London: A. and C. Black. 10/6 net.

Survey Gazetteer of the British Isles (Seventh Edition, entirely rewritten). London: Bartholomew. 35/- net.

The Doctor at Home, and Nurses' Guide (Entirely New Edition). By George Black, M.B. London: Ward, Lock. 5/- net.

RELIGION AND PHILOSOPHY.

Creation Stories of Genesis. By A. Gordon James. London: Student Christian Movement. 4/- net.



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BOURNVILLE COCOA

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MERCER'S CHARITABLE HOSPITAL.

The monthly meeting of the Board of Governors of Mercer's Hospital was held on Tuesday. Present: Reginald H. Keatinge, Esq., O.B.E., in the chair; Captain A. Gordon Ferrier, George L. O'Connor, Esq., F.R.I.A.I.; John Robb, Esq.; Louis H. Webb, Esq.; E. A. McGuire, Esq.; W. B. Brooks, Esq.; the Rev. J. Tobias, B.D.; E. D. Pentland, Esq.

A vote of sympathy with the relatives of the late Mr. Richard Supple, an esteemed member of the Board, was passed in silence.

A vote of sympathy with the family of the late Dr. E. L'Estrange Ledwich, formerly visiting physician, was also passed.

The overdraft due to the bank was £5,176 16/1.

A vote of thanks to the members of the "Red Riding Hood" Pantomime Company for having given a free performance, which has been greatly enjoyed by the patients of the Hospital, was passed unanimously.

The Governors thankfully acknowledge the following subscriptions:—Anon., per Mrs. Hennessy, 10/-; Miss Heather Burgess, £2 2/-; Mrs. K. E. Keush, £1; George L. O'Connor, Esq., £2 2/-; Kitchen and Restaurant Staff, Switzers, per Miss J. Clare, £1 3/6; W. and R. Jacob Employés' Hospital Fund, £2 2/-; "A Friend," per Matron, £1; E. W. Pitfield, Esq., per Sir William Wheeler, £1; "W. D.," per Miss Dorothy Legg, £4; J. Stokes Wilson, Esq., £2 2/-; Lewis Whyte, Esq., £2 2/-; Windsor Lawn Tennis Club, per Sir J. Lumsden, M.D., £5 2/11; John Falconer, Esq., £1 1/-; Messrs. West and Son, £5 5/-; G. Dick, Esq., £2; W. T. Pasley, Esq., £5; Henry C. Falkiner, Esq., £2 2/-; City of Dublin Workingmen's Club, £3 3/-; British and Irish Steam Packet Co., Ltd., £3 3/-; Thomas Lawson, Esq., £1; Miss Brodigan, £1 1/-; E. W. Purdon, Esq., £1 1/-; G. A. Newsom, Esq., £5.

The Matron gratefully acknowledges the following for the use of the patients:—Illustrated papers—Mrs. Bowe, Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. Olden, Lady Goulding, Eason and Son, Ltd.; Anonymous, United Service Club, Miss Carroll. Papers and Periodicals — *Irish Times, Irish Independent, Ireland's Own, Homestyle.* Books and Journals—British Red Cross Society, London. Scrap book—Miss H. Burgess. Venison—Board of Works, Sir W. de C. Wheeler. Flowers—Miss Leach.

ST. BRIGID'S CATHEDRAL, KILDARE.

Service in connection with "The World-Call to the Church" was held in Kildare Cathedral on St. Brigid's Day. Addresses were delivered by the Rev. E. C. Hodges, B.D., Rector of Rathmines, on the call from Africa; the Rev. Canon Barton, B.D., on the call from India, and by the Bishop of Cork, who urged the imperative duty of every member of the Church to respond to the call. The addresses were listened to with the deepest attention, and after each address the speaker led the congregation in prayers, and a hymn was sung by the combined choirs of Kildare and the neighbouring parishes. Canon Drury was at the organ. The opening prayers were read by Canon Craig, and the lesson (Revelation vii., 9) was read by the Dean. There was a large congregation, and all joined heartily in the Service. Nearly all the clergy of the Diocese of Kildare and many of those from West Glendalough were present. The Service concluded with the singing of Hymn 275, "God is working His purpose out." The collection was for the University Missions of Fuh-Kien, China, and Chota Nagpur, India.

BROADCASTING

TO-DAY.

DUBLIN (2RN)—319.1 Metres.

1.30-2.0—Weather forecast and Gramophone Record Recital. **6.30**—Uair i dTir na n-óg: Story, "The Selfish Giant," Eileen Crowe: Songs, Story of Cuchulainn, F. E. Stephens. **7.0-7.25**—Gramophone Concert. **7.30**—Talk, T. Galloway Rigg. **7.45**—Talk, "Old Glass," Claire Cooke. **8.0**—Station Orchestra, Welsh Music, "Cambria." **8.15**—Lecture on Welsh Folk Music, W. S. Gwynn Williams (Llangollen), illustrated by Ceinwen Rowlands (Holyhead), soprano. **8.45**—Station Orchestra, Musical Interlude, A Celtic Idyll. **8.55**—W. S. Gwynn Williams and Ceinwen Rowlands (lecture continued). **9.25**—J. F. Cooney (bass) (Waterford): "Hybrias the Cretan" (J. W. Elliott), "A Soldier's Song" (A. Mascheroni), "Captain Mac" (W. Sanderson), "Simon the Cellarer" (Hatton). **9.35**—Harry O'Donovan and Company: "Echoes of Old Entertainers." **10.5**—J. F. Cooney (Waterford): "Bell Ringer" (V. Wallace), "Sanctuary" (T. J. Hewitt), "Nirvana" (S. Adams), "Bells of the Sea" (A. Solman). **10.15**—Station Orchestra. **10.30**—Weather forecast and close down.

"HOGAN FOR WIRELESS." 56 Henry St., Dublin. (Adv.)

BELFAST (2BE)—306.1 Metres.

11.0-1.0—Concert relayed from Daventry. **3.0**—Broadcast to Schools: Professor R. M. Henry (Professor of Latin, Queen's University, Belfast): "What We Owe to Greece and Rome." **3.30**—Claude de Ville—Pianoforte Recital Series. **3.45**—London Programme. **4.45**—Gramophone Records. **5.0**—Mrs. Morwood, "American Life in Retrospect" (1). **5.15**—Children. **6.0**—London Programme. **6.30**—From London. **7.15**—From Liverpool. **7.30**—From London. **9.0**—News. **9.15**—Sir Frederick Whyte: "Modern China" (from Edinburgh). **9.30**—The Queen's Island Military Band. **10.25**—Joe Hayman, assisted by Mildred Franklin. **10.40**—Band.

LONDON (2LO)—361.4 Metres.

1.0-2.0—Music. **3.15**—Reading, "Emma," by Jane Austen. **3.20**—M. Stéphan: "Elementary French." **3.45**—Concert for Schoolchildren. Ima Cooper (soprano), Frederick Woodhouse (baritone), Jessie Hall (pianoforte). Music by J. S. Bach (1685-1750) and miscellaneous items. **4.45**—Kathleen Mitchell (soprano) in a Recital of English Songs. **5.15**—Children. **6.0**—Frank Westfield's Orchestra. **6.30**—Time, Weather, and News. **6.45**—Frank Westfield's Orchestra. **6.55**—Mr. Percy Scholes, the B.B.C. Music Critic. **7.5**—The Sonatas of Mozart. **7.15**—From Liverpool. **7.30**—"The Chinese Puzzle," an Original Play in Four Acts by Marion Bower and Leon M. Lion. **9.0**—Weather and News. **9.15**—Sir Frederick Whyte: "Modern India" (from Edinburgh). **9.30**—Songs of the Four Nations, sung by Helen Henschel (soprano), Franklyn Kelsey (baritone). **10.0-11.0**—Revue Memories.

DAVENTRY (5XX)—1,600 Metres.

10.30 a.m.—Time and Weather. **11.0**—The Daventry Quartet and Cyrus Garside (baritone), Anne Godfrey (violin), Mildred Langley (pianoforte). **1.0**—From London. **7.15**—From Liverpool. **7.30**—From London. **9.10**—Shipping Forecast. **9.15**—Same as London. **9.30**—From London. **11.0**—The London Radio Dance Band. **12.0-1.30**—Leon van Straten's Dance Band.

BIRMINGHAM (5IT)—326.1 Metres.

4.15—Wind Quintet. **4.45**—Estelle Steele Harper, "The Tulip in Art and Craft." Muriel Normansell (contralto). **5.15**—Children. **6.0**—Orchestra. **6.30**—From London. **7.15**—From Liverpool. **7.30**—From London. **9.15**—Same as London. **9.30**—From London. **9.45-11.0**—Russian Composers. The Birmingham Station Orchestra, Sinclair Logan (tenor), Tom Bromley (pianoforte).

BOURNEMOUTH (6BM)—491.8 Metres.

5.0—E. (Lee Nash, "Translations from Foreign Literature." **5.15**—Children. **6.0**—Orchestra. **6.30**—From London. **7.15**—From Liverpool. **7.30**—From London. **9.15**—Same as London. **9.30**—From London. **9.45**—"For France," an episode of the Franco-Prussian War, by John Oswald Francis. **10.5-11.0**—Station Octet, Mabel Constanduros (violin solos).

MANCHESTER (2ZY)—384.6 Metres.

1.15-2.0—Pianoforte Trio. **3.25**—Broadcast to Schools. **3.45**—Marjorie Nicholson (pianoforte). **4.0**—Station Quartet. **5.0**—Mrs. Helena M. Bland: "Charm." **5.15**—Children. **6.0**—Majestic Celebrity Orchestra. **6.30**—From London. **7.15**—From Liverpool. **7.30**—From London. **9.15**—Same as London. **9.30**—Station Topics. **9.40**—Italian Folk-Songs and Duets: Silvio Sidoli (baritone), Gaby Valle (soprano). **10.0-11.0**—Dance Band; George Stockwin and Fred. Beck, in character studies, songs, and sketches.

NEWCASTLE (5NO)—312.5 Metres.

3.0—Broadcast to Schools. **3.20**—London Programme. **5.0**—Miss Turnbull, "Women in Business." **5.15** — Children. **6.0** — Isobel Fullarton-James (pianoforte), Donald Murdy (tenor). **6.30**—From London. **7.15**—From Liverpool. **7.30**—From London. **9.0**—News. **9.15**—Same as London. **9.30-11.0**—From London.

LIVERPOOL (6LV)—297 Metres.

3.15-3.45—Broadcast to Schools. **4.0**—Alice Peers (soprano). **4.15**—Pianoforte Quartet. **5.0**—Hugh Machell, "Two Old Sporting Books." **5.15**—Children. **6.0**—Pianoforte Quartet. **6.30**—From London. **7.15**—Professor C. H. Reilly, "Some Modern Buildings." **7.30**—From London. **9.15**—Same as London. **9.30-11.0**—From London.

GLASGOW (5SC)—405.4 Metres.

11.30-12.30—Gramophone Records. **3.0**—Dance Music. **3.20**—Broadcast to Schools. **3.55**—The Wireless Quartet and Cruz Davidson (contralto). **5.0**—Topics. **5.15**—Children. **5.58**—Weather Forecast for Farmers. **6.0**—Band. **6.30**—From London. **7.15**—From Liverpool. **7.30**—From London. **9.15**—Same as London. **9.30**—My Programme, by "Disgusted." "Fed Up." "Bored to Tears," "Give Us London." **10.30-11.0**—Dance Music.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

TONE AND COMMENT.

DUBLIN FLUCTUATING.

BANK STOCK STRONG.

There were again interesting, and a few important, price movements on 'Change. The Funds generally were quiet. The demand for Bank of Ireland Stock was again persistent, at a further advance. Other Bank shares were scarcely altered. Investment support for Guinness Shares was again forthcoming at a further slight advance. The interim dividend may be made known to-day, or at latest early next week. There was renewed nibbling for Dublin Distillers Ord. Shares, and to secure them an increase of 5s. a share was paid. Marconi marked time. Home Rails were again quietly absorbed. Great Northern touched 30, or 7½ over the lowest figure recently touched. Pre.-Ord. issues were all more or less bid for. Dunlop Rubbers were dull, but steady. Textiles show an almost general set-back, led by Courtaulds, which, however, closed well over lowest at 106s. 9d., after being called about 105s. 6d. at one time. From the other side Calico Printers were on sale, but Cottons were harder. Lever Bros. issues closed wanted.

LONDON IRREGULAR.

CHINESE LOANS STEADIER.

In the London Stock markets yesterday business was again on an extremely small scale in the majority of sections, while an irregular tone was manifest. The Chinese situation did not exercise so great an influence as was the case on Wednesday, and gilt-edged securities were steadier, while Chinese issues displayed a firmer appearance. The fact that the Bank rate was unchanged was without influence in British Funds, and, although interest remained rather small, a generally steady tone prevailed. Among Foreign Government Stocks Chinese issues showed some recovery from the prvious day's depreciations. French Loans eased the turn, and Brazilian issues also moved to lower levels. Peruvian Debs., however, hardened. In Reconstruction Loans and others were quiet and steady. Little alteration was recorded in Home Rails, and business remained on a small scale. Principal attention among Colonial and Foreign Rails was directed to Canadian Pacifics, which jumped 5½ points to 181½. Central Argentine hardened the turn, but Entre Rios, Leos and San Paulos were all easier. A heavy tone was manifest in several sections of Industrials. Textiles displayed a weaker tendency, and Tobaccos were rather dull. Among Stores, Liptons rose further before reacting. Iron and Steels were steady. Rubbers were idle, but easier in some places, while Oils moved irregularly. Among Mines, South Africans maintained a fairly firm front, but other sections were quiet.

NON-INFLAMMABLE FILM CO.

Letters of allotment in connection with the recent issue of 500,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each and 100,000 Deferred Shares of 1s. each were posted yesterday (Thursday).

JEWISH GRAPHIC, LTD.

The *Jewish Graphic* publishes an application form for 10,000 £1 Ordinary Shares which are being issued to the public. The present nominal capital of the company is £10,000, divided into £50 shares, the larger number being held by prominent members of the Jewish community. The paper is the only illustrated Jewish journal of its kind.

BRITAIN AND RUSSIA.

In reference to the circular issued by Mr. Leslie Urquhart, chairman of the Russo-Asiatics Consolidated, advocating the severance of diplomatic relations between Britain and the Soviet, Mr. Stafford Talbot, organising director of the Anglo-Russian Claims Association, said that the agitation was inopportune. "We have recently," he said, "had assurances from M. Rosengoltz, the Chargé d'Affaires in London for the Soviet Government, and from M. Litvinoff, the Assistant Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Soviet Government, that they are prepared to enter into negotiations for the settlement of British claims."

RUSSIA BUYS HERRINGS.

For the first time since 1914 the Russian Government has begun to buy herrings from the Scottish fishermen. These purchases are being made against cash payments, and large orders have been placed in England for "Quebracho," used in the leather trade, and of which Russia has been one of the largest consumers. To counter-balance these purchases large sales of timber by the U.S.S.R. timber trust were effected last week in Britain.

GOLD PROFITS FOR JANUARY.

Geduld, £47,732 (£48,951); Modderfontein Deep, £65,806 (£65,883); Government Areas, £230,217 (£230,272); Langlaagte, £20,299 (£20,238); New Primrose, £1,508; New State Areas, £54,061 (£54,276); Randfontein Est., £30,183 (£30,253); Van Ryn Deep, £50,194 (£50,213); Witwatersrand, £2,537 (£2,027); City Deep, £21,508 (£21,977); Consolidated Main Reef, £10,043 (£5,007); Crown Mines, £85,967 (£81,293); Durban Roodepoort Deep, £939 (£2,377); Ferreira Deep, £3,004 (£3,097); Geldenhuis Deep, £2,200 (£3,332); Geldenhuis Est., £49,655 (£49,837); Modderfontein East, £10,335 (£11,031); New Modderfontein, £177,526 (£177,208); Nourse Mines, £3,022 loss (£3,862 loss); Rose Deep, £5,021 (£4,587); Village Deep, £4,187 (£5,096); Wolhuter, £303 (£54).

Note.—City Deep—The lower tonnage milled is due to a shortage of native labour. Consolidated Main Reef—Increased profit chiefly due to lower working costs occasioned by stoppage of prospecting operations on the Bird Reef. An increased tonnage was milled and a slightly higher recovery yield obtained. Durban Roodepoort Deep—Decrease in profit due to lower recovery yield. Geldenhuis Deep—Profit affected by temporary breakdown of underground hoist at No. 2 shaft.

A slight improvement is shown in the supply of native labour, which generally remains inadequate.

Aurora West, £506 (£848); Meyer and Charlton, £4,205 (£4,082); Van Ryn, £6,105 (£6,202); East Rand Consolidated, £5,020 (£5,568); Simmer and Jack, £8,579 (£8,566); Robinson Deep, £20,339 (£24,354); Sub Nigel, £30,324 (£25,181).

Note.—Robinson Deep—Owing to shortage of native labour, tonnage crushed was 10,000 below normal. This, combined with temporary fall in grade during the greater part of the month, accounts for reduced profit. Sub Nigel—Owing to an insufficient native labour supply it was not possible to work the increased plant to its full capacity, and in order to augment the supply of ore approximately 5,000 tons were milled from the low grade reserve surface reef dump.

(Profits for December in parentheses.)

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

BIRMINGHAM.—Motor Shares not so good. Humbers easier. Standards depressed. Austin "B" Preference reacted to 19/-. Singers strong. Dunlops firm. Austins, 7/6; ditto Debentures, 89; Bluemels, 42/-; Components, 5/-; Steel, 3/6; Enfields, 28/6; Humbers, 37/-; Lucas, 78/4½; Dennis, 5⅝; Napier,49/6; Rolls,36/-; Rovers, 6/-; Swifts, 1/9; Singers, 55/-; Standards, 26/-; Triumphs, 26/3; Dunlops, 27/6; Parent Deferred, 29/6.

MANCHESTER.—Dull day in Textiles. Several declines. Bleachers, 40/6-41/6; Calicos, 26/-26/6; Dyers, 47/-47/6; Cottons, 49/-50/-; Spinners, 43/6-44/-; "Slubbers," 73/-7/6; Coats, 59/-59/6; Ship Canal, 16/-16/6; Velvets, 19/-19/6; Courtaulds, 105/-107/6; Dunlops, 27/3-27/6; Amalgamated Cottons 5/3-5/9; Hoyles, 27/-28/-; Nuera Silk, 32/6; ditto Deferred, 22/6.

INSURANCE SHARES.

BUSINESS DONE IN LONDON:—Associated Re-insurances (10/- paid), 12/-; Commercial Union, 27½ ⅝, ⅞, £27 9/-; ditto British General, 100, 34, 99¾, Eagle Star, 9⅞, ⅛; London and Lancashire, 21⅜, ¾, 13¼, ⅞, ⅛; London Assurance, 11⅝, ⅜, ⅛, ⅛; Motor Union, 71⅝, ⅝, 17⅝; Prudential A., 22⅜, ⅛, ¼; Scottish Union, 11 7/16, ⅝, ⅜; Standard Life 5 per cent. Perpetual Debentures, 97¼; Sun Insurance, 24¼; Sun Life, 41⅜; World Auxiliary, 19⅜.

BUSINESS DONE IN LIVERPOOL—Commercial Union, 27⅜; Employers' Liability, 85/-; General Accident, 8⅛, 13⅜; Liverpool & p.c. Thames and Mersey Debs., 77¾; London and Lancashire, 21⅞; North British, 23 15/16; Northern, 14 3/16, ⅞; Phœnix, 13¾; Royal Insurance, 33¾.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE

"JEWISH GRAPHIC," LTD.

NEW ISSUE OF 10,000 £1 ORDINARY SHARES.

APPLICATION FORMS

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"JEWISH GRAPHIC,"

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Price 2d. of all Newsagents.

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BRITISH FUNDS, ETC.

	Closing.		Rise or fall.
Consols	55¼	55⅜	.....
Do. 4% "A"	84¾	85	.....
Do. 4% "B"	85 16/16	85 16/16	.....
Do. Part paid	5/16	5/16pm	.....
War Loan, 3½%	88½	88⅝	.....
Do. 4½%	95½	96¼	.....
Do. 5%	101¼	101½	.....
Do. 4% (Tax Free)	101¼	101¼	.....
Funding Loan	87¼	87¾	.....
Victory Bonds	93¼	93¾	.....
3½% Conversion Loan	76¼	76½	.....
4½% Conversion Loan	96½	97	.....
5½ Treasury Bonds	101½	102	.....
Irish Land 2¾%	37	38	.....
India 3%	58½	58½	.....
Do. 3½%	69½	70½	.....
Do. 4½%	101½	102½	.....
Do. 5%	101	103	.....
Do. 2½%	63½	64	.....
Local Loans	107	109	.....
Sudan 5½%			.....

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Australian Com. 5%	99	101	.....
Do. do. 6%	100	102"	.....
British Col. 4½, '41	93	95	.....
Canada 4%	87	89	.....
Cape 3½ Cons.	76	80	.....
Ceylon 5%	106	108	.....
New South Wales 4½, '22-7	99	100	.....
Do. do. 5½, 1922-7	100	101	.....
Do. do. 6½ %, 1930-40	100	102	.....
New Zealand 4% '29-39	97	99	.....
Nigeria 6%	111	113	.....
Queensland 4%, '40-50	99	100	.....
Do. 6% '20-40	100	102"	.....
South Africa 4% Cons.	83	85"	.....
Do. 5%	102	104	.....
South Australian 4%, '40-60	87	90	.....
Do. do. 6½ %	101	103	.....
Victoria 4%, '40-60	81	83	.....
Do. 6% 1923-5	100	102	.....
Western Australia 5%, '35-45	99	101	.....
Do. do. 6%, 1930-40	100	102	.....

BANKS.

Anglo-South American	6⅝	7	.....
Bank of Australasia	84¾	86	.....
Bank of England	251	256	.....
Bank of Ireland	98	101	.....
Bank of New South Wales	45½	47	.....
Do. "New Zealand"	2¾	3"	.....
Barclay's "A" Shares	3⅞	4⅛	.....
British Overseas	48½	50½	.....
Canadian of Commerce	19	19½	.....
Chartered of India	113	118	.....
Hong Kong and Shanghai	62/9	63/9	.....
Lloyds	8⅞	9⅛	.....
Midland	85	85⅝"	.....
National Discount "B"	12¾	13"	.....
National Provincial (£4 pd.)	13	13½"	.....
Royal of Canada	13	13½"	.....
Standard of South Africa	14½	15"	.....
Union of Australia	185⅛	187⅛	−1⅛
Westminster Bank			.....

FOREIGN BONDS.

M.U.—Jan. 24			
Argentine 5 p.c., 1886	99	101"	.....
Do. 4 p.c. Rescissions	81	83	.....
Do. 5 p.c., 1909	91	93	.....
Belgian 7 p.c. Loan	105	106	−1
Brazil 4 p.c., 1889	57	59	.....
Do. Funding, 1908	88	90"	.....
Do. 5 p.c. do., 1914	79	81	.....
Chinese 5 p.c., 1895	77	78	+1
Do. 4½ p.c., 1898	55	58	.....
Do. 5 p.c. 1912	41	45	.....
Czecho-Slovakia Bonds	110	112	.....
Egyptian Unified	82	83	.....
French Loan	13½	14½	−¼
Do. 4 p.c.	14¼	15¼	−¼
German 7 p.c.	104	106	.....
Greek Loan, 1898	94	95	.....
Italian Rentes	14	16	.....
Japan 4 p.c., 1905	93	96	.....
Do. 5 p.c., 1924	93	94	.....
Mexican 5 p.c., '99	45	55	.....
Do. 6 p.c. 10-Y. Treas.	45	55	.....
Peruvian Corporation	52	53	.....
Do. Pref.	101	103	+1
Do. Deb.	100	101	.....
Portuguese 3 p.c.	38	40	.....
Spanish 4 p.c.	73"	75"	.....
Turkish Unified	22¾	23¾	.....
Uruguay 3½ p.c.	67	68"	.....

BRITISH RAILS.

Great Western	85	86	.....
Do. Cons. Pref.	96	98	.....
Ldn. Mid. & Scot. Ord.	73½	74½	.....
Do. 4 p.c. Pref.	78	77	.....
Do. 5 p.c. Red. Pref.	95	98"	.....
Do. 4 p.c. Pref., 1923	73	75	.....
Ldn. North-East. 5 p.c. Pref. Ord.	50	51	.....
Do. Def. Ord.	17⅝	18¼	−¼
Do. 4 p.c. 1st Pref.	65	67	.....
Do. 4 p.c. 2nd Pref.	57	59	.....
Metropolitan	90	93	.....
Do. District	54½	55½	.....
Southern Pref. Ord.	81	87	.....
Do. Def. Ord.	42½	43½	.....
Underground Elec. (£1)	12/0	13/0	.....
Do. Income Bonds	102	104	.....
Do. 6 p.c. Debs.	103	105	.....

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS.

Antofagasta	77	79	.....
Argentine G.W. Ord.	84	86	.....
Bahia Blanca Gt. Sth.	80	82	.....
Brazil Railway Common	14	15	.....
Buenos Ayres Gt. Sthn.	102½	104½	.....
Buenos Ayres and Pacific	82	84	.....
Buenos Ayres & W.	87½	89½	.....
Canadian Pacific	180	182	+5½
Central Argentine	81½	83½	+ ½
Central Uruguay	76½	78½	.....
Cordoba Central	40	42	.....
Do. 1st Pref.	86	88	.....
Do. 2nd Pref.	58	60	.....
Entre Rios	72½	74½	−½
Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	90	92	.....
Grand Trunk Pac. Deb.	60	62	.....
Grand Trunk 4 p.c. Guar.	78	80	.....
Do. 4 p.c. Perp. Deb.	75	77	.....
Leopoldina	5½	5½	−½
Mexican Rails	6	7	.....
Do. 8 p.c. Pref.	18	20	.....
Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	8	10	.....
San Paulo (Ord.	179	183	−1
United Havana	75	77	.....

AMERICAN RAILS.

Atchison	170	172"	+2
Baltimore	113	115	+1
Chesapeake	161	163	+3
Chicago, Milwaukee	10	12	+1
Erie	45	47	+1
Do. 1st Pref.	58	60	+1
New York, Ontario	30	32"	+2
Southern Common	120	125	.....
Do. Pref.	96	99	.....
Southern Pacific	111	113	+1
Union Pacific	168	170	+2

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

Allsopp £1 Shares	15/16	1 1/16	.....
Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	93"	97"	+1½
Allied News Ord.	2¾	2⅞	.....
Annuities (New)	4⅜	4⅝	.....
Daily Mail Trust	6 9/16	6 11/16	.....
Daily Mirror Ord.	2 5/16	2 7/16	+ ⅛
Illustrated Newspapers	25/9	26/9	.....
Sunday Pictorial Ord.	5⅜	5½	+ ⅛

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

Allsopp £1 Shares	15/16	1 1/16	.....
Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	93"	97"	+1½
Allied News Ord.	2¾	2⅞	.....
Annuities (New)	4⅜	4⅝	.....
Daily Mail Trust	6 9/16	6 11/16	.....
Daily Mirror Ord.	2 5/16	2 7/16	+ ⅛
Illustrated Newspapers	25/9	26/9	.....
Sunday Pictorial Ord.	5⅜	5½	+ ⅛

ELECTRIC SUPPLY.

Bournemouth and Poole	2 13/16	3 1/16	.....
Charing Cross	24/6	25/6	.....
Chelsea Ord.	24/3	25/3	.....
City of London	41/6	43/6	.....
County of London	27/6	28/6	.....
Lancashire	23/0	24/0	.....
London Electric	23/3	24/3	.....
Metropolitan	25/0	26/0	.....
Newcastle	1 13/32	1 17/32	.....
St. James's	23/9	24/9	.....
South London	23/9	24/9	.....
Westminster	24/0	25/0	.....
Whitehall Electric Pref.	20/6	20/6	.....

FOODSTUFFS AND STORES.

Aerated Bread	28/6	29/6	.....
Bovril Def.	2/3	2¼	.....
Crosse and Blackwell	2/6	3/6	−0/6
Lipton	14/3	15/3	+0/3
Lovell and Christmas	2¼	2⅝	.....
Lyons (J.)	3 15/16	4 1/16	.....
Do. (J.) Pref.	24/0	25/0	.....
Maypole Def.	4/9	5/3	.....
Smithfield Arg. Meat	1⅛	1⅜	.....
Spratt's Patent	2 1/16	2 1/16	.....
British Cold Storage Pref.	18/6	19/6	.....
Van Den Berghs	1 15/16	1 15/16	.....
Do. Pref.	4¼	5¼	.....

IRON AND STEEL.

Armstrong (W. G.)	3/0	3/6	−0/1½
Cammell Laird	8/0	9/1	.....
Dorman Long	11/0	12/0	.....
John Brown	13/6	14/6	.....
Do. (15/- paid)	8/6	9/6	.....
Pease and Partners	13/0	14/0	−0/3
South Durham Steel	2 1/16	2 3/16	.....
Siemens	29/0	30/0	.....
United Steel	5/6	6/0	+0/3
Vickers Ord.	8/6	8/6	−0/3

LAND AND INVESTMENT.

Aboukir Land	1 5/16	1 7/16	.....
Argentine Land Investm.	1 9/16	1 11/16	.....
Do. Southern Land	1⅛	1¼"	.....
B.N.B. Land	7/3	8/3	.....
Forestal Land	23/3	23/9	−0/1½
Hudson's Bay Ord.	5⅞	6	.....
Pekin Syndicate	4/3	4/9	.....
Rio Negro Lands	1⅛	1¼	.....
Sudan Plantations	4⅝	4¾	.....

NEWSPAPERS.

Assd. Newspapers Def.	6 5/16	6 7/16	+3/16
Allied News Ord.	50/9	51/9	+0/3
Amalg. Press (New)	25/6	26/6	.....
Daily Mail Trst.	60/9	61/9	−0/3
Daily Mirror Ord.	6 5/16	6 7/16	+ 1/8
Illustrated Newspapers	25/9	26/9	.....
Sunday Pictorial Ord.	5⅜	5½	+ 1/8

NITRATES.

Allanzza	6½	7½	.....
Lagunas Nitrate	14/0	16/0	.....
Lautaro Nitrate	3¼	4	+ ¼
Liverpool Nitrate	1⅛	1 5/16	.....
London Nitrate	2⅛	2⅜	.....
Rosario Nitrate	15/0	16/0	+0/6
Santiago Nitrate	1	1¼	.....
Tarapaca Nitrate	7/6	8/6	.....

OILS.

Anglo-American	4 5/16	4 1/4	.....
Anglo-Ecuadorian	2 7/32	2 9/32	+ 1/16
Anglo-Egyptian "B"	1¼	1 5/16	+ 1/32
Anglo-Persian Ord.	5 7/16	5 1/2	+ 1/32
Do. 6 p.c. 1st Pref.	26 4½	26 10½	.....
Do. 6 p.c. 2nd Pref.	29/0	29/6	.....
Do. 5 p.c. Deb.	95	96	.....
Apex Trinidad	7 15/32	7 17/32"	+ 1/16
Attock	1 1/16	1 1/8	.....
British Borneo Pet. (10/-)	19/3	19/9	−0/3
British Burmah (B/-)	9/9	10/3	.....
British Controlled	9 15/16	10 1/16	+0/3
Do. Pref.	13 15/16	14 1/16	+0/3
Burmah	6 31/32	7 1/32	.....
Do. 8 p.c. Pref.	26/9	27/3	.....
Caltex	2/3	2/6	.....
Eagle Transport Pref.	5 7/16	5 11/16	.....
Do. 7 p.c. Notes	100	101	.....
Do. Bearer	101	102	.....
Kern River (10/-)	1 27/32	1 29/32	+0/1½
Lago (no par value)	6 29/32	6 31/32"	+ 1/8
Lobitos	17/3	17/9	−0/6
Mexican Eagle	16/0	16/6	−0/6
Do. 8 p.c. Pref.	15 4½	15 10½	−0 1/16
Do. 7 p.c. 1st Pref.	2/6	3/6	.....
North Caucasian (10/-)	5 4½	5 10½	.....
Omnium	6/3	6/9	.....
Oropuche (4/- sh. f.p.)	24/6	25/0	.....
Phœnix	2 15/16	3 1/16	.....
Royal Dutch	4 29/32	4 31/32	.....
Shell Transport	9⅝	9¾	.....
Do. 5 p.c. Pref. (£10)	23/0	23/6	.....
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	2 1/32	2 1/16	.....
Spies (2/-)	1 7/16	1 15/16	.....
Steaua Romana	1 7/16	1 15/16	.....
Tankers Pref.	10 4½	10 10½	+0 1/16
Trinidad Central	13/3	14/3	−0/3
Trinidad Leasehold	4 29/32	4 31/32	.....
Trinidad Petroleum	9 4½	9 7½	+0/3
United Brit. Trinidad	2/6	3/6	.....
Ural Caspian	3 1/16	3 3/16	+ 1/8
V.O.C. Holdings	3 1/16	3 3/16	+ 1/32
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.			.....

RUBBERS.

M.U.—Jan 24

Amal. Rubber Est.	3 4½		.....
Anglo-Dutch	49/1½		−0 4½
Anglo-Java	7/1½		−0 1½
Anglo-Malay	32/6		−0/6
Bertam Cons.	7 6½		.....
Bukit Mertajam	5/9		.....
Bukit Sembawang	3 4½		.....
Bumtar	26/3		.....
Damansara	23/9		.....
Grand Central	45/3		.....
Highlands	53/9		.....
Java Para	55/0		−1/3
Jugra Land	27/6		−0/3
Kamuning	5 7½		.....
Kapar Para	65/0		.....
Kepong	9/6		+2/6
Kuala Lumpur	85/0		−0 7½
Kuala Muda	50/0		.....
Labu	56/3		.....
Laras	51/3		.....
London Asiatic	6 10½		.....
Malacca	66/3		−1/3
Malayalam	40/3"		.....
Merlimau	5/3		.....
Mooply Valley	40/0		.....
Rubber Estate of Krian	3/6		−0 4½
Rubber Trust	41 7½		.....
Seafield (New)	47/6		.....
Selangor	49 4½		.....
Sialang	50/0		.....
Straits Rubber	26 10½		.....
Sumatra Para	6/3		.....
Tali Ayer	33 1½		.....
Tandjong	68/0		.....
Tandjong Malim	38/9		.....
United Serdang	7 1½		.....
United Sua Betong	95/0		.....
Vallambrosa	20/6		.....

TEAS.

Amal.Estates	4 1¼		.....
Assam Co.	43½		.....
Assam Dooars	43½		.....
Assam Front'r	24 4½		.....
Bor'wan'lawa	65 7½		.....
Borelli	7/6		.....
Brahmapoutra	35¼		.....
Brit. Indian	80 3/32		.....
Budla Beta	132 6		.....
Ceylon Com.	4/6	32/0	.....
Ceylon Prop.	62/6		.....
Chargola	20 7½	−0/3	.....
Chubwa	86/0		.....
Chulsa	180 7½		.....
Con. Tea & L.	30 9/16		.....
Darjeeling Co.	42/9		.....
Do. Consol.	35/9		.....
Deundi	23 7½		.....
Dima	5/32		.....
Dimbula Val.	68/9		.....
Doom Dooma	80/3		.....
E. Assam	75/0		.....
East Produce	26/0		.....
Empire	48/3		.....
Ledbury	61/3		.....
Lendu	28/9"		.....
Loengoer	2/4½		.....
Maneh'r N.B.	39/6		.....
Mombakut	21/10½"		.....
Mendaris	38 10½		.....
N. Hummock	26/3"		.....
Pahi P's (1/8p)	2/3		.....
P.P.K. (C'y'n)	30/0		−2/6
Palailing	35/0		.....
Pegoh	52/6"		.....
Pilmoor	51 10½		.....
Park Dickson	47/6		.....
Rasanuli	37/6		−1/3
Rim Malacca	5 5/16		.....
Rub. E. Joh'e.	26/3		.....
Sapong	20/0		.....
Sumatra'dе	31 10½		.....
Sedenak	52/6"		.....
Selangor	7/6		.....
Semblan	75/0"		.....
Sempah Sel.	28/0		.....
Seramban	20 4½		.....
Serdang (f'll.	41/3		.....
Singap'e Para	19"		−½
Sumber Aice	4 11/16"		.....
Strathmore	26 6½		.....
Sungei Con.	15/6		.....
Sungei Choh.	24/0		.....
Sungei K'par.	7/6		+0 1½
Sungei Kr. P.	36/3		.....
Sungei Raya	2/0		.....
Sungei Siput	2 0½		.....
Taiping	2 16½		.....
Tamiang	51/3"		.....
Tebrau	53/9		−1/3
Telogerodjo	62/6		.....
Tempeh	2 10½		.....
Timbang Del.	1 10½		.....
Toerangie	28 10½		.....
Un. Tenjuang	4/0		.....
Waverley	2 10½		.....
Yam Seng	5/9		.....

SHIPPING.

16/0	Cairn Line	17/6	18/6	.....
14/9	Cargo Fleet	14/0	15/0	.....
—	Cunard Line	24/0	33/0	.....
—	Cunard Ord.	19/6	20/6	.....
18/3	Elder-Dempster 6 p.c. Pf.	17/3	18/3	.....
—	Furness Withy	37/9	38/9	.....
—	P. and O. Def.	270	280	.....
—	Royal Mail Ord.	81	86	.....

TEXTILES AND STORES.

6/0	Amalgamated Cotton	5/3	5/9	−0/3
44/6	Bleachers	46/9	47/9	−0/3
6/6	Bradford Dyers	6/3	6/9	.....
7/3	British Celanese Ord.	6/3	6/9	.....
22/0	Calico Printers	22/9	23/9	−0/3
3	Coats	32/6	33/6	−0/3
51 32	Courtaulds	51 32	51 32	.....
52/0	English Sewing Cotton	49/0	50/0"	.....
45/3	Fine Spinners	42/6	44/6	−1/6
50/0	Groutts	2 9/16	2 11/16	.....
61/6	Harrods Stores	61/6	62/6	.....
—	Harrods (B.A.)	12/0	13/0	.....
—	Linen Thread Ord.	1 25 32	1 27 32	.....
—	Lister Ord.	20/6	20/6"	.....
23/6	Lister Def.	30/0	31/0	−2/0
23/6	Do. Def.	20/0	21/0	−2/0
—	Selfridge 6 p.c. Pref.	1 32	1 32	.....

TELEGRAPHS

23 16	Anglo-American Def.	24	24 1/2"	.....
16/0	Marconi Wireless Ord.	15/0	15/6	.....
1 18	Do. Pref.	1 15/16	1 16/16	.....
—	Do. Debs.	94½	96½	.....
23/0	Do. Marine	22/0	23/0	.....
3/6	Do. Canada	3/3	3/9	.....
—	Oriental Telephone	2 9/16	2 11/16	.....
10	Radio Corporation	10 5/16	10 10/16	+ 1 16
10 16	Do. Pref. ($50)	10 5/16	10 7/16	+ 1 16

MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIALS.

31/0	African and East. Trade	30/6	31/6	.....
18/6	Amal. Dental Pref.	6/3	7/3	−0/3
2 9/16	Anglo-Argentine 1st Pref	2 1/16	2 5/16	.....
16/9	Associated Cement	16/0	16/6	−0/1½
32/0	Borax Con. Def.	1 17/32	1 23/32	.....
116 1/2	Brazilian Traction	117	119"	−½
45/0	British Aluminium	45/3	46/3	−1/0
33/0	British Portland Cement	34/9	35/3	.....
16/9	B.S.A.	15/6	16/6	.....
25/6	British Oil and Cake	24/0	25/9	.....
2 5/16	Col. Elec. Rail. Pf.	123	126	.....
98/0	Brit.-Amer. Tobacco	96/3	98/9	.....
47/6	Bryant and May	46/0	46/9	.....
15¼	Carreras	14 9/16	14 13/16	−5/16
—	Crittalls	2 31/32	2 35/32	+1/32
28/0	Dunlop Rubber	27 4½	27 7½	.....
—	Do. 6 p.c. Deb.	101½	103⅝	.....
24/0	Do. "C" Prefs.	11¼	11⅝	.....
—	English Electric	14/6	15/6	.....
—	Finlay (James)	3 31/32	3 15/16	.....
31/9	General Electric Ord.	31/3	32/3	.....
—	Do. Deb.	105	108	.....
—	Gramophone Ord.	3½	3⅝	.....
110/3	Imperial Tobacco Ord.	109/6	110/9	+0/3
—	Imp. Chem. Indus. Pref.	23/6	23/6	.....
—	Do. Ord.	21/6	22/0	−0 1½
—	Do. Def.	5 7½	5 10½	−0 1½
—	International Pulp Pref.	1¾	1⅞	.....
10/9	Jute Indus. Pref.	9/6	10/6	.....
19/0	Lever 7 p.c. Pref.	18/6	19/0	−0/3
—	Lever 5 p.c. Debs.	94	95	+ ½
—	London Irish Trust Stk.	115	116	+ ½
—	Do. Pref.

CHANGES IN CONSTITUTION.

SENATORS INSIST ON TIME FOR DISCUSSION.

RUSH OF BUSINESS RESENTED.

When the Free State Senate met yesterday the Chairman (Lord Glenavy) announced that the Selection Committee had appointed the following senators to act as a Committee to consider the Constitution Amendment Bill No. 5:—The Chairman, Senators Bennett, Brady, Douglas, Jameson, Sir John Keane, Kenny, O'Farrell, and Mrs. Wyse Power.

Senator O'Farrell said that the Medical No. 2 Bill, 1926, appeared on the Orders of the day, in contravention of the Standing Orders.

The Chairman said that the Senate had reason to complain with reference to the manner in which this bill came before the House. There was no Minister in charge, and no one to tell them whether it was urgent or not. The President, in the Dáil, had pointed out that the bill should be through the Senate by the 14th of February. It was an uncontested bill, and if they did not suspend Standing Orders that day and put it through all its stages, he would have to summon the House to meet again on Wednesday next for the sole purpose of passing the bill.

Mr. Burke (Minister for Local Government) said that the bill only continued the present arrangements under the Medical Acts pending the introduction of a more important bill to deal finally with the matter. Negotiations were going on at the present time in connection with the proposed measure, but it would be three or four months before it would be ready for introduction.

Standing Orders were suspended, and the bill was passed through all its stages.

STRONG PROTESTS.

The Committee stage of the Constitution Amendment No. 2 Bill, 1926, was the next business. The bill proposes that at a general election the Speaker of the retiring Dáil should be returned automatically.

Sir Thomas Esmonde said that on the previous day they discussed the position of the Speaker; and he proposed an amendment to Clause One of the bill, so that it would read—"elected in the ensuing election, as an additional member of Dáil Eireann, representing his former constituency, and shall constitute an additional member with all the rights and obligations of an ordinary member."

Mr. O'Farrell asked whether it was worth while to discuss an amendment which had not been circulated or explained.

The Chairman said that the Minister for Justice was unavoidably absent in connection with other business.

Mr. O'Farrell said that he would propose that the Committee stage of the bill should be adjourned. Some of them were "fed up" with the way that business was brought before the House. He thought that it was absurd to discuss an important amendment which had not been circulated.

The Chairman said that there was nothing in the standing orders to prevent that from being done.

Mr. S. L. Brown said that no amendment ought to be proposed which Senators had not had an opportunity of considering.

Sir Thomas Esmonde suggested postponing the committee stage until next week. In the meantime the amendment could be printed and circulated.

Dr. Gogarty said that the House had been put into a chaotic position, and the Chairman's igenuity had been used to find a way in order to allow the House to function. That was due to the precipitate way some amendments had been thrust upon them. The House had been taxed to the pin of its collar and had to refer matters to a committee when the whole House should have an opportunity to discuss them. The Select Committee meant the avoidance of discussion, and having a hole-and-corner method of getting amendments though that were not welcome to the House or the country.

The Chairman—That is not quite fair to the select committees, because they have got to report to the House.

Dr. Gogarty—I am not referring to the committees, but to the discussion.

The motion to postpone the bill and two other Constitution bills was passed.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

On the report stage of the Local Government Bill, 1926, Mr. T. Lenihan moved the deletion of Sub-section 4 of Section 6, under which the agricultural grant would have to be applied at a flat rate to land and buildings. That, he considered, was very inadvisable.

Sir John Keane, in seconding, asked the Minister to explain what was intended by the section. He said that it was an astonishing proposal that the rate should be levied equally on lands and buildings, because it struck at the whole principle whereby grants were made towards the relief of agricultural burdens on land.

The Minister said that the amendment passed yesterday struck at the main root of the bill before the Senate. There were two sections in the bill which he regarded as of vital importance—numbers 6 and 7. These two sections would effect a great simplification of the present system and lead to a saving of something like £30,000 to the country. It was mainly with the object of securing that to the ratepayers this year that he was anxious to get the bill through before the 21st February.

The two sections were very technical and difficult, because they dealt with a very intricate and delicate matter. He had circularised a memorandum which showed how the department worked under the two systems. He had thought that Senator Lenihan, as a result, would have taken a reasonable view of those sections. The Minister then read a lengthy explanation of the two sections.

A DIFFERENT COMPLEXION.

Sir John Keane said that after the explanation the whole subject assumed a different complexion. "It is only now," added Sir John Keane, "since the officials got to work and briefed the Minister that we know the facts of the case. If he had been fully instructed on Wednesday I think that the House would have taken a different view."

The Minister—I said in a brief form yesterday substantially what I have said now.

Sir John Keane—Oh; the House can judge of that.

The Chairman—Probably the Minister, in his anxiety to be brief, was a little obscure.

Mr. Lenihan said that the Minister's statement did not bear on the present amendment. It did affect the amendment carried on Wednesday.

The Chairman—Is not the sub-section you want to delete a corollary to the preceding section?

Mr. Lenihan said that the sub-section he wanted deleted was to secure that no change should be made in agricultural land and hereditaments. It was consequential on the other one.

LEGISLATING BY ORDER.

In this matter, he continued, the Minister had been legislating by Order up to the present. He had repealed very important sections of the 1908 Act by simply laying the Order on the table of the House. Several Orders had not been noticed by the Senators, because the title of some of them did not indicate what they really contained. One of these Orders, for instance, was entitled "The Local Government Application and Adaptation of Enactments Order, 1925," and though it dealt with the agricultural grant there was not a word about the change in the agricultural grants in the heading.

If it were necessary to make a change in any Act of Parliament the proper way would be to bring forward a bill and debate it before a full House. He did not think that the Minister should have this power. Surely they did not intend these Orders to mean a repeal of other important enactments without notice to the House?

The Chairman—I am afraid it comes to that, and I may say that it is a subject of very grave concern. A complaint has been made on the part of people in England that this growing tendency on the part of Ministers to make orders is doing away with the making of legislation, and it is very difficult, as you yourself found out, to pick out legislation in these orders which otherwise seem perfectly innocuous. That is not the fault of the Minister, but the fault of the Senate, for they did not restrict the powers to make orders, and as long as he has that power he is entitled to exercise it.

Mr. Lenihan said that it was a very serious thing to make a change in the amount of the agricultural grant given to any district. He thought it would be quite easy for a Minister to work out a simple scheme that would not interfere with the rates on agricultural land and hereditaments.

The amendment was lost.

"HIS OWN MEDICINE."

The Minister was understood to ask the Chairman whether he ruled that the section stood.

The Chairman said it did not stand at all. In view of the explanation given, if it were satisfactory to the Senator in reference to the previous sub-section, the Senator might agree that the amendment should be deleted on the report stage.

Mr. Lenihan said that he would not agree. He could not see whether the £30,000 would come.

Sir John Keane asked whether it would not be best that the Dáil should have a "go" at it now.

The Chairman said that it was very unfortunate, in view of the attitude of the Minister not only with regard to this amendment, but to the one carried on Wednesday, that he did not put down a motion to restore the sub-section which was deleted on Wednesday. The Minister's explanation was that he thought it would be open to him to raise it that day, and possibly the House would now meet him.

Several members—"No, no."

Sir John Keane—No. Let him take some of his own medicine.

The Chairman said that he was afraid that the House had put itself in a false position. If they were satisfied the amendment moved that day was wrong, it was going back on what they did the previous day.

Sir Thomas Esmonde said that all they could now do was to recommit the bill in relation to the amendment that they passed on Wednesday.

A motion was passed recommitting the bill for the purpose of further consideration of Clause 6.

The next stage of the bill will be taken on next Wednesday.

RATES ON NEW HOUSES.

Mr. J. Farren moved an amendment which would have the effect of giving the tenants of all new houses erected under the recent Housing Acts the benefit of the clause granting a graduated remission of rates for twenty years. He pointed out that the tenants of houses recently built by the Dublin Corporation were not getting this benefit. They were owner-tenants, and the amount they paid covered the capital and interest—the current rates and the ground rent—and would make them owners in forty years. They were not getting the benefit of the remission of rates.

Mr. Brown, K.C., said that he—and he felt sure the whole House—had a good deal of sympathy with the points urged by Senator Farren. The form of amendment was, however, he thought, defective and would probably lead to a lot of confusion.

On the suggestion of the Chairman, the clause was recommitted with a view to endeavouring to meet the suggestions of the mover of the amendment.

The Senate adjourned until Wednesday next at 3 o'clock.

L.M.S. APPOINTMENTS.

NEW IRISH MANAGER AND ASSISTANT.

Mr. Frederick McDowell has been appointed Irish Traffic Manager of the London, Midland and Scottish Railway, Dublin, as from January 1st, 1927.

He entered the Great Northern Railway (Ireland) service at Belfast in 1897, and after five years' useful experience at various stations on that company's system joined the London and North-Western Railway at Liverpool in September, 1902, serving at a number of different stations in that district. Mr. McDowell was subsequently transferred to the Manchester district, and was in charge of Stockport, Leigh and Bedford goods stations, apart from his experience in the District Goods Manager's Office.

Early in the year 1920 Mr. McDowell was appointed to the Chief Goods Manager's staff at Euston, and was subsequently transferred to Dublin as outdoor assistant to the Irish Traffic Manager. In September, 1925, he was appointed Acting Irish Traffic Manager, Dublin, and since that date has been in control of the London, Midland and Scottish interests in the Irish Free State.

Mr. R. D. Roberts has been appointed Assistant Irish Traffic Manager of the London, Midland and Scottish Railway at Dublin. He entered the London North-Western Railway service at Holyhead in December, 1899, and completed his training on the Dundalk, Newry and Greenore Railway, a small system unique in its opportunities for obtaining practical experience in all branches of railway working. He was transferred to the Liverpool district in January, 1906, serving at Waterloo, Park lane, and Canada Dock Goods Stations.

In April, 1909, he was appointed outdoor clerk to the District Goods Manager, Leeds, being temporarily lent for four successive summer seasons to the Rolling Stock Superintendent at Stafford for special work in connection with the distribution of fruit vehicles. Mr. Roberts was appointed Goods Agent, Stafford, in July, 1913; Goods Agent, Shrewsbury, February, 1915; and in March, 1916, was lent for special duties to the Ministry of Munitions, London.

In September, 1917, he returned to the London and North-Western Railway service as outdoor assistant to the outdoor Goods Manager, Euston, and, following upon the amalgamation of railways, was transferred in January, 1922, to the General Superintendent, Manchester (Western Division), as head of section, Goods Station Working Department, being re-transferred to Euston in March, 1924, as chief clerk (goods station working) to the Goods Operating Manager of the London, Midland and Scottish Railway.

Mr. Roberts returned to Ireland as operating assistant to the Irish Traffic Manager, Dublin, on September 1st, 1925.

DUBLIN PORT'S SURPLUS OF £31,000.

POSSIBLE REDUCTION OF DUES

At the weekly meeting of the Dublin Port and Docks Board yesterday the Secretary (Mr. Bailey) submitted the accounts for the year. They showed that there was a surplus of £31,891 2s. 7d, as against £11,964 16s. 1d. last year.

On the motion of the Chairman, the Finance Committee were requested to consider the question of a reduction of dues.

HELPING THE "DOWN AND OUTS."

Mr. Francis Metcalfe, Honorary Secretary of the Morning Star Committee, Ozanam House, 53 Mountjoy square, wrote stating that he, with others, hoped to open in Dublin a lodging house for the "down and out" men of Dublin, with the object of uplifting them morally and spiritually. The funds of the Committee were very low, and he made application for a spare ship's bell, which would be used to call the men to their meals.

The Engineer was directed to grant the request, if an old bell was available.

WOMAN DRIVEN INSANE.

SEQUEL TO ARMED ROBBERY IN MONAGHAN.

Following a raid a few weeks ago by an armed raider at Tattygare, Rockcorry, Mrs. Reburn, wife of a labourer, then in Scotland, has since become insane as a result, it is stated, of the shock received, and has been committed to Monaghan Mental Hospital.

The only other occupants of the house when the raider called were three small children, whom it was necessary to remove to Monaghan County Home, as there was no person to take charge of them.

Hearing of the raid and robbery, the husband returned from his employment and found his home closed up, his wife in the Mental Hospital, and his children away in the County Home at Castleblayney.

He went to the Matron of the Home and told her that a few days previous to the robbery he sent a sum of £4 10s. to his wife to provide the necessaries of life, and was shocked to find that she had been robbed.

FIXING A QUOTA.

MEMBERSHIP OF ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY.

At a meeting of the Royal Dublin Society, held at Ballsbridge, Dublin, it was announced that the number of members on the roll shall not at any time exceed 8,000 annual members, together with 1,000 life members.

Mr. Justice Wylie presented the report of the honorary officers, who were asked to specially consider the director's statement on the Society's membership, and the following recommendations were unanimously adopted:—

That the number of members on the roll shall not at any time exceed 8,000 annual members, together with 1,000 life members.

That elections to membership shall be held annually as follows:—1st January, 1st April, 1st July, and 1st October.

Seventy-five per cent. of vacancies to be allotted to nominations of persons resident outside a ten-mile radius from Ballsbridge.

If insufficient nominations at any election to comply with above quota, the balance shall be allotted to candidates from within the radius.

All nominations to be dealt with in strict rotation as received.

These recommendations will in due course be placed before the members of the Society for approval.

INCREASE IN MEMBERSHIP.

The following tabulated statement shows the increase in the Society's membership (annual and life):—

1918	2,229
1919	2,231
1920	2,502
1921	3,401
1922	3,858
1923	4,012
1924	4,225
1925	5,275
1926	7,283
1927 (to date)	8,555

The rooms and amenities provided are now taken full advantage of, and the Council are anxious to ensure that all members shall be able to reasonably enjoy their privileges.

Provision is also being made for the reduction of the present life membership composition.

The Library Committee reported that the borrowing of books for the past year had totalled 85,559, being an increase of 28,054 on the previous record.

The Right Hon. Lord Rathdonnell, H.M.L., President, presided. Also present:—Professor John Joly, F.R.S., F.T.C.D.; Professor A. W. Conway, F.R.S., Vice-Presidents; Professor W. E. Adeney, D.Sc., and D. R. Pack Beresford, O.B.E., D.L., Hon. Secretaries; W. H. Brayden, O.B.E.; the Right Hon. James MacMahon, Edgar Anderson, M.A.; J. J. Buckley, M.R.I.A.; Professor H. J. Seymour, B.A., B.Sc.; R. F. Scharff, B.Sc.; Professor F. E. Hackett, Ph.D.; Edgar A. Pim, the Rev. Canon R. B. Stoney, D.D.; Walter J. Walsh, Edward Bohane, O.B.E., Director, and Arthur E. Moran, Registrar.

THEATRE LIQUOR SALE.

INTERESTING CASE OF DERRY OPERA HOUSE.

A case affecting the right to keep open the bar of a theatre for the sale of liquor after 10 o'clock, the closing hour under the Northern Ireland Licensing Act, 1923, was heard at Derry yesterday, when Percy Whittle, manager of the Derry Opera House, was prosecuted for selling drink during prohibited hours.

Mr. Gerald Dougherty (instructed by Mr. J. F. Young, Crown Solicitor) explained that the Opera House held a licence under the Excise Act, 1835, and claimed that it was entitled to sell liquor as long as there was a performance going on.

The Crown case was that, although the defendant had a licence to sell liquor during performances, it did not give him the privilege to sell drink irrespective of the ordinary closing hours outside as long as the performance was going on. On the contrary, an additional restriction was imposed: that was, that the bars in the Opera House could not be opened during the ordinary public-house hours, but could be opened during performances, and must comply with the ordinary regulations relating to closing hours. Therefore, the Opera House bars could not be open after 10 o'clock at night. This was well settled law.

Mr. F. G. Dickson, solicitor, for the defendant, said that that well settled law applied to ordinary publicans' licences held in connection with theatres, as was the case in Belfast. But the Derry Opera House was in an entirely different category, as it was the only theatre in Northern Ireland that held a theatre licence as distinct from an ordinary publican's licence, and was, therefore, not licensed premises within the meaning of the 1923 Act. When the Derry Opera House management was seeking the licence the Crown fought the point on the ground that the Recorder could not grant a theatre licence. The Opera House, however, got a theatre licence, under which the Opera House bars could be opened only when the performances were going on, and that was all the defendant claimed.

Mr. Glass, R.M., said that the arguments of Mr. Dickson were very interesting, but, in view of the fact that there had already been decisions, the magistrates must convict and impose a penalty of 20s., the licence not to be endorsed.

Mr. Dickson asked for a case stated.

UNSPECIFIED BARS.

There was a second prosecution against the defendant for selling drink, he not being a licensed person.

Mr. Dougherty said that the defendant was not entitled to sell drink in any part of the building not specified in the licence. There was no such specification. He, for one, would not press for a conviction, but suggested that the defendant should get a proper licence, specifying the bars in which liquor could be sold.

Mr. Dickson said that Mr. Whittle took a plan down to the Excise authorities showing where he intended putting the bars in the theatre. In spite of that, the Excise authorities issued a licence entitling the defendant to have bars wherever he liked in the theatre. The defend. t did everything he could to get the bars specified.

The magistrates dismissed the case without prejudice, but advised the defendant to get the bars specified.

SLIGO FARMER'S DEATH.

WIFE, SONS AND SISTER-IN-LAW SENT FOR TRIAL.

At Tobercurry yesterday James and John Kennedy (sons), Ellen Kennedy (wife), and Bridget Cryan (sister-in-law) were returned for trial to the Central Criminal Court in connection with the death of John Kennedy, senior, a farmer, aged 74, James Kennedy being charged with wilful murder, and the others with being accessories before and after the fact.

In the case of the wife, John Kennedy and Bridget Cryan, bail was fixed at £500 each and two sureties of £250 each.

MISSING LOUTH GIRL.

Dundalk and Hackballscross Civic Guards are still engaged on the search for Bridget McClernon (8½), who has been missing from her home at Falmore since January 8th last. Almost all the time they have been concentrating upon a quarry pond, which has an average depth of forty feet. This quarry is situated at Bridge-a-Chrim, quite close to the little girl's home. Explosives and grappling irons failed to yield any result save to show that the place had apparently been used as a repository for bicycles seized during the troubled times. The Civic Guards have now decided to pump out the pond.

THE SAVINGS MOVEMENT.

At the monthly meeting of the Free State Savings Committee, it was noted with satisfaction that the Limerick Savings Committee proposed to issue a special appeal to Limerick employers to co-operate in the work of the savings movement. A similar campaign was arranged in regard to the schools in the Limerick area. It was reported that similar action was about to be taken by the Cork City Savings Committee, and a special meeting to deal with the matter had been called for an early date.

NEW LICENSING PROPOSALS.

CORK TRADERS AND THEIR INTERESTS.

GOVERNMENT BILL TO BE FOUGHT.

Cork City and County members of the Licensed Trade Protection Association discussed the Government's promised licensing legislation at a meeting in Cork City yesterday, and passed resolutions protesting against what they described as the Government's iniquitous interference with their industry since the establishment of the Free State; and demanding, amongst other things, a fifty per cent. reduction in the duty on beer and home-made spirits, and the abolition of the endorsement clause in the Licensing Act of 1924. Mr. J. C. Foley presided.

NO RELIEF.

POSITION GROWING WORSE.

The Chairman, having stated that the secretary's report reflected credit on the committee and the association, said that last year they passed resolutions asking relief from taxation and the abolition of the penal clause regarding endorsements in the 1924 Licensing Act; but those efforts, he regretted to say, were in vain. In the new year a deputation to the Minister for Finance was given the answer that, unless the trade could guarantee that there would be no diminution in the revenue, there was no chance of a reduction in duty. Naturally, they could give no such guarantee. A final and powerful appeal was then made to President Cosgrave, all interests—distilling, brewing, maltsters, farming, wholesalers and retailers—being represented. Nothing was left unsaid to convince any reasonable Government that the time was overdue for relief, unless they wanted to blot out the licensed trade altogether; but President Cosgrave's answer was the same as that of the Minister for Finance.

The position now was even worse. They had seen the closing down the other day in their own county of another industry that had employed nearly 300 hands during a season of nearly nine months. Farmers in the district were affected by the closing of this distillery, with considerable loss to the owners and without compensation from the Government. There was a limit to human endurance, and members of the trade could wait no longer to see themselves ruined. Large capital interests, employment, and a barley market were some of the things at stake.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Twomey, chairman of the Cork Association, moved—"That the meeting protest against the iniquitous Government interference with their industry since the establishment of the Saorstat, whereby it is proposed by the Legislature to stereotype war taxes as affecting the trade for purposes other than their original intention of revenue-raising for war purposes, and to secure alleged remedial measures by pressure of the Finance Act rather than by putting the question of the need for reform to the people by the usual constitutional methods.

"Be it further resolved that, while the trade as a whole has given every possible support to the present Government, it must, as a measure of ordinary prudence, take such steps as will convince the Government that it is united and firm on securing equitable treatment for trade interests, particularly in seeking that their property is not filched from them by process of attrition under Finance Acts or by confiscation under other legislative enactments without just compensation. We demand—

(1) A 50 per cent. reduction in the duty on beer and home-made spirits.

(2) The abolition of the penal clause relating to endorsement of licences in the 1924 Act.

(3) Modification of the Liquor Commission report in any proposed new legislation: (a) compensation for reduction of licences to be a national charge; (b) continuous opening from 9 a.m. to 11 p.m., midday closing unsuitable to this country owing to system of mixed trading; (c) retention of bona-fide travellers' facilities in the interest of tourist development.

(4) As it is clear that bottles cannot be profitably manufactured in the Free State owing to limitations of output the import duty should cease.

(5) That the proposal to apply the Weights and Measures Act to beer bottles be dropped.

INTERESTS ASSAILED.

Mr. John Daly, T.D., in seconding, said it was necessary that the Association should have proper representation in the Dáil. The penal clauses which were proposed were matters of vital importance to the trade. Their interests were assailed, the valuation of their property reduced—confiscated in many places—and taxation imposed since the days that the British Government regarded it as a war necessity. They should fight that imposition in the interests of the working man, in the interests of direct labour, and see that the little enjoyments that come to the workers were not filched from them.

They were told that one-third of the public-houses were to go, but there were many publicans in different districts who, by the mismanagement of the Government in the taxation of stout and whiskey, were going out of the trade altogether, and were prepared to go out if they were even fairly compensated for the surrender of their licences. He did not think it right that those who retained their licences should be penalised to pay for those members of the trade who had gone out. He, for one, would fight the present bill at every step. He concluded with an appeal for funds to fight their cause.

A VIGOROUS AGITATION.

Mr. John O'Connor, Kanturk, said that he did not believe in the sincerity of the Government's temperance legislation.

Mr. William Kelleher advised the holding of meetings in Dublin, Cork, Limerick and Waterford, and Mr. J. Aherne also emphasised the necessity for a vigorous agitation all over the country.

Mr. P. Crowley, President of the Cork Chamber of Commerce, dealt with what he described as inconsistencies of the Government in dealing with the licensed trade. If the Government were honest in their temperance legislation they would have introduced prohibition. If the Government were honest in this the Association was prepared to co-operate with them. The straight course for the Government to follow was to take a plebiscite of the country on the question.

Mr. Gettings, Cork, said that there was no doubt that members of the licensed trade were treated as serfs or slaves—friendless orphans of the Free State. The Association should take steps to secure a pledge from members of the Dail as to their attritude.

FIGHTING FUND WANTED.

Mr. M. O'Callaghan (Cork) suggested that their secretary should write to members of the Dáil and get a pledge from them that they would oppose the bill, tooth and nail, and if not they could deal with them when the General Election came on.

Mr. Whelan, Chairman of the Limerick Association, urged more vigorous action by the trade, and Mr. Gleeson (Limerick) expressed a similar view.

Mr. W. Mackesy (Cork) said that he was not quite satisfied with the small amount of money in the funds of the Association. Members should be more practical, and set up a strong fighting fund.

The resolutions were then put, and unanimously carried, and the Chairman, in declaring the meeting closed, said that he was glad to see the determined spirit shown by the members.

MID-DAY CLOSING.

COUNTY COUNCIL'S PROTEST.

The Cork County Council, at its meeting yesterday, passed a resolution protesting against the proposed legislation compelling the closing of licensed premises between two and five o'clock daily, as it would cause great hardship and loss, not only to city traders, but to farmers, and the general public. The Council was of opinion that "nothing could be gained by such needless and unnecessary legislation."

"Black Eagle" Canned Salmon—best known and a prime favourite. Can you buy anything better?—(Advt.)

"Then for breakfast have a soup plateful of PORRIDGE made from OATMEAL . . . Add plenty of rich milk to the porridge"—

Sir W. ARBUTHNOT LANE, C.B.

BACK TO PORRIDGE

Is the clamant call of the guardians of public health

WHITE'S WAFER OATS

MAKES PERFECT PORRIDGE

1,000 TEN SHILLING NOTES

are now being presented to users of WHITE'S WAFER OATS or SPEEDICOOK WAFER OATS. Get a 2lb., 3½lb. or 7lb. packet TO-DAY. Each contains full particulars of the 10/- notes distribution.

LAST WEEK'S WINNERS

Mrs. McDermott, Castle Street, Letterkenny.
Miss Walsh, 2 Strand Street, Youghal.
Miss A. Cooke, Evergreen House, Youghal.
Miss Kathleen Kirk, St. Mary's Road, Midleton, Co. Cork.
Mrs. Macardle, Rock House, Midleton, Co. Cork.
Mrs. Connaughton, 3 Charlotte Row, Gorey.
Mrs. Counsell, Upper Main Street, Arklow.
Mrs. E. Polland, Chapel Street, Lismore, Co. Waterford.
Mrs. Nolan, Lr. Church Street, Enniscorthy.
Mrs. Geo. Freeburn, Main Street, Pettigo.
Mrs. McElrone, Clonelly, Kesh, Co. Fermanagh.
Miss M. Shannon, Ederney, Co. Fermanagh.
Mrs. O'Kelly, Church Hill, Wicklow.
Mrs. Roche, King's Square, Mitchelstown.
Mrs. E. Lysaght, 31 The College, Mitchelstown.
Mrs. R. Noonan, Thomas Street, Mitchelstown.
Mrs. A. Higgins, 5 Walker's Row, Fermoy.
Mrs. McSweeney, 9 Cork Road, Fermoy.
Mrs. G. O'Brien, 3 Thomas Street, Fermoy.
Mrs. Bradley, 1 St. Michael's Terrace, Athy.
Mrs. St. John, Duke Street, Athy.
Mrs. Jos. Doyle, Athy Road, Carlow.
Mrs. Delaney, 2 Montgomery Street, Carlow.
Mrs. Doyle, 1 Granby Row, Carlow.
Mrs. M. B. Forest, New Line, Charleville.
Mrs. M. I. Rooney, New Line, Charleville.
Mrs. J. Nagle, 8 Beecher Street, Mallow, Co. Cork.
Mrs. Sullivan, Ballydaheen, Mallow.
Mrs. M. Connery, 3 Mone Terrace, Kilkenny.
Miss Delaney, 4 St. John's Terrace, Kilkenny.
Mrs. Kerwick, 9 James Street, Kilkenny.
Mrs. Wynne, 3 Geraldine Place, New Street, Limerick.
Mrs. E. McInerney, 1 Davitt Street, Limerick.
Mrs. Barry, 6 Lansdowne Terrace, Limerick.
Mrs. G. Smith, 8 Osinington Terrace, Thomondgate, Limerick.
Mrs. Margaret Madigan, Osinington Terrace, Limerick.
Mrs. Highfield, 1 Killowen Terrace, Catherine Place, Limerick.
Mrs. M. O'Connor, Garrymore, O'Connell Avenue, Limerick.
Mrs. E. McKee, Ford Street, Mountmellick.
Mrs. Hayes, Chapel View, Adare, Co. Limerick.

WHITE, TOMKINS & COURAGE, LTD., Belfast, Tandragee, Dublin, Eglinton, London, Liverpool, Reigate, &c.

REFUSE TO BECOME MEXICANS.

WATERFORD VINTNERS AND THE GOVERNMENT.

The Free State Government was subjected to very caustic criticism at the annual meeting of the Waterford Vintners' Association in a discussion on the clauses of the new Licensing Bill.

Mr. Richard Dee, the Treasurer, said that the Government had got no mandate from the people at the last election to promulgate what he described as blackguard legislation in connection with the licensed trade. In fact, he said, they got no mandate for anything from the people, and went in without the consent of the people, and when they got in they proved to be wolves in sheep's clothing.

Referring to the bona-fide clause, he said that it deprived every individual of his liberty. They resented being told when and where to drink, and they were not going to allow the Government to make Mexicans and Americans out of them. If the Government persisted with this measure they should be put out—and would be put out. He could tell President Cosgrave that when re-contesting Kilkenny at the next election he would be put out if he pressed this bill forward. The licensed trade would join with the new Irish Nationalist Party, the Labour Party and the Farmers' Party in defeating the Government at the coming election if they went on with this measure. They were going to fight and would not allow this measure to be put down their throats.

"CRUEL AND CRUSHING."

Councillor Caulfield described the measure as a cruel and crushing law, directed against one body of traders only. If the Government passed the *bona fide* abolition clause they might as well drive the people of Tramore into Tramore Bay altogether. It was up to them as traders to make it impossible for the present Government to have the power to pass such laws.

The Chairman (Mr. M. Breen) deprecated the fact that the Government singled out the licensed traders as the people in whose cases the District Justices had no discretion. All these justices were the Government's own nominees, and, unlike the old J.P.'s, were incapable of being influenced or pulled.

Although the Government had many friends among the licensed trade they must expect them to hit back if they went ahead with the present measure. This measure, instead of having the drink traffic over and above board, would drive it underground and would foster home drinking and hip-pocket drinking habits.

AN ELECTION FUND.

ACTION BY TRADE IN DUBLIN.

A meeting of the Organising Committee of the Licensed Grocers' and Vintners' Protection Association of Ireland recently appointed for the South City Parliamentary Division, in connection with the forthcoming General Election, was held at the Offices of the Association, Commercial Buildings, Dame street, yesterday.

Mr. James J. O'Neill, Vice-Chairman of the Association, who is a constituent in the division, presided, and a large amount of business was gone through, and an election fund launched.

HOLDING-UP A POSTMAN.

PRISONER AND A "FOREIGN" COURT.

At the Limerick Circuit Court yesterday, before Judge McElligot, K.C., Michael Walshe, a young man, was indicted on a charge of holding up John Dee, a postman, between Ballylanders and Knocklong, and, with another man, not in custody, taking from him a motor bicycle.

Dee gave evidence of an obstruction on the road, and of being held up at the point of a revolver. His bicycle was taken from him, but not the mails, one man saying that they wanted the cycle to carry an important message ten miles away.

The prisoner stated to the judge that he was a Republican, and did not recognise the court, as it was set up under a Government that was established by a foreign country over the dead bodies of Irishmen who remained faithful to their ideals.

His lordship said that he could not allow such a ridiculous demonstration. He did not know if the jury considered him a good type of Irishman, but his lordship regarded him as a silly young ass, who gloried in what he had done and believed himself a hero.

The jury found the prisoner guilty.

Superintendent Fleming said that he believed the prisoner to be a bit "touched."

His lordship, in directing the prisoner's discharge, told the Guards to take him to the creamery, and roll him backwards and forwards in a churn. (Laughter.)

UNLICENSED BULL.

Thomas Darcy, Ballyduff, Clonmore, was fined £5, with £1 costs, at Hacketstown (Co. Carlow) District Court for keeping an unlicensed bull.

Mr. T. Doyle, State Solicitor, for the prosecution, said that it was a serious thing to disregard the regulations of the Department with regard to licensing of bulls.

LIVERPOOL BANK RAID.

TEN YEARS FOR YOUNG IRISHMAN.

A sentence of ten years' penal servitude was passed by Mr. Justice Greer at Liverpool Assizes yesterday on William McAllister (19), a labourer, who up to last year was a member of the Irish Free State Army, and who pleaded guilty to raiding the District Bank, Great Homer street, Liverpool, on October 13, and shooting four persons with a heavy pattern revolver which he carried.

McAllister shot Walter Cecil Tooby, the clerk at the bank counter, and snatched a handful of silver which was being counted, and which he pocketed. Rushing into the street he fired the remaining five cartridges, injuring three other persons. One of these, a labourer, named John Stevenson, was so badly wounded that for weeks he hovered between life and death, and is now badly paralysed. Police Constable Clarke, who was on point duty, and attempted to capture McAllister, was also shot, and it is stated that he will never regain the use of his left arm.

It was urged by Mr. Probyn Jones, barrister, that McAllister was extremely sorry for his act. While crossing from Ireland he and two friends decided when they got to England to raid a bank for money. When he got near the bank his friends left him. He did not intend to shoot, but after leaving the bank he ran amok.

Counsel said he had twice visited McAllister in Walton Jail, and his attitude was: "I have done it, and I am going to plead guilty."

Counsel, appealing for mercy, asked if it was possible for his lordship to see that McAllister was given a certain amount of discipline, without the stigma of jail.

RARE CLASS OF CASE.

Addressing the prisoner, Mr. Justice Greer said he did not think he intended to murder anyone, but it was clear he meant to do grievous bodily harm, and had he been charged with murder there could have been no hope for him.

This class of case, said his lordship, is very rare in this country, and I am prepared to accept your statement that other men put you up to it. You went into the bank with this loaded revolver intending to use it to assist you in your nefarious enterprise. Had you been an older man I should have sent you to prison for twenty years, but with youth on your side there is the possibility that you will make good. The crime of robbery under arms is also punishable by the cat, but having regard to the sentence I am passing, I shall omit that punishment. You will go to penal servitude for ten years.

McAllister, who had stood smartly to attention while the judge was addressing him, turned swiftly on his heel, and ran nimbly down the steps to the cells.

£50 FOR INJURED MAN.

The judge then said that John Stevenson had performed an act of courage in assisting the police, and had suffered enormously in consequence of that act. Under the statutory powers he had awarded him £50.

"The reward," his lordship added, "is no sort of compensation for what he has suffered."

BOY CHURCH BREAKERS.

DRINK WINE IN SACRISTY AND LEAVE WITH MONEY.

Seeing two boys standing up against a wall in Grafton street, Cork, at about 1.15 o'clock yesterday morning, Guard Doyle kept them under observation for some time, and then crossed over and opened an attache case in their possession, in which he found a sum of money and some articles, such as purses, keys, prayer books, etc. The boys then admitted that they had broken into St. Finbarr's Church (South), and one of them added that they had consumed all the wine in the sacristy there.

There was a sequel to the capture in the Cork District Court yesterday, when John Milton (18), Mary street, and Thomas Connor (15), Portney's lane, were charged with breaking into the church and stealing £5 16s. 8d. and goods value for about £1 6s., the property of the Very Rev. Canon Murphy, Administrator.

Milton, who had made a statement alleging that his father had threatened to cut his throat, and that he decided not to go home again, was sent to jail for three months. His father said that he was the only son surviving out of nine.

Connor was discharged on his father's recognisances in the sum of £10.

Canon Murphy, who was present during the proceedings, paid tribute to the work of Guard Doyle, and the Justice (Mr. D. B. Sullivan, B.L.) agreed that the Guard acted with the greatest promptitude.

DRUMSHAMBO CREAMERIES.

Drumshambo Agricultural Credit Society has applied to the Ministry of Lands and Agriculture for a loan of £1,500 to enable farmers to re-stock their lands and have an increased milk and butter supply through an auxiliary creamery which the society proposes to establish.

BELFAST HOUSING QUESTION.

A COUNCILLOR'S PROTEST.

Councillor H. Midgley has written to the Lord Mayor of Belfast, resigning his position as a member of the Housing Committee. In his letter, dated February 2nd, he says:—

"On the 11th January, 1927, I addressed a letter to you asking you to consider the advisability of either issuing a further interim report in the name of the Special Committee or making a pronouncement upon the matters dealt with by the Committee since the last report was issued. I did this because of the uneasy feeling which prevailed in public circles, that grave matters raised at the recent housing inquiry were being allowed to drop. To that letter I have received no reply, nor have you made a public statement on the matter, and I have, therefore, decided that no other course remains open for me than to resign from the Committee.

"In tendering you my resignation I desire to express my acute dissatisfaction at the trend of events since the housing question was first raised. Not only has there been a lack of public spirit on the part of business people in the City of Belfast, who might have assisted in the task of investigating causes of complaint in the conduct of civic affairs, but there has also been a disposition on the part of certain people to prevent legal consequences following in the wake of the malpractices which were exposed during the inquiry.

"In my deliberate opinion the citizens of Belfast are not likely to obtain satisfaction, either legal or otherwise, in the matters which arose as the result of the inquiry.

"As a protest, therefore, against what I regard as the conspiracy of silence, I am resigning from the Committee, in the hope that public opinion may yet demand and procure what is apparently unattainable under existing conditions."

PERJURY IN THE BOX.

"MUST BE PUNISHED," SAYS JUDGE SEALY.

Refusing an application for a certificate to appeal from a sentence of three months' imprisonment with hard labour imposed by him at Clonmel Circuit Court last week on M. Connolly, Edward Connolly, and William Kenneally, for rescuing goods seized on foot of a civil bill decree by the Sheriff's officers at Ballagh, Judge Sealy, at the Tipperary Circuit Court yesterday, said that if the men had pleaded guilty he would have let them out under the First Offenders Act; but, instead of doing that, they committed perjury, which was the reason why he punished them.

Any men who came into the box and perjured themselves, said Judge Sealy, must be punished. Any man who was charged now, when he came into the box, thought that he could swear himself out of it without any punishment. That was getting too common in the country altogether.

Mr. O'Connor, State Solicitor, said that he believed that the men had no intention of doing anything harmful to the Guards. The elder Connolly's wife was in a bad way over the case, and he asked the judge if he could see his way to support a petition in mitigation of the sentence.

Judge Sealy said that he might recommend some mitigation of the sentence, but he would not recommend the Minister to let these men out forthwith.

Mr. O'Connor—Would you say that after another week—fourteen days—they be released?

Judge Sealy—I do not say what I would recommend

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
THE HOME OF PANTOMIME.
Last Two Nights of the Successful Pantomime,
"RED RIDING HOOD."
TO-NIGHT AT 7.30, BENEFIT OF THE ANARTOS (LAURIE & ARTHUR).
SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS FOR THIS NIGHT.
Last Pantomime Matinee, Saturday at 2.

GAIETY THEATRE.
Next Week: THE DUBLIN UNIVERSITY DRAMATIC SOCIETY.
Monday, Wednesday, and Friday Evenings at 7.45, and Saturday Matinee at 2.30.
A THREE-ACT COMEDY.
TO HAVE THE HONOUR—
FIRST TIME IN DUBLIN.
Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Evenings at 7.45.
THE FAMOUS PLAY IN FOUR ACTS.
UNDER THE RED ROBE.
COLLEGE GALA NIGHTS, THURSDAY & FRIDAY.
USUAL PRICES. BOX OFFICE AT THEATRE.

OLYMPIA THEATRE
TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 7 and 9.
THE GREAT COMEDY REVUE,
"ON THE ROCKS."
A Laughter Show of Speed, Spice and Sparkle.
Powerful Cast includes BUD RICHE, in Song and Story; MONA WEELS, ETHEL RYDER, MIKE MORICE (in Good Rich Humour), and THE TEN BING GIRLS.
Box Office 11-4. 'Phone—3208.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT and FOLLOWING NIGHT at 8.
MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
"MAN AND SUPERMAN,"
By GEORGE BERNARD SHAW.
Booking at Theatre (10.30 to 6), and at Clery's.
Next Week—"AUTUMN FIRE."

METROPOLE CINEMA.
IVOR NOVELLO and JUNE
IN
"THE LODGER,"
By Mrs. BELLOC LOWNDES.
DAILY, at 2.40, 4.50, 7.0 and 9.10 p.m.
PRIZES FOR THE BEST REPRESENTATION OF IVOR NOVELLO and JUNE in "THE LODGER" WILL BE GIVEN AT THE CINEMA BAL MASQUE.

ST. DUNSTAN'S DANCE,
METROPOLE,
TO-NIGHT 8 TO 12.
Under the Patronage of
His Excellency the Governor-General and a distinguished Committee.
ROGERS-MAY DANCE BAND.
Exhibition Dances by Miss Evelyn Burchill and Mr. Harry Johnson.
Tickets 5/-, from
G. D. MAGUIRE, 45 Dawson street.

THE GRAFTON.
"THE OLD SOAK,"
FROM THE BROADWAY SUCCESS "DON MARQUIS," with
JEAN HERSHOLT and JUNE MARLOWE.
SHOWING AT: 2.0, 4.20, 6.40, 9.0.

GRAND CENTRAL.
LAST TWO DAYS.
HAROLD LLOYD in
"FOR HEAVEN'S SAKE."
Showing at 3, 5.10, 7.15, 9.20.
THE LAST WONDER OF THE WORLD,
DE FOREST PHONOFILM.
Showing at 4.55, 7.0, and 9.5.
Exclusive to Our Company.
NEXT WEEK—"THE FLOOD."

CORINTHIAN.
FEBRUARY 6th,
"BEAU GESTE"
From the story by Major P. C. Wren.
Daily at 2, 4.10, 6.20 and 8.30.
NEW IRISH SALON.
EXHIBITION OF PICTURES
BY 100 WELL KNOWN ARTISTS,
In MILLS' HALL, MERRION ROW, DUBLIN.
Open Daily. Admission 1/-.

SOUTH AFRICAN TOURING TEAM v. LEINSTER (LADIES).
MONDAY NEXT, PARK AVENUE
Tickets—Elvery's.

CIVIL SERVICE CRICKET CLUB.
A DANCE
Will be held in
CLERYS IMPERIAL BALLROOM,
On
TO-DAY (FRIDAY), FEBRUARY 4th, 1927.
Dancing 8-12.
MISS BILLIE WEINER'S BAND.
TICKETS—FIVE SHILLINGS.
Admission by Ticket, or payable at Door.

CLONTARF SWIMMING CLUB (LADIES' SECTION) will Hold a
CINDERELLA DANCE.
HOTEL RUSSELL (ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN), THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, 4th FEBRUARY, 1927.
ADELPHI DANCE BAND.
Dancing from 7.30 to 11.
Admission (payable at door)... ... 3/6 each

CLERYS BALLROOM
(CLERYS RESTAURANT).
BALLROOM CHAMPIONSHIPS COMPETITION.
Owing to one of the principal Judges being unable to attend on the date fixed, the Ballroom Championships, arranged for 12th February, will be held later on. Date will be announced shortly.
TEA DANCES 4 to 6.30 EVERY AFTERNOON.
Mr. Tim Coleman (London) in Clerys Syncopating Trio. Wednesday and Saturday, 2/-; Other Days, 1/6. The Ideal Place to Practise the Flat Charleston, Foxtrot, and Waltz for Clerys Ballroom Championships Competition.
If you do not dance, have Tea and look on.
CLERY and CO., LTD., O'Connell Street, Dublin.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

SAORSTAT EIREANN.

APPOINTMENT
OF
KEEPER OF IRISH ANTIQUITIES
IN THE
NATIONAL MUSEUM, DUBLIN.

Applications are invited for the appointment of Keeper of the Irish Antiquities Section in the National Museum, Dublin. The salary of the post will be £600 per annum, rising by £20 per annum to £800 per annum, with Cost of Living Bonus on the usual Civil Service Scale; at the present rate of bonus £600 plus bonus amounts to £814 per annum. The post is a whole-time one carrying pension rights under the Superannuation Acts, and will be held subject to the provisions of the Civil Service Regulation Acts, and any regulations made or to be made thereunder.

The duties of the Keeper consist principally in the care of the Royal Irish Academy's collection of antiquities, which is housed in the National Museum. The Keeper is a Civil Servant, and is required to attend in the Museum at the regular hours prescribed for Civil Servants. He is further expected to organise and pursue researches in the field of Celtic Archæology, with special regard to the objects in the Academy's collection, and to keep himself fully informed as to archæological discovery, wherever it may occur, and to advise the Academy as to the purchase of objects offered for sale.

Candidates should produce evidence that they possess a thorough knowledge of Archæology, with particular reference to the earlier periods of human culture. They should submit lists of their published work, and furnish proof that they have had some experience of the work of an archæological museum.

Candidates must not be more than 50 years of age on the 1st March, 1927.

The qualifications of candidates for appointment will be reviewed by a Selection Board appointed by the Civil Service Commission.

Applications, which should state applicant's age, should be received not later than 28th February, 1927, by

AN RUNAIDHE
(The Secretary),
COIMISIUN UM STAT-SHEIRBHIS
(Civil Service Commission),
33 ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

81/H5189. W.H.Co.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE GOODS OF
DERMOTT MURPHY, late of 3 Neville road, Rathgar, County of Dublin, and 1 Foster place, in the City of Dublin, Deceased.

Any person having any claims against the estate of the above Deceased, who died on the 26th January, 1927, are required to send full particulars thereof to

D. and T. FITZGERALD, Solicitors, 20 St. Andrew street, Dublin.

YOUR Character will be accurately delineated from your Handwriting by an expert. See the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" to-day.

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PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
LAYTON AND JOHNSTONE,
America's Celebrated Entertainers,
In their Latest Song Successes,
Supported by
A SPLENDID VAUDEVILLE COMPANY,
Comprising Nearly
30
ARTISTES OF INTERNATIONAL MERIT.
WINTER GARDENS,
AFTERNOON DANCING,
3.30 to 6 Daily.
TEA 2/- DANCING FREE.

TIVOLI.
(I-LOV-IT.)
6.45.....TWICE NIGHTLY.....9 O'C.
"PANTO PICKINGS" (A Revue).
ALL THE MOST SUCCESSFUL PANTO. STARS IN ONE BIG SHOW.
Enormous Cast, including JIMMIE O'DEA, Syd Monroe, Tony Wood, Peggy Cunard, 3 Bon Bons, Gaby Gibbons and 36 others.
Also DE FOREST PHONOFILMS.
The Latest Wonder of the World.
Book Now for this Enormous Attraction.

THE PAVILION
DUN LAOGHAIRE. ..... 3.30 to 10.15.
DOUGLAS McLEAN
In Geo. M. Cohen's Delightful Mystery-Comedy,
SEVEN KEYS TO BALDPATE.
At 4, 6.25, 8 9, O. Henry Film, Pathesong, Eve, &c.
Monday—"Mademoiselle from Armentieres."

LA SCALA THEATRE.
TO-DAY. ..... 3 to 10.30. ..... CONTINUOUS.
CECIL B. DE MILLE'S
THE TEN COMMANDMENTS.
THE GREATEST DRAMATIC SPECTACLE OF ALL THE AGES.
ELABORATE INTRODUCTORY SCENA.
At 3.15 and 8.10 Performances Only.
SPECIAL MUSIC AND FULL EFFECTS.
LA SCALA ORCHESTRA (Specially Augmented).
SHOWING AT 3.15, 5.45 and 8.10.
MONDAY NEXT—
PAULINE FREDRICK IN THE NEST.
PAULINE FREDRICK

ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY.
AFTERNOON LECTURES,
IN THE MEMBERS' HALL, BALLSBRIDGE,
THIS (FRIDAY) AFTERNOON AT 4 p.m. and 8.15 p.m.,
OLD ENGLISH MADRIGALS,
WITH ILLUSTRATIONS by
"THE TUDOR SINGERS."
DR. JAS. E. WALLACE.
TICKETS FOR ADMISSION OF THE PUBLIC, FOUR SHILLINGS EACH.
Members are privileged to attend the Lectures free, and also to obtain tickets for friends at Half Price.

ATKINSON'S IRISH POPLIN.
NECKWEAR SPECIALISTS.
ARTISTIC MILLINERY.
LADIES' COATS from 10 guineas.
Charming Colours. Latest Models.
IRISH LACE MERCHANTS.
Large Variety. Newest Designs.
SILK AND LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.
31 COLLEGE GREEN, DUBLIN.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

RATHMINES Y.M.C.A.
159-161 RATHMINES ROAD.
SPECIAL VISIT OF SADHU J. NELSON CHRISTANANDA (an Indian Christian Sadhu), Is Conducting a
SERIES OF MEETINGS IN THE ASSOCIATION BUILDING, as follows:—
TO-DAY (FRIDAY), 3.30—DEVOTIONAL MEETING. 8 p.m.—Subject, "The Hidden Mystery." Meetings will be continued To-morrow (Saturday) and Sunday.
The Sadhu is visiting Ireland for a short time, after an extensive pilgrimage in twenty different countries in Europe.
ALL WELCOME.

DIOCESE OF GLENDALOUGH, PARISH OF INCH.
The Curacy-in-Charge of this Parish is now vacant. Particulars may be obtained from the Diocesan Secretary, 43 Kildare street, Dublin.

REGISTRATION OF CLUBS (IRELAND) ACTS, 1904 and 1924.
SIRS.—Take Notice that I intend to apply for a Renewal of Certificate of the Registration of the Woodbrook Golf Club, Woodbrook, Bray, County Dublin, at Shankill District Court, on Friday, the 4th March, 1927, at 11 o'clock a.m.
Dated the 31st day of January, 1927.
THOMAS O'MAHONY, Secretary.
FREDERICK CROSKERRY & SON, Solicitors, 30 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference. — Pressure is high over most of Europe, and a deep depression west of Norway is moving north-east. A secondary depression over Ireland will probably move north-east, and be followed by other disturbances. Winds will be mainly from south-west, fresh to strong at times, and the weather will be fair to dull and mild, with occasional rain or drizzle in most places.

Ireland.—Wind mainly between south-west and west, strong at times; mainly cloudy, occasional rain or drizzle; visibility moderate to good; mild.

All Irish Seaboards. — Wind south-west, fresh to strong at times; cloudy, occasional rain or drizzle; visibility moderate to good; sea rather rough.

Dixon and Hempenstall Barometers and Thermometers. 12 Suffolk Street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN WEATHER REPORT.

Jan.	Bar.	Thermometer. Temp. 10 p.m.	Max.	Min.	Grass Min.	Wind.	Rain, m.m.	Sun hours
28	29.224	43.0	53	42	35	S.W.	2.8	0.0
29	29.196	38.0	44	36	30	S.W.	1.2	2.5
30	29.148	39.3	44	37	29	S.W.	0.9	4.0
31	29.402	32.6	43	37	29	W.	Trace	3.9
Feb. 1	29.685	36.7	42	35	27	—	—	0.1
2	30.070	43.9	44	31	23	W.	—	1.0
3	30.034	51 0	55	43	28	S.W.	Trace	3.9

THE SUN.

To-day....Rises	8. 7	Sets 5.12
To-morrow..	8. 5	... . 5.14
Lighting-up Time		..... 6.12

HIGH WATER—DUBLIN.

To-day....Morning	0.38	Afternoon	1. 1
To-morrow..	1.24	... .	1.48

TO-DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

Gaiety Theatre—"Red Riding Hood," 7.30 p.m.
Theatre Royal—Variety, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Olympia Theatre—"On the Rocks," 7 and 9 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"Man and Superman," 8 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—"Panto Pickings," 6.45 and 9 p.m.
La Scala Theatre—"The Ten Commandments," 3 to 10.30 p.m.
Metropole Cinema—"The Lodger," 2.40, 4.50, 7.0, and 9.10 p.m.
Grafton Cinema—"The Old Soak," 2.0, 4.20, 6.40, and 9.0 p.m.
Grand Central Cinema—"For Heaven's Sake," 3, 5.10, 7.15 and 9.20 p.m.
Corinthian Cinema—"Beau Geste," 2, 4.10, 6.20 and 8.30 p.m.
The Pavilion, Dun Laoghaire—"Seven Keys to Baldpate," 3.30 to 10.15 p.m.
Exhibition of Pictures—Mills' Hall, Merrion Row.
Royal Dublin Society Lectures, 4 and 8.15 p.m.
Law Courts and Circuit Courts.
South City Markets Co., 3 Fade street, 3 p.m.
Royal Irish Academy of Music Concert, 4 p.m.
Lecture at Kevin street Technical Schools, 8 p.m.
County Councils' General Council, 11 Parnell square, 11.30 a.m.
Lecture at Christ Church Cathedral (Music School-room), 8 p.m.
Central Association of School Mistresses, Alexandra College, 8 p.m.

YOUNGEST OFFICER IN AIR FORCE.

KILLED IN FLYING ACCIDENT.

Pilot Officer Gomer Flower Lewis, second son of Sir Herbert D. W. Lewis and Lady Lewis, of Cathedral road, Cardiff, and Sennybridge, Brecon, who was killed in a flying accident at Upavon, Wiltshire, on Wednesday last, was the youngest officer in the Royal Air Force—he was only nineteen years of age. Educated at Cheltenham College, he qualified as a first-class pilot at Cranwell in December last. He was an enthusiastic oarsman and a good Rugby player.

The Irish Times.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1927.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

A strong plea was made for abolishing the tax on racecourse betting and a reduction of the amusement tax was made by a deputation representing the Irish Turf Club, the breeders, owners and trainers, who saw Mr. P. J. Hogan, the Free State Minister of Agriculture, yesterday. The Minister announced that the Free State Government had decided to introduce the totalisator on Irish racecourses.—(Page 7.)

The Clyde Shipping Company's steamer Sheerness was wrecked off the Tuskar Rock early yesterday morning. All of the thirty-one persons aboard got away in the ship's boats, and, with the exception of the chief officer, who was drowned, succeeded in reaching land after suffering much hardship.—(Page 7.)

The Dublin Port and Docks Board had a surplus of £31,000 on last year's working of the port.—(Page 5.)

Cork City and County licensed traders, at a meeting in Cork yesterday, passed a resolution protesting against what they described as the Government's iniquitous interference with their trade, and expressing determination to fight the Government's new licensing proposals.—(Page 5.)

Evidence regarding the building trade and the nursing profession was given at yesterday's sitting in Dublin of the Technical Education Commission.—(Page 5.)

A conference of agriculturists convened by the Fianna Fail organisation was held in Dublin yesterday.—(Page 11.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

A verdict for Lord Gladstone was given yesterday in the action brought against him by Captain Peter Wright.—(Page 7.)

A sentence of ten years' penal servitude was passed by Mr. Justice Greer at Liverpool Assizes yesterday on William McAllister (19), an Irish labourer, who pleaded guilty to raiding the District Bank, Great Homer street, Liverpool, on October 13th last and shooting four persons.—(Page 5.)

The Dublin steamer City of Waterford, which was loading a cargo at Stornoway, was driven ashore, and it is feared that she will become a total wreck.—(Page 7.)

SPORTING

At Gatwick yesterday Lordi won the Brook Novices' Steeplechase.—(Page 10.)

FINANCIAL

London Stock Markets were irregular. Funds and Foreign Loans were steady. Canadian Pacifics rose 5½ points to 181¼.—(Page 4.)

Conditions in Lombard street were comfortable, and overnight loans were made at 4½ per cent. and afterwards at 4 per cent. Discount rates were steady.—(Page 4.)

In Dublin the market fluctuated. Guinness closed 1-16 better and Bank Stock rose a point to 269½. Textiles were a weak spot.—(Page 4.)

Road and Rail.

The traveller through Dublin sees daily, lined along the quays, motor omnibuses that bear the names of towns far off on the borders of Ulster and Connaught and throughout the green province of Leinster. He sees names gliding through the streets that suggest wonderful scenes and famous deeds, as if they were heraldic emblems. In Belfast, in the spacious square beside the railway terminus, he sees again the serried names of Ulster, that invite him to the Glens of Antrim, the shores of Carlingford Lough and the banks of Lough Neagh. In Waterford, Cork, Limerick, Galway, or Londonderry, the same curious impression, as if the streets had been lengthened out to the ends of Ireland, assails him. According to recently published information, there now are no fewer than sixty-one omnibus routes in the Free State. If the services in Northern Ireland—which are far more fully developed than those even of Leinster—were contemplated at the same time, it would seem that some immense revolution had overtaken transport in this island. Expansion, indeed, is by no means complete. Every week brings news of the opening of fresh lines, especially in the South. The time assuredly is at hand when it will be possible to travel by public coaches from end to end of Ireland, even as it is possible already to travel from end to end of Britain. When this veritable revolution is carried out, what will be the effect upon transport in general? It may be well, here and now, to examine the probable consequences of the new situation.

Ireland may find that the answer to her question has been worked out already in England. The root of the whole problem is found in the rivalry of the new road transport and the railways. An important correspondence in *The Times* has discovered the claims and the grievances of each party. On the one hand, apologists for the railways have argued that the motor vehicle has an undue advantage, inasmuch as it uses a track which it does not maintain, and to the upkeep of which the railway companies, as taxpayers and ratepayers, contribute. In reply, the apologist for road transport contends that national progress would be hindered by the artificial protection of the railways. One party demands that the omnibus should be saddled with the same statutory obligations as the railways; the other that the new form of transport should be freed of all unnecessary burdens in order that it may yield to the nation the largest service of which it is capable. Each side has a strong case, and it is evident that the true interest of the country lies in the satisfaction of the legitimate claims of both. The only solution of the rivalry which can benefit the public is, not victory for either, but mutual agreement. Writing in *The Times* yesterday, Mr. William Graham, formerly Financial Secretary to the Treasury, sums up the common-sense of the position when he says that the services "are not, in fundamentals, in conflict; everything is to be gained by regarding them as complementary." A transport war, he contends, would cost the country millions of pounds in avoidable waste, and would result in ultimate inefficiency. Public ownership or regulated trust, he thinks, may be necessary; and he points with approval to a scheme which is being considered in London of common fund and common management of all passenger transport undertakings—railways, tramways and omnibuses.

Thus England, with her immensely wealthy railways, her enormous volume of passenger and industrial transport, her vast network of road services reaching into the remotest hamlets of the land, recognises co-operation between the services as vitally necessary. Much more co-operation must be necessary in Ireland, where neither road nor rail service caters for more than a comparatively meagre body of traffic. Wanton rivalry in Ireland would inflict fresh injuries on the already overburdened railways, and would deprive the public of desirable motor services by rendering them unprofitable. Obviously, at all times the railways will be necessary to relieve the roads of heavy traffic that would make them unpleasant, unsafe and unduly costly to maintain. On the other hand, the motor vehicle, reaching into the byways of the counties, always must be an invaluable feeder to the train and an agreeable means of rapid travel through the countryside. The actual basis of co-operation between the two services cannot be hammered out finally at the present stage of development; but one important premiss can be completed. It is possible forthwith to create in the two Irish States Transport Ministries which will co-ordinate transport services in the public interest from the beginning. This should be done immediately, if only to prevent recurrence of the many private losses that have occurred through ill-considered enterprises and reckless competition. Two important results would flow from the institution of such ministries. Firstly, problems of reconstruction, like that concerned with Dublin's need of new bridges, would be approached with the fullest possible *data* regarding traffic demands. Secondly—and most important of all—the Transport Ministers would be constrained by experience to keep persistently before their Governments the fact that this little island is too small for rivalry between North and South.

The Future of Irish Racing.

Yesterday the Free State Minister for Lands and Agriculture received a deputation which represented every branch of the racing and horse-breeding industries of the country. It included stewards of the Irish Turf Club, prominent breeders, owners and trainers of horses in the Free State, and presented a case to the Minister which seems to have impressed him very strongly. The Irish racing industry is in a bad way. The amusement and betting taxes have dealt it a staggering blow, and, as the deputation told Mr. Hogan yesterday, some early measure of relief is essential to its continued existence. Some very interesting figures were produced in support of the deputation's case. Since the amusement tax was instituted no less than £133,000 have been contributed at metropolitan race meetings, while stakes have fallen in value by £30,000, and the number of horses in training has fallen by 200. During the seven years in which this tax has been operative the Government authorities have received £100,000 more than the shareholders from the Curragh and metropolitan meetings; and, now that the incidence of the amusements tax has been aggravated by the betting tax, the future of the Free State racecourses is in grave peril. We are very glad that Mr. Hogan has promised to bring the matter before the Minister for Finance, and that he has undertaken to secure for it "most sympathetic consideration." The racing and breeding interests are making a very moderate claim. They ask for the exemption of course betting from the application of the betting tax; for the reduction of the amusements tax by half—the money thus saved to swell the stakes at the various race meetings; and for the immediate installation of the totalisator system, with a view to the application of two and a half *per cent.* of its earnings towards the same end. The horse-breeding and racing industries are of enormous value to this country; and, as was pointed out to Mr. Hogan, one cannot exist without the other. Apart altogether from their social aspect, which, in itself, is sufficiently important, their economic significance is considerable. The value of horses in training in the Free State is about £560,000. Every year thoroughbreds are sold to the amount of some £1,500,000, and yearlings alone fetch £500,000. Hundreds of thousands of pounds are spent directly and indirectly in connection with race meetings, and anything that interferes with their prosperity does damage to one of the country's most lucrative sources of income. Since the imposition of the betting tax not only has betting declined, but there has been a marked decrease in the attendance at Free State meetings. From every part of the country this symptom is reported, and the whole industry, undoubtedly, is faced with a serious crisis. For that reason, we hope that the Minister for Finance will recognise the importance of the case which was submitted by yesterday's deputation, and are glad that he has decided already to introduce the totalisator. The new Ireland needs all the amenities which it can retain, and the country still has a high reputation throughout Europe for the excellence of its horses and the sport that they afford. Unless the race meetings are enabled to continue, the breeding industry will be bound to suffer; and without some relief from taxation some of the racecourses, at least, will be forced to cease operations. The proposal to devote to the enhancement of stakes the money saved by a remission of part of the amusements tax, as well as a percentage of the totalisator's profit, seems to us to be excellent. The Free State exchequer would lose little, if anything, by the change; Irish race meetings would receive a badly-needed stimulus, and the horse-breeding industry would be given a new lease of life.

A Great Man's Name.

The verdict which was returned by a special jury in London yesterday in the "Gladstone libel case" will be applauded by all honest men. Judgment was delivered, with costs for the defendant, in the case in which Captain Peter Wright, author of a book entitled "Portraits and Criticisms," sued Viscount Gladstone for libel as the result of a letter which led to his expulsion from a London Club. The public has followed the evidence in this unsavoury case which has received wide publicity; and there is not the slightest doubt that Lord Gladstone had complete justification for his action concerning Captain Wright. The latter's book contained charges of the grossest kind against the moral character of the late Mr. W. E. Gladstone, one of Britain's greatest and most highly respected statesmen. Gladstone's reputation is proof against charges of this type, and history did not need the jury's rider to confirm its verdict of one of the noblest characters that grace its pages. Nevertheless, despite the unworthy tittle-tattle and mischievous gossip which have characterised this *cause célèbre*, the publicity which it has received is likely to be productive of good rather than of evil. Of recent years the market has been flooded with books of reminiscences, many of which, devoid of all literary value, have depended for their sales on highly-spiced stories of well-known public men. Sometimes the identity of the persons in question has been disguised thinly. Sometimes even this poor excuse has been scorned; and dead as well as living have been exposed to the poisoned barb of the calumniator's pen. Captain Wright's charges against Gladstone have been proved to be as false as they were stupid; and it is to be hoped that his experience will act as a deterrent to the host of scribbling scoffers who are prostituting the art of letters for the sake of a brief notoriety. We congratulate the aged Lord Gladstone on his defence of his great father's name, at the triumphant vindication of which the whole British race will rejoice.

The Royal Dublin Society.

At a meeting of the Council of the Royal Dublin Society at Ballsbridge yesterday a resolution was passed limiting the annual membership of the Society to 8,000, in addition to 1,000 life members. The necessity for this restriction illustrates the remarkable progress of the Royal Dublin Society during the last few years. In 1918 the total membership amounted to 2,229. By 1921 it had increased to 3,401, and in the following year it had sprung again to 3,858. Last year, however, no fewer than 7,283 members were on the roll, while this year already that number has risen to 8,553. Clearly, in the circumstances, some limit was essential; for the Royal Dublin Society's premises, fine as they are, cannot accommodate unlimited numbers. Some indication of the popularity of the Society among its members may be derived from the fact that last year no less than 83,559 books were given out by the Ballsbridge library—a number which exceeded by 28,054 the previous "record." Ireland owes a great deal to the Royal Dublin Society, which, despite the difficult times through which the country is passing, continues to go from strength to strength. Its annual Horse Show has taken its place among the most brilliant social functions in Europe. Its Spring Show is expanding every year; while its weekly concerts during the winter season are doing more than anything else to keep the art of music alive in Dublin. The Society's activities are as varied as they are admirable. Its progressive policy is setting a valuable example to the whole country, and while it continues its good work there will be no excuse for despair in the Free State.

OBITUARY.

MR. T. A. STANUELL.

Mr. Thomas Athill Stanuell, who died in London on the 2nd instant, was in his seventy-sixth year. For many years he was a member of the firm of Stanuell and Sons, solicitors, St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, and was well known in legal circles in the city. Mr. Stanuell graduated in Dublin University, of which he was a Master of Arts, and was admitted a solicitor in 1876.

From 1901 to 1902 Mr. Stanuell was President of the Incorporated Law Society, and as President of the Statistical Society he went to London and gave important evidence before the Royal Commission on Arterial Drainage in Ireland. Mr. Stanuell had written various pamphlets, and was author of a work on the Light Railways and General Tramways Act. He was a member of the Solicitors' Benevolent Society. In his younger days he was an active football and tennis player, and had taken part in tennis tournaments in England. In 1918 Mr. Stanuell's health compelled him to retire from the firm of Stanuell and Sons, and soon afterwards he went to reside in London.

MISS MARIE ILLINGTON.

Miss Marie Illington, the well-known actress, died in London yesterday. Miss Illington made her first appearance on the stage at Edinburgh in 1874. Her playing of parts in "Arrah-na-Pogue," "The Flying Scud," "Black-Eyed Susan," and "The Shaughran" made her name in Scotland. In September, 1875, she found her way to London, and was seen in "Red Tape" at the Haymarket Theatre. Afterwards she played many parts, among her best known being Mrs. Bulsom Porter in "Mrs. Dane's Defence," Mrs. Jardine in "Mrs. Gorringe's Necklace," Lady Darby in "The Case of Rebellious Susan," Mrs. Bloodgood in "Are You a Mason?" and Mrs. Mulholland in "The Duke of Killierankie."

SCOTSMEN AND PORRIDGE

A SURPRISE FOR THE JUDGE.

"And what about the porridge?" asked Judge Sir Alfred Tobin, at the Westminster County Court yesterday, after inquiries as to how a cook had dealt with other comestibles.

"We never have it now," answered the defendant, quite confidently.

"What! Scotsmen do not eat porridge?" exclaimed Judge Tobin. "I think with that we had better adjourn, as I happen to know many lairds in Argyllshire, and they always take porridge."

MR LUCK'S GOOD LUCK.

TWINS WHO BROUGHT £1,000.

Luck in a very unusual form has come to one of a family bearing the same name at Tunbridge Wells. The good fortune has come with the birth of twins against whose arrival an insurance policy had been taken out. The mother of the twins is Mrs. Dumbreck, wife of a farmer living near Tunbridge Wells, daughter of Councillor A. G. Luck, of Tunbridge Wells.

Last August Mr. Dumbreck spoke to Mr. Luck and proposed insuring against twins. "Make it a thousand," advised Councillor Luck, and I will pay the premium." This was done, and the twins having been born last Friday, Mr. Luck's policy duly matures.

FUNERAL OF SIR ROBERT JARDINE, BART.

Yesterday the coffin containing the remains of Sir Robert Buchanan Jardine, Bart., was taken on an old driving carriage, drawn by a pair of black horses, from his home at Castlemilk, to St. Mungo Churchyard, Lockerbie, where the burial took place. The staff and estate servants carried the coffin to the graveside.

DIOCESE OF GLENDALOUGH.

The Board of Nomination for the United Parishes of Athy and Kilberry met yesterday at the Diocesan Offices, 43 Kildare street, Dublin, when the Rev. K. M. Dunlop, M.A., Incumbent of Chapelizod, Diocese of Dublin, was nominated to the vacant Incumbency.

The Broadstone Social Club held a very enjoyable dance in the Metropole Ballroom, Dublin, last night. There was a large attendance of members and friends.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The Prince of Wales is the guest of Lieutenant-Colonel Robert E. -K. Leatham, D.S.O., during his stay at Aldershot, where he has been making informal inspections of the Welsh Guards and their quarters, and various regimental institutions. A meet of the Aldershot Command Draghounds had been specially arranged for Wednesday, but owing to a heavy fall of snow had to be abandoned. Though disappointed of a run, the Prince did not remain indoors, but was out all the afternoon, and paid a number of private visits. To-morrow His Royal Highness goes to Cardiff for the Scotland v. Wales Rugby match, and will attend the Welsh Guards' Old Comrades' annual dinner in the evening before returning to London.

The Duchess of Atholl, the Marchioness of Londonderry, the Countess of Strathmore and Kinghorne, the Countess of Shaftesbury, Viscountess Cave, Lady Desborough, Lady Swaythling, the Hon. Mrs. Gideon Murray, Lady (Austen) Chamberlain, Dame Caroline Bridgeman, and Mrs. Amery, are the patronesses of the Mardi-Gras ball and cabaret, which will be held at the Hyde Park Hotel, under the auspices of the British Empire Union, on Tuesday night, March 1st, when Viscountess Bertie of Thame will act as hostess, and receive the guests.

After a short visit to Bournemouth, the Rumanian Minister and Madame Titulesco returned to London, where Mons. Titulesco unfortunately contracted influenza, and is now confined to his room at the Rumanian Legation. The Marchioness of Aberdeen and Temair, who has been suffering from a cold, has developed pneumonic symptoms, but, according to the latest bulletin, her condition is satisfactory, and her strength well maintained. Lady Waleran has been seriously ill for some time, but is now making steady progress towards recovery.

The Earl of Midleton has been making a short stay at Ballinacurra Lodge, Co. Cork, and has now returned to London, and joined the Countess of Midleton at 34 Portland place, W. Lord Farnham and his younger daughter, the Hon. Varena Maxwell, have returned to London from their trip to Maloja. The Earl and Countess of Normanton and their daughters, Lady Georgina, Lady Caroline, and Lady Rosemary Agar, have arrived in London for the season. The Earl and Countess of Airlie are expected to arrive in London to-day from Egypt.

Lady Churston and the Hon. Joan Yarde-Buller are leaving Lupton House, Churston Ferrers, on Monday for London, *en route* for the Riviera, and will be the guests of the Duke of Connaught at the Villa les Bruyères during their stay at Cap Ferrat. Lord and Lady Talbot de Malahide have returned from England, and are in residence at Malahide Castle. Lady Sarah Wilson has left her London residence for the Continent. Major-General Sir Neill Malcolm sailed yesterday for Egypt and North Borneo, and will not return till June.

The Meynell Hunt ball took place on Wednesday night in the Town Hall, Burton-on-Trent, under the direct patronage of Lady Dorothy Meynell, whose husband, Colonel Francis Meynell, with Captain the Hon. Evan Baillie, Sir William Bass, and Mr. Caldecott acted as stewards. The large company present included the Master, Sir Harold Nutting, accompanied by Lady Nutting and a party; Baroness Burton, Lady Maud Baillie, the Hon. Arthur Baillie, Viscount Scarsdale, Lord and Lady Hindlip, Lady Noreen Bass, Lady Muriel Worthington, Sir Reginald and the Misses Hardy, Sir P. Heywood, Miss Phipps-Hornby, Mrs. E. Paget, Mrs. Maynard, Mr. T. Weldon, Sir D. Lawson, Miss M. Gough, Hon. Mrs. H. Allsopp, Major Anson, and Colonel and Mrs. Vaughan Williams.

A marriage will take place on February 19th in London between Mr. William Frank Sugden, of West Didsbury, and Miss R. K. R. (Betty) Stoney, of The Downs, Delgany, Co. Wicklow.

Switzers have received their first delivery of the New "V-Line" Fine Pure Silk Hose. Fashioned on an entirely different principle, these beautiful Hose give a slim, graceful line to the ankle. To be had in all prevailing shades.

New Spring Tailor-mades. Fascinating Waistcoat Suits. New Spring Millinery.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 South Great George's street.

Lunch and Dine at Restaurant at Royal Hibernian Hotel.

Shortage of storage room causes you to have a great opportunity. This happens at Bradley's Great Footwear Sale, where space is required for new deliveries, hence present stocks must go. They are reduced to practically half usual cost, are all genuine quality lines.—23 Nassau street, Dublin.

Madame Renée has just received a delightful selection of Spring Models from Paris.—51a Dawson street.

In order to keep our workers employed between seasons, we are copying our new models at reduced prices.—Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

PASSENGERS ON ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

Arrivals.—N. J. Hunt, Captain Crawford, Sir Joseph Nunan, J. W. Price.

Departures.—The Rev. C. B. Moss, Mrs. Trevor Lawder, Harry Franks, R. A. Egerton Dunlop, L. E. P. Mahon, G. F. Houghton, W. S. F. Hickey, O. S. Shannon, M. M. Doran, the Rev. P. J. Stevenson, S.J.; P. J. O'Sullivan.

Other Arrivals and Departures

STEAMER WRECKED OFF TUSKAR ROCK.

CHIEF OFFICER DROWNED.

THRILLING EXPERIENCE OF CREW: SPECIAL INTERVIEWS.

ADRIFT IN OPEN BOATS.

DUBLIN SHIP DRIVEN ASHORE AT STORNAWAY.

THREE steamers were in distress yesterday—two of them from Dublin were wrecked. The vessels involved were:

THE SHEERNESS (Clyde Shipping Co.) of 1,274 tons, which sank off the Tuskar lightship, on the Wexford coast, with the loss of the Chief Officer.

CITY OF WATERFORD (Messrs. Palgrave, Murphy, Ltd., Dublin), of 803 tons, which was driven ashore in Stornoway Harbour.

DAMPTRE (Norwegian), of 1,931 tons, which wirelessed S.O.S. to Queenstown that she was drifting in Mid-Atlantic. Another Norwegian steamer has gone to her rescue.

The officers and crew of the Sheerness to the number of thirty-one, with the stewardess Mrs. Millar, got away in two of the ship's boats. Chief Officer McDaid, who was in charge of the first boat, lost his life shortly after it had put to sea. The men were handicapped by the loss of their oars, and when they had been drifting for eight hours they were picked up by the collier Kingston and taken to Wicklow.

The second boat, which carried the Captain and the remaining seventeen members of the crew, was carried before the wind as far as Ballinoulart, thirty miles from the Tuskar Rock and six from Cahore Point, where they landed and were hospitably received by people living near the shore. Afterwards they were taken to Wexford, where they remain for the present.

EIGHT HOURS IN OPEN BOATS.

FROM OUR SPECIAL REPORTER.

WICKLOW, Thursday Night.

To-night I arrived in the town of Wicklow and had a talk with a number of the survivors of the Sheerness, of whom fourteen were landed here at 4 o'clock this afternoon from the collier Kingston.

The names of those who are accommodated in lodgings in Wicklow are:—

Mrs. Millar, stewardess, Glasgow;
John Currie, seaman, Glasgow;
Charles Lamont, seaman, Glasgow;
Peter Petersen, seaman, Glasgow;
A. McArthur, seaman, Glasgow;
Jack Browne, seaman, Glasgow;
John McCairley, seaman, Glasgow;
William McVuade, seaman, Glasgow;
H. McGinley, seaman, Glasgow;
Alan Cameron, seaman, Glasgow;
J. Smith, seaman, Glasgow;
M. Barnes, seaman, Glasgow;
Eugene O'Sullivan, craneman, Cork;
Denis O'Flaherty, cattleman, Waterford.

All these men got away from the sinking ship in the No. 1 port boat, which was pulled for eight hours in an angry sea before they were picked up by the Kingston. The boat was launched from the Sheerness in charge of the first mate or Chief Officer McDaid, of Glasgow. In the efforts to get the boat away in heavy seas from the side of the sinking vessel he was drowned. Of the ship's complement of 31, including three cattlemen from Waterford, he was the only one lost.

SEAMEN'S NARRATIVES.

From a little group of the seamen gathered round the fire in their lodgings here to-night I got a simple but thrilling story of the sea. The hero of it is the skipper of the little coasting collier, Kingston, Captain Thomas, whose home is in Port Talbot—"one of the grandest old seamen afloat to-day." I quote the words of one of the company.

From what was told to me I may summarise the story thus:—The Sheerness left Glasgow at 1 o'clock on Tuesday morning last with general cargo for Dublin and Waterford. Included was a valuable hunter consigned to a Captain White, who is believed to be a resident of the Mitchelstown country. In Dublin she loaded up some 250 tons of flour and about 100 barrels of Guinness' stout, and sailed from the Liffey at 7.30 on Wednesday evening.

STRUCK A ROCK.

She proceded down the coast with a fresh wind blowing from the south-west and with the sea easy. The night was clear, except for occasional "lumps" that took the light away for short periods. Shortly before 4 o'clock in the morning she was inside the Tuskar Light, following more or less her usual course. The tide was very strong, and, so far as the survivors here, including the man on the look-out on the upper bridge at the time, can tell, its effect would be sufficient to drive the ship somewhat out of her course.

The first sign that anything was unusual was conveyed by a rattling sound forward. Second Mate McArthur, who was the officer on duty, knew at once by the sound that the ship had struck on one of the many outlying Tuskar rocks, and ordered all hands to be called. The majority of the crew were out of their bunks and on deck within five minutes of the call.

LIFEBOATS LOWERED.

By that time the Sheerness was evidently making water badly, as if her bottom had been ripped. Her nose was inclined to dip, and she started the side to side swing indicating that she was perched in such a way that the tear was increasing every second. The skipper ordered the two starboard lifeboats to be lowered, but before this could be done the ship listed heavily to port, and the boats on that side—which was the weather side—could not be got out. The two port boats were then swung out of their davits on the lee side and all hands were ordered to get into them.

The story of my informants deals only with the No. 1 boat, that in charge of the chief officer. Into her Mrs. Millar was first assisted, and the fourteen others of her appointed complement followed. What happened next to this boat is not quite clear, but all of the survivors are unanimous that for many minutes she was kept from smashing against the ship's side only by sheer strength and good seamanship. Three of her eight oars were broken in the effort to get clear of the wreck. Mr. McDaid lost his life in the struggle to get the boat away. He was seen hanging on to either the tackle fall or to the life line attached to the steamer, with the lifeboat being held back from her side. Seaman John Currie held on to him until he was almost pulled out of the boat by the widening of the gap, and had to let go. The whole thing happened so quickly, and with the minds of all there occupied in the management of the boat, that it is impossible for any of the survivors to say definitely how the first mate was lost. There was also the hurry to get this boat away before No. 2, with the remainder of the ship's company, would drop on her.

THE SHEERNESS DISAPPEARS.

With five oars No. 1 was pulled out of danger, and her occupants knew nothing of the fate of the other boat, of which the skipper was in charge. As she got away the lights of the Sheerness were visible for about a quarter of an hour, and then the steamer went down with her stern high up in the air. The lifeboat was now tossed about in a very dangerous sea and its occupants were quickly wet through. Mrs. Millar settled down in the sheeting and faced the ordeal of the next eight hours with wonderful coolness.

Shortly after the Sheerness sank those in the boat saw the Fishguard steamer passing. They were not able to attract her attention and rowed on. As day was breaking they sighted the Blackwater lightship and signalled their plight by hoisting the skirt of the stewardess on a boat hook. The signal was at once answered by the hoisting of a flag and

The Sheerness was wrecked off the Tuskar Rock, and the crew were landed at Ballyoulart and Wicklow.

the firing of rockets from the lightship, which is not equipped with wireless or with life-saving gear, except for boats which are quite close.

MAKING FOR LAND.

The rowers, who were now tired, were encouraged by the recognition of the Blackwater, and pulled for the lightship with renewed vigour. Their efforts were in vain, for the force of the wind and tide made progress in that direction impossible, and the boat was headed on a northerly by westerly course to strike the land. The morning was hazy, and the shore could not be seen. The lifeboat behaved splendidly in a sea that continued to grow worse as the day progressed, and the strength of the men at the oars was tested almost to giving-in point.

Here I may tell of Peter Petersen, a little Glasgow man wearing a pair of great sea boots. He is a comic fellow, as his photograph on another page indicates. He sang funny songs, told droll stories, carried on with whimsical antics, and yet took his turn with an oar just as well as his great, big shipmate, John Currie. "The man that saved us," was one description of the little man, and all fully believe that but for the encouragement of his merriment they could not have carried on so sturdily.

ARRIVAL OF THE KINGSTON.

Off Arklow Head a small steamer was sighted, and the boat sent up her improvised flag of distress. The steamer held on her course for what to the worn out men in the boat seemed to be a very long time, and then, recognising that something was wrong, turned round and steamed to the rescue. She proved to be the collier Kingston, which came within hailing distance of the boat just before noon.

Captain Thomas came to the work of rescue prepared like a good seaman. With ladder down and ropes out fore and aft, he manœuvred in the nasty sea until he

(Continued on Page 8, Column 4.)

Charles Lamont, Arthur McArthur, Allan Cameron, and Eugene Sullivan, survivors of the steamer Sheerness, photographed at Wicklow last night, with Sergeant Hall, of the Civic Guard.

TOTALISATOR TO BE INTRODUCED.

MR. HOGAN'S PROMISE TO DEPUTATION.

PROTEST AGAINST TAX ON RACING.

SATISFACTORY results are hoped from yesterday's meeting of Mr. P. J. Hogan, the Free State Minister of Agriculture, and a deputation representing the Turf Club Stewards, racehorse owners, trainers, and breeders. In the course of a two hours' discussion the deputation learned that the Government had decided upon the immediate introduction of the totalisator system.

Mr. Hogan promised to give the most sympathetic consideration to the various facts and figures placed before him.

The suggestions put before Mr. Hogan were:—

1—That course betting should be excluded from the provisions of the Betting Act;

2—That totalisators should be installed as soon as possible, two and a-half per cent. of their earnings to be applied to the increasing of stakes, and

3—That fifty per cent. of the entertainments tax collected on race courses should be remitted for the purpose of further increasing stakes.

The discussion was opened by Mr. P. Fitzgerald, President of the Breeders' Association of Ireland.

CAPITAL INVESTED.

Breeding could not go on without racing, Mr. Fitzgerald asserted. All countries, except England and Ireland, subsidised the breeding industry. In the Free State the taxation on race courses was oppressive and made it impossible to carry on—a very serious position, in view of the fact that the industry produced £1,500,000 per annum for animals supplied to Doncaster, Dublin, Newmarket, and private sales.

Stud farms alone represented in capital value of land and animals several millions of pounds. There were, for example, 2,000 thoroughbred brood mares, valued, say, at £1,000,000; there were 1,400 horses in training, whose actual value amounted, say, to £560,000. The amount spent in forage and labour was at least £400,000 a year, and in addition there were produced and sold 1,100 yearlings, valued at about £500,000 a year.

Mr. Fitzgerald concluded by asking the Government to remove the tax on bets made on the course, to return half the amusements tax for addition to the stakes, and, lastly, to instal the totalisator so as to give 2½ per cent. of its earnings to the stakes, and generally to aid racing and breeding.

SOME FIGURES.

Breeding Industry — Yearly Sales	£1,500,000
1,400 Horses in Training—Value	£560,000
Stud Farms—Value	£1,000,000
Stud Farms — By Yearly Sales	£500,000
Fodder and Labour—Per Year.	£430,000

TRAINER'S LOSSES.

Senator Parkinson, speaking for the owners and trainers, mentioned that he was the principal winning owner last year. Of the four thousand pounds in stakes that he won during the year he had left, after paying entrance money and jockeys' fees, a net balance of £40. Outside that he had had to pay all his travelling expenses and the keep of his horses.

In the circumstances he, personally, was able to say that he could not make racing pay; indeed, he had sold a large number of his horses, and had discharged ten of his employés. Senator Parkinson reminded the Minister that the tax was much lower in England than in the Free State.

HEAVY TAXES.

Mr. J. H. Peard, representing the race course owners, produced figures showing the total amounts paid to the Government in entertainment and other taxes during the last seven years with the total amounts paid in dividends over the same period.

The figures were:—

	Total in Taxes.	Total in Dividends.
Curragh	£42,437	No dividend
Phœnix Park	£35,294	£13,648 16s.
Leopardstown	£28,842	£11,305
Baldoyle	£20,826	£4,500

Mr. Peard pointed out that actually the Government had received £100,000 more than the shareholders. The condition of the courses, he continued, was such that they could not increase the stakes, which, he regretted to say, were now lower than before.

Since the betting tax had begun to operate both the attendance and the betting had fallen off very much. Racing could not go on as at present. The owners' expenses were increased and the stakes were of less value. The Government, unquestionably, were the only people taking money out of racing, and he strongly urged them to accept the suggestions now made.

Major Cape, on behalf of the Breeders' Association, submitted details as to the working of the pari-mutuel and the totalisator.

THE TOTALISATOR.

Colonel Charteris, Captain C. Moore, and Senator General Sir Bryan Mahon, accompanied by Captain Sir H. Greer, for the Stewards of the Turf Club, supported the contention that racing could not continue to bear the burden of the betting tax, and they urged very earnestly the immediate installation of the totalisator.

Mr. Hogan, the Minister, in reply, promised to give the most sympathetic consideration to the case, and would convey the deputation's representations to Mr. Blythe, the Finance Minister, upon whom the responsibility for any amendment of the Betting Act primarily devolved.

Mr. Hogan added that, while he could not guarantee that the suggestions would be accepted, the deputation could be assured that they would receive his most sympathetic consideration.

A representative of the Minister for Finance who attended the conference informed the deputation that it was the intention of the Government to give immediate effect to the clauses of the Betting Act providing for the introduction of the totalisator.

All the members of the deputation expressed themselves very satisfied with their visit, and to an *Irish Times* representative declared themselves very hopeful of the results.

Peter Petersen, whose courage and cheerfulness did much to keep up the spirits of his shipmates when they were adrift in a small boat.

ANOTHER £46,000 FOR SUGAR SUBSIDY.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES IN THE DAIL.

Three of the four supplementary estimates due for discussion by the Free State Parliament next week were circulated to deputies yesterday.

The largest is that for the beet-sugar subsidy, the additional sum required by the Finance Ministry being £46,000, making a total of £198,000, against the original estimate of £152,000.

For repayments to Contingency Fund an additional sum is required of £499, made up of £20 in respect of the provision of the State bounty for triplets, and £478 which was omitted (in original estimate) in respect of stamp duty payable on deeds and other instruments in public departments.

The smallest of the three supplementary votes is that of £10 for the Civil Service Commission. The total original estimate was £8,505, on which there was an estimated saving of £830. The additional sum now required is £840 to meet expenses in connection with the establishment of the Local Appointments Commission. The Dail will only be asked to vote for £10, as the other £830 is covered by the estimated saving.

THE PROTECTION OF WILD BIRDS.

WAR ON THE TRAPPER.

The capture, or attempted capture, of a wild bird by the use of bird-lime will be a punishable offence in the Free State, if the bill which has been introduced by Mr. S. L. Brown, K.C., in the Senate this week, is passed by the Oireachtas.

The official title of the measure is the "Wild Birds Protection (Amendment) Bill."

"If any person," says the first section, "uses as a decoy any live bird which is tethered or secured by means of braces or similar appliances, or which is blind, maimed or injured, or uses bird-lime or any substance of a like nature for the purpose of taking or capturing alive, or attempting to take or capture alive, any wild bird, he shall be guilty of an offence against this Act."

The bill also desires to make it an offence to confine a bird in a cage or receptacle not measuring sufficient in height, length and breadth to permit the bird freely to stretch its wings

The measure proposes a substantial penalty for any of the offences mentioned; in other words, on summary conviction, a fine not exceeding £25, or alternatively or in addition, imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding three months.

The provisions of the bill are intended to be additional to any existing provisions for the punishment of cruelty to birds.

The bill is supported by Senators Jameson and Sir John Griffith, and is not likely to meet with much opposition.

Leitrim County Committee voted £250 for shows in the county, and on the basis of valuation awarded Mohill £60 and Ballinamore and Carrick-on-Shannon Show Committees £45 each of the amount set aside for South Leitrim. The Carrigallen Ploughing Match Committee was awarded the usual subsidy for a match fixed for the 12th inst.

WILL NOT GIVE UP SHANGHAI.

BRITISH MINISTER'S STATEMENT.

MORE REFUGEES REACH HANKOW.

"We are advised that, apart from all other considerations, it would be a physical impossibility to evacuate Shanghai. In the light of that knowledge could any Government refrain from having at its disposal the force necessary to protect its subjects? The force exists for that purpose, and for that purpose alone."—*Sir Dhilip Cunliffe Lister, at Edinburgh last night.*

A CABINET Committee has been set up to deal with the Chinese situation. Its numbers are said to include the Prime Minister, Sir Austen Chamberlain, and Earl Balfour.

It was gathered in well-informed political circles in London last evening that increased attention is likely to be given by the Government to "extraneous interference" with the Chinese. Ministers have been told that there would be little difficulty in arriving at a satisfactory agreement with the Chinese themselves, but that political interference by anti-British foreign agents makes the task incomparably more difficult.

MR. CHEN'S THREATS.

Sir William Joynson-Hicks, the Home Secretary, speaking at Twickenham last night, said:—"Mr. Chen, the Foreign Secretary of the South China Government, does not hesitate, in a telegram to the Labour Party here, to utter threats and to speak of the very Government with whom he is negotiating in anything but amicable terms. Such actions do not make for the smooth passage of negotiations. We want peace, but our obligations to our fellow British subjects in China will be carried out to the full."

A WAY OUT?

IF TROOPS ARE LANDED AT — HONG KONG.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

HANKOW, Thursday.

Hankow is outwardly calm to-day, despite the abrupt termination of the negotiations on which all hopes of an amicable settlement have been pinned for the last three weeks.

Mr. Chen's declaration is regarded as a confession of failure to win over the Extremists to the view of the Moderates. While it is recognised that Great Britain is scarcely likely to withdraw from the position it has taken up with regard to the despatch of troops, it is possible that a solution of the present deadlock may be seen in the suggestion, which is finding favour in many quarters, that the expedition should not proceed further than Hong Kong.

This, it is pointed out, would save the face of everyone without endangering the British position at Shanghai, and at the same time it would give Mr. Chen and the Moderates a chance to make a final bid for reasonableness on the part of those of the Kuomintang, who have hitherto been irreconcilable.

MORE REFUGEES.

ARRIVALS AT HANKOW AND SHANGHAI.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

HANKOW, Wednesday.

Eighty-six persons who were evacuated from Ichang are awaiting a convoy, as boats which are not convoyed are liable to seizure by the military. At present two steamers flying the Italian flag, and filled with soldiers from Ichang, are detained at Hankow by an Italian gunboat, which is presumably awaiting an apology from the military authorities for commandeering them.

Fifty-six persons evacuated from Chunking are leaving this morning. Sixty-eight persons from Hunan arrived here this afternoon in the Chang Wo, and were transhipped to the Woosung, which is proceeding to Shanghai to-night.

I saw a number of refugees, who all stated that everywhere there was violent intimidation, servants being prevented from helping to convey luggage. In one case two servants who remained loyal to their employers were badly man-handled by Labour extremists in the presence of the employer.

At Changsha only the heads of firms and missions had been allowed to remain, and they have since been threatened with a more intense boycott, beginning next Monday.

The message of Mr. Chen, the Nationalist Foreign Minister, to British Labour was published this morning. Business men here note in it a direct threat of an extended and intensive boycott of the British. It is not believed that Mr. Chen is speaking for the Moderates of the Kuomintang, but is compelled by pressure from outside advisers.

Local business men are not anxious to press their views, but they believe that, in view of what has happened, they are unable to give credence to further protestations on the part of the Nationalist Government in regard to the protection of Shanghai, as, without assistance of the British and other outside forces, it could not give protection.

Business men point out that, whether a seizure of Shanghai is effected by force of arms or by mob control, as in the case of Hankow, such seizure would inflict extremely great loss to British interests,

(Continued on Page 8, Column 6.)

LATE NEWS.

LIBELLING THE DEAD.

THE ONLY REMEDY.

In a leading article *The Times* observes:—Late last evening the action for libel which Captain Wright brought against Lord Gladstone ended, as it was bound to end, in a verdict for the defendant. At no time after the plaintiff's evidence was there much room for doubt of the result. Lord Gladstone has the satisfaction of having discharged the moral duty which he felt that he owed to his father's memory.

The interest of the world in the private life and in the personal character of famous men—and still more, perhaps, of famous women—is natural and, within limits, justifiable and even praiseworthy. We owe to it an immense body of memoirs, letters and diaries, much of which is of the highest value as literature, while it throws a light upon manners and characters which reveals to us the significance of actions and of events, as no mere records of fact can possibly do. For most people, and not least for real students, this literature has a rare fascination. It is easy reading, and the writers exhibit their own characters with unintentional sincerity

But the taste for literature of this sort, which is insatiable and quite incurable, differs essentially from the appetite for futilities and scandals about the living or the lately dead, on which writers and publishers of certain types will always be eager to trade. No immediate remedy appears to exist for such offences against good taste and decent feelings as are common in them. Denials, protests, and even successful proceedings in the Courts, advertise the scandal, and rarely result in adequate redress. To extend the law to libels on the dead would make the publication of recent history, and even of ordinary obituary notices, too dangerous to be undertaken.

The only cure in the end is the development of a more discerning taste and judgment among the readers for whose consumption insipid or malicious gossip about public characters or so-called "society" men and women is provided.

ITALY AND CHINA.

SUPPORT FOR BRITISH ACTION.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

ROME, Thursday.

The conversations between Rome and London concerning policy in China are expected to result shortly in the publication of a memorandum declaring the intention of the Italian Government to support Great Britain in the protection of European interests.

Italy's interest, as has been pointed out before, lies rather in the recovery of her credit than in the protection of her trade, and the continuance or not of the concession system is, therefore, a matter of less urgent importance to her than to England, and no very clear view has been expressed on this point.

Italy's position with regard to the situation in China is frequently compared to that of Piedmont at the outbreak of the Crimean War, and similar developments are anticipated. The Italian cruisers at present in Chinese waters are not considered sufficient to protect Italy's interests and maintain her prestige, and the probable necessity of sending a defensive force is generally accepted.

GERMAN CABINET'S PROGRAMME.

NEW PREMIER AND THE NATIONALISTS.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

BERLIN, Thursday.

The Chancellor, Herr Marx, delivered the declaration of the new Government in the Reichstag this afternoon. Its broad outlines on all points were common knowledge beforehand, the long negotiations for the formation of his Cabinet having afforded sufficient indication of the compromise to be expected.

All that remained uncertain was the extent to which the declaration would commit the new Nationalist Ministers. In this respect, it contained a surprise, in that it went far beyond anything hitherto indicated. The Nationalists as the statement clearly showed, had accepted, without reservation, the Constitution—the republic, the black-red-gold flag, the reform of the Reichswehr, and the policy of Locarno and the League.

The declaration, although somewhat verbose, was carefully, in parts almost juristically worded, but it was explicit, and, as Herr Marx gradually unfolded the programme, it became clear that he had brought away a larger share of the bargain with the Nationalists than public opinion had given him credit for. Their reward lay in other directions, such as religious education, land settlement schemes, rural housing, agrarian credits, and trade policy, the value of which will, no doubt, be duly encashed in the process of interpretation by Nationalist Ministers.

G.B.S. CLAIMS £20,000

COPYRIGHT OF LETTERS TO THEATRICAL MANAGER.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEW YORK, Thursday.

Mr. Bernard Shaw has started legal proceedings, through his lawyers, for the issue of an injunction against Mr. William Page, and the latter's publisher and printer, to restrain them from further publishing, without permission, four of the famous dramatist's letters.

Mr. Shaw is also claiming one hundred thousand dollars damages.

Mr. Page is an American theatrical man, and has incorporated in a book four letters which Mr. Shaw wrote to him about twenty-five years ago regarding the production of some of his plays in New York.

LIQUOR COMMISSION REPORT.

POSITION OF HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Yesterday the Free State Minister for Justice received a deputation from the Hotel, Restaurant, and Catering Association of Ireland and the Irish Tourist Association, and discussed with it those recommendations of the Liquor Commission report which concern hotels and restaurants and are likely to be embodied in the new Liquor Bill.

The deputation, in pressing for separate licences for hotels and restaurants, argued that both occupied an invidious position under the existing law.

The deputation also protested against compulsory endorsement, and, in addition, drew the Minister's attention to the injury that might be suffered by the hotels and restaurants if they were not excluded from the proposal that licensed premises should close between the hours of 3 o'clock and 5 o'clock every day.

It was further suggested to the Minister that in hotels and restaurants it should be permissible to have a drink with meals outside the licensed hours.

Mr. O'Higgins promised to give the suggestions his consideration.

The members of the deputation were:—Messrs. J. W. Manning, G. R. Olden, W. Powell, Peter Nugent, P. J. O'Brien and R. J. Kidney.

MR. GLADSTONE'S HONOUR

VINDICATED BY HIS SON.

JUDGE ON CAPTAIN WRIGHT.

SCATHING CRITICISM.

"We wish to add that it is our unanimous opinion that the evidence placed before us has completely vindicated the high moral character of the late Mr. W. E. Gladstone."

The special jury which for five days had been engaged, with Mr. Justice Avory, in the King's Bench Division, London, hearing the libel action brought by Captain Peter Wright against Viscount Gladstone, P.C., added this rider to their verdict last evening.

The action was based on a letter to the Secretary of the Bath Club, in which Lord Gladstone called Captain Wright a liar, a coward, and a foul fellow, in respect of a passage in a book called "Portraits and Criticisms," in which Captain Wright made accusations against the moral character of Mr. W. E. Gladstone, the statesman, who died in 1898.

The jury considered their verdict for two hours and a half, and when they returned to Court Mr. Justice Avory said to them: "I understand that you are agreed that the gist of the defendant's letter is true?" The foreman replied: "That is so, my lord."

Mr. Justice Avory said that that was a verdict for Lord Gladstone, and immediately there was an outburst of applause in the public galleries.

Judgment was entered for Lord Gladstone, with costs. As the Court cleared, Lord Gladstone and his brother were congratulated, not only by their friends, but by many strangers, on having vindicated their father's honour.

Among the witnesses examined for the defence yesterday was Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M.P.

SUMMING-UP.

WHAT CAPTAIN WRIGHT COULD HAVE DONE.

In the course of his summing up, Mr. Justice Avory said that when the plaintiff received the letter of July 22nd, calling him a liar, a coward, and a fool, although it was only published to him personally, although he did not know that it had been published to anybody else, he could, if he had pleased, have taken criminal proceedings for libel upon it. The plaintiff took no action, though invited to do so, and on July 27th Lord Gladstone wrote to the Secretary of the Bath Club the letter which was the subject of this action.

His Lordship recited to the jury the circumstances attending the publication of the book, "Portraits and Criticisms." It was clear, he said, that the offending passage was inserted by the plaintiff at the last stage. "Can you have any doubt," asked his lordship, "that it was introduced in order to pander to the vicious taste of that section of the reading public who live only on scandal, particularly if it is scandal connected with the private life of a public man, and that he introduced it thinking and expecting that it would further the sale of his work?"

Lord Gladstone's letter said: "This shows the sort of man he is." It was for the jury to judge what that meant. The letter also said: "I can tell you more about him—he is a foul fellow."

THE JURY'S TASK.

The jury had first to determine the meaning of the words used by the defendant in that letter. They were not bound by the meaning which the plaintiff chose to put upon them, in what was called innuendo, in the plea. It was for them to determine the natural meaning of the words, put upon them by reasonable people who read them. The defendant's answer to this was a plea of justification: that what he wrote was, in substance, true, and that the plaintiff was, under the circumstances, justly designated a foul fellow and a liar.

In the face of those charges the jury would not be much concerned in inquiring whether the letter amounted to an imputation against the plaintiff that he had improperly procured the insertion of these words into the book.

The jury could not find malice if they were of opinion that the words which were used were such as a man moved by righteous indignation might reasonably use in such circumstances, or if they were of opinion that the words which the defendant used were used in the honest discharge of his moral duty to protect the name of his father.

TITTLE-TATTLE FROM TOOTING TEA TABLES.

His lordship next discussed the question, What is a liar? The plaintiff had himself said that a liar was a person who wrote something recklessly without caring whether it was true or false. In bearing in mind whether the plaintiff came within his own definition of a liar, it was well to study the manner in which he made statements, and whether he cared when he made them if they were true or false. It might be said that when the plaintiff once held an opinion it had to be written lest it paralysed his writing. In this way was history made, it might be said.

"If history is to be made from the

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tittle-tattle of the Upper Tooting tea tables," said his lordship, "is it not a question whether it would not be better if history were not made at all?"

"PARSONS AND PAINTERS."

Mr. Justice Avory then spoke to the jury of Mrs. Langtry. "The plaintiff," he said, "has told us that when he was seventeen he was told that Mrs. Langtry—as she is still known—was Gladstone's mistress. In confirmation of that he produced a book called "Parsons and Painters," with a sketch by Mr. Phil May, which was obviously a caricature of Mr. Gladstone. He had drawn Mr. Gladstone, with a bouquet of primroses in his hand, astride the stage door of the theatre at which Mrs. Langtry was playing.

"The plaintiff says that is confirmation. Is it not obviously a caricature of Gladstone in the most unlikely position in which he would be found? In his hand is a bouquet of primroses, which are always associated with Lord Beaconsfield. This seems to show that the plaintiff is a man who is prepared to accept anything, any rubbish, as proof."

Mr. Justice Avory then considered the meaning of the word "Seraglio," as used by Lord Milner. Was not "Seraglio," he said, just the kind of ornamental phrase that young Alfred Milner, just down from Oxford, would use to describe the members of Gladstone's household? Ought not the plaintiff so to have understood Milner's phrase, if he wished to understand the truth? Was there anything in that correspondence, or in the passages which had been read, which would justify reasonable men in drawing the inference that Madame Novikoff was Mr. Gladstone's mistress? Was there anything in the evidence which was not consistent with the fact that Mr. Gladstone, long before Madame Novikoff's advent, had espoused the cause of the Christians of the East.

PARNELL-O'SHEA AFFAIR.

As to the Parnell-O'Shea business, was there any evidence which would justify the jury in saying that Mr. Gladstone connived at the illicit relations between Mrs. O'Shea and Mr. Parnell?

His Lordship then referred to the word "Coward," and urged the jury to ask themselves—Is not a man who slanders the dead a coward? Is not a man who stabs another in the back a coward? What is the difference between stabbing a man in the back and slandering a dead man in a way that must be known to bring the greatest pain to his descendents? It was for the jury to judge whether Gladstone could have borne the reputation he did if he were the man that he had been painted.

The final words complained of were "a foul fellow," upon which the plaintiff had chosen to put an extravagant meaning by saying that that meant a "person of dissolute and vicious life." Could it be understood to mean that in the way Lord Gladstone used it? The plaintiff had admitted that Shakespeare—a person no less eminent than himself—used the word "foul."

On the question of damages, Mr. Justice Avory said that if the jury found that justification were not made out or that the defendant was actuated by malice, and that therefore the plaintiff was entitled to damages, then they must bear in mind the plaintiff's conduct when he received the letter calling him a liar, a coward and a foul fellow. He published it himself to the world at large because, as he said, it suited his purpose better that the language should recoil on the head of the defendant. They must remember also the fact that in the Bath Club action this very letter was used, and probably had an effect upon the minds of the jury when they awarded him £25 for the damage to his reputation.

"Finally," said his lordship, "I must remind you of a letter written by the plaintiff to the defendant on July 28th. In that letter referring to Mr. Gladstone, he said—'Your father would have riven my arguments, and reduced each in turn to dust.'"

"I invite you," said the judge, "to do the same—to say whether you do not think the whole structure of the plaintiff's arguments have been riven and reduced to dust. Consider your verdict."

THE EVIDENCE.

MR. T. P. O'CONNOR AND "SERAGLIO."

When the hearing of evidence for the defence was resumed yesterday morning, Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M.P., "Father of the House of Commons," went into the witness-box. He said that he wrote an obituary notice of Lord Milner for the *Daily Telegraph*, and it contained the passage, "You could not tell what Gladstone was going to do until you knew what the seraglio had decided." Captain Wright had described as untrue the subsequent passage in which he wrote that the word "seraglio" referred to "the devoted wife and daughter, who looked after the domestic comforts of the great Liberal leader."

Speaking of the evidence that made him attribute the word "seraglio," as referring to Mrs. Gladstone, Mr. O'Connor said: "It was notorious everywhere—even outside the House of Commons—the care with which Mrs. Gladstone forestalled the comings and goings of her husband. There is a special corner in the gallery which is under the control of the Speaker's wife for the time being, where her (Mrs. Gladstone's) figure was as inevitable as was Mr. Gladstone's, if he had a great speech to make, and, very often, she was in the inner Lobby, to take him home and muffle him up properly if the weather were bad."

Mr. Birkett, K.C.—And it was perfectly well known everywhere, and it was to that that Lord Milner was referring?

Mr. O'Connor—Oh, yes.

PARNELL.

You knew Parnell?—Intimately; that is, as intimately as anybody could do so.

And you were familiar with the events, both in this country and Ireland, from 1880 onwards?—Yes.

Was there connivance by Mr Gladstone in the illicit relationships between Parnell and Mrs. O'Shea?—My opinion is that Mr. Gladstone certainly had no knowledge or conviction upon it, nor had many people, even members of his own party.

You were familiar with the speeches made by Parnell attacking Mr. Gladstone?—Yes.

Did you ever hear one word from Parnell to allege or infer that Mr. Gladstone had that knowledge at any time?—No.

Mr. Merriman, cross-examining—Would you think it possible for Gladstone truthfully to say, in 1890, that he was surprised to hear that it had always been thus between Parnell and Mrs. O'Shea? Yes.

I am speaking of 1890. Four years after the Galway by-election. In that by-election you had some part? A very great part. I was elected both for Galway and the Scotland Division, and I opted for Liverpool, and created a vacancy at Galway.

COMPLEX PROBLEM.

As a matter of history, is it not the fact that the facts of Parnell's *liaison* were plainly declared at that election? I do not think that is quite accurate. This is a very complex problem. Honestly, the real objection to O'Shea was not that he was conniving at the misconduct of his wife with Parnell, but that he was a Whig or a nominal Home Ruler, and there was no section of the House that we regarded as more dangerous and more necessary to destroy than that Whig section, of which O'Shea was a conspicuous member.

Is it the fact that during the Galway election, by Biggar or by other members of the Irish Nationalist Party, the fact that Parnell and Mrs. O'Shea were living together was openly proclaimed? No, it is not the fact. In fact, the very opposite would be the fact—that those who knew or suspected always, with the exception of Biggar, and a single phrase in a speech by Biggar, never made any allusion to that, and I only know of that one phrase by Biggar from hearsay.

What was the single exception? Biggar's speech was made in Galway. A communication came to us—I think from a representative of the *Freeman's Journal* in Galway—as to the difficulties which Biggar's loose tongue were making.

THE ISSUE.

Do you represent to the jury that there was no issue before the electors of Galway about Parnell and Mrs. O'Shea?—The issue was whether a member of a party which we regarded as a recreant party should or should not be elected.

Mr. Justice Avory—There is a defference between an issue and things said at an election.

Mr. O'Connor—Or whispered, my lord.

Mr. Merriman—Are you asking the jury to believe that there was no issue at that election as to a liaison between Parnell and Mrs. O'Shea?—So far as the general body of electors were concerned, certainly not. I will confirm that by an incident. Parnell left Dublin to go to Galway. We met there Mr. Healy and Biggar. I do not think Healy was friendly to Parnell. Biggar got up to explain to five or six members of Parliament there his attitude, and he was describing it quite fairly and quietly, when suddenly Healy was observed to jump from his seat, apparently for the purpose of throttling Biggar. The explanation afterwards given was that he was afraid Biggar was going to raise the issue of Mrs. O'Shea, which he was determined should not be raised, and he was going to strangle Biggar rather than let him mention it. The issue was kept to the point: "Shall we elect a sham Home Ruler or a real Home Ruler?"

Mr. Merriman—Is it a fact that, apart from the Galway election, the liaison between Parnell and Mrs. O'Shea was fairly well known?

His Lordship (interposing)—At what time?

Mr. Merriman—Before 1885.

Mr. O'Connor—Suspicion.

MEMBERS' QUESTIONS.

Mr. O'Connor added that he differed from Lord Gladstone in regard to the suggestion that it was fairly freely discussed. It was not discussed by the Irish members. They would not allow it, but it might have been discussed among the English members.

Mr. Merriman—What was the earliest date at which you heard the rumour?—The first allusion was just before the election of 1885. Members of my Party said: "Is it true that Parnell is under the influence of a handsome English lady?"

Was that the first time you had any suspicion?—No. The first time I had any suspicion was when I was taking a little trip from his (Parnell's) home, and he produced a very beautiful watch, showing the hours and seasons and the rest, not exactly with self-complacency, but with a slight touch of vanity. I said: "That is the gift of a woman." (Laughter.)

His Lordship—It seems a dangerous thing to take out a watch. (Loud laughter.)

PUBLISHER'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. Eveleigh Nash, chairman of the firm which published "Portraits and Criticisms," said that when the proofs of the book which had been sent to Captain Wright were returned they were opened by his secretary. He did not see the proof in which the passage referring to Mr. Gladstone had been inserted. The matter was brought to his attention by a review. He did not mean to suggest that Captain Wright had inserted the words by means of a trick, but if he had seen the passage he would not have published it.

Lady Gwendoline Cecil said that her father, the late Lord Salisbury, always had the greatest respect for Mr. Gladstone's private character.

THE FINAL SPEECHES.

Mr. Birkett, addressing the jury for Lord Gladstone, said there never was a case tried in those Courts where a verdict of justification for the defendant would be more righteous and more just. There could be no juror who could not say plaintiff's was a foul charge.

Mr. Justice Avory said he only proposed to leave two questions to the jury, viz.:—

Whether the alleged libel was true; and, if not, whether the defendant was actuated by malice?

Mr. Merriman urged there was no justification for libel.

The judge then commenced summing up.

ENGLISH PRESS VIEWS.

The following are the views of the London newspapers on the Gladstone case:—

The Morning Post:—The misreading of character and the flouting of probability were both so gross as almost to cancel out the libel. And yet we are bound to add that Lord Gladstone and his brother took the right course in treading heavily upon the libeller. Those writers who devote themselves to the collection and retailing of this sort of gossip do more harm to the living than to the dead, and by leaving nothing of good or fair report degrade our human standards.

Daily Chronicle:—Never has an issue been presented to a jury where the verdict was less in doubt. It was a sorry case which this discredited author had the temerity to present to a court of law. Whether it was worth while to raise this feebly-directed slander from the dust of oblivion into which Captain Wright's book would have sunk is another matter.

The Daily News:—"Every intelligent and decent-minded citizen who has followed the case with any attention will endorse that emphatic verdict. There is not a journalist in England who does not know the fate that would be meted out by the editor of any responsible journal to a man who attempted to impose on him such a story on such worthless, mendacious and malignant gossip as Captain Peter Wright recklessly rakes from the gutter."

ANOTHER REVOLT IN PORTUGAL.

SPLIT IN GARRISON AT OPORTO.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

LISBON, Thursday.

Reports have reached Lisbon of a military insurrection at Oporto this morning. The Minister of War has issued an official statement explaining that part of the military garrison at Oporto revolted, but the Government is yet without any details as to the motives.

One section of the garrison declined to join in the revolt, and took military measures to suppress the insurgents. The Government immediately assembled at Lisbon, and issued urgent military orders to deal with the revolt.

Lisbon is tranquil. The necessary precautions have been taken to protect the postal and telegraph services with military guards.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

As a precautionary measure, a martial law has been proclaimed throughout the country, and the Minister of War has taken over the command of the Government troops, who are marching against the Oporto insurgents.

AEROPLANES TO HELP THE FARMER.

SPRAYING OLIVE TREES IN GREECE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

ATHENS, Thursday.

Aeroplanes are to be utilised for the protection of olive groves in Greece, which are suffering from blight.

The Greek War Minister has acceded to the demand of the Minister of Agriculture to plac at the latter's disposal a flight of aeroplanes which will fly over the affected groves and spray the trees.

This is the first time that aeroplanes have been used in Greece for this purpose.

FIGHT WITH ALSATIAN DOG.

MAN KILLS HIS ATTACKER.

Another instance of an attack by an Alsatian dog is reported from Warwick. Visiting a farmhouse near there yesterday, a man, named N. C Harrison, of Portland place, Leamington, was confronted by an Alsatian wolfhound, which sprang at his throat, taking a piece out of a scarf.

Grappling with the dog, he knelt on its body, opened its jaws with his hands, and, pulling its tongue forward, choked it.

"It was either the Alsatian or me," said Mr. Harrison, who was severely bitten on the fingers.

MOVING MOUNTAIN IN WALES.

RESULT OF THAWING SNOW.

Consequent upon the recent rains and the thawing of the snow, the mountain slope at Trodrhiwfuwch, near Bargoed, is again moving and causing anxiety to the authorities.

The water mains are being shifted and the main road is sinking. Trouble has been experienced for the past week.

NOTICE TO COUNTRY STUDENTS.

141 Successes by means of Postal Tuition were obtained since January, 1925, by Students of SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, at Bank, Railway, Civil Service, etc., exams. —(Advt.)

"GET-RICH-QUICK" CONTRACTORS.

OBJECTION TO THE "JERRY" BUILDER.

NURSING PROFESSION OVERSTOCKED.

That the "jerry"-builder ought to be discouraged was the view expressed at yesterday's session in Dublin of the Technical Education Commission. A certificate of engineering competence, it was suggested, plus a financial stability, should be demanded before an individual would be permitted to become a builder.

In the course of evidence on behalf of the nursing profession, it was stated that there was no control of entry into the profession, which in Ireland was overstocked.

BRIGHTENING VILLAGE LIFE.

NEED OF CENTRES FOR STUDY AND AMUSEMENT.

Mr. E. Lynch, organiser (Cork District), Irish Transport and General Workers' Union, said that in such trades as masonry, plastering, painting and plumbing, owing primarily to dearth of employment, they found such trades almost exclusively confined to the children of the tradesmen themselves. This was also true of the important craft of joiners and carpenters.

They advocated a raising of the compulsory leaving age from the primary school. Perhaps when the general economic level was improved all round it would be easier to advocate a higher leaving age from the primary school.

They were of opinion that much might be done in the meantime by way of "continuation courses" for boys and girls after the age of fourteen years. These courses should be compulsory until the pupils became wage-earners, or attained the age of 16 years. In the case of youths and girls, their employers should be legally obliged to allow them off from business for two hours on three days per week, at least until they completed their sixteenth year. The technical school classes for apprentices should be held in the evenings between 3 and 6 o'clock.

THE "JERRY-BUILDER."

The "jerry-builder" ought to be discouraged, and they suggested that a certificate of engineering competence, plus a financial stability, should be demanded before an individual would be permitted to blossom out into a builder. There was nothing which contributed more to disrespect for good and properly finished work than the habits of the slovenly, incompetent "get-rich-quick" *quasi* building contractor, bustling his workmen, and harrying his apprentices. All respect for the finer side of his work was lost in a feverish desire to acquire money.

Girls, too, should be kept at "continuation courses," where music and domestic science and such subjects might be taught.

They advocated the building of village halls for amateur theatricals, concerts and social gatherings. Here, also, should be located laboratories for botanical and general rural science investigations with plant life, the manual and engineering workshops and smithy, with the village library. Until such centres of secondary education were set up, their opinion was that there was little hope of dispelling the mental and physical gloom which hung like a pall over village life.

THE NURSING PROFESSION.

Miss K. Price, secretary (with Miss Holohan), representing the Irish Nurses' Union, said that where candidates had only national school education, the gap from the leaving age of 14 to the entry age of 18, 19, 20 or 21, as required by the hospitals, was very injurious. They suggested that the gap be filled by a preliminary course of domestic science, hygiene and physiology.

There was no control of entry into the profession, which, in Ireland, was very much overstocked. The hospitals took as many probationers as they had room for, without any relation to the work awaiting them. Consequently, every year about 150 nurses were set loose upon an already over-stocked market. It was a profession which women did not leave until 50 or 60 years of age, as remuneration generally was not sufficient to enable them to save, so that a nurse without relatives or private means had literally to continue work until she dropped. In this country there was no general pension scheme for nurses, though pensions were given in Local Government service at 65 years of age.

Having referred to the conditions of training, Miss Price went on to say that few girls of good education to-day would enter a profession which in this country (except for the best class of private nursing) meant a life of drudgery and isolation from society, and frequently permanent ill-health in old age, caused by long hours of work under intolerable conditions.

SALARIES COMPARED.

As regarded salaries in England in public service hospitals, full board, apartments, fuel, light and attendance, with laundry and uniform allowance, and salaries of £60, £80 and £100 per year were almost universal, day duty averaging 44 to 60 hours per week and night duty 48 to 84 hours. In Ireland the salaries were £35, £40, £50 (average), and sometimes £60, the highest being £75 (except to matrons), with apartments, fuel, light, attendance of a sort; but no laundry or uniform allowance.

They considered that a technical training school, both preliminary and post-graduate, for those contemplating the nursing profession, and for nurses already trained, would be very useful.

To sum up, they considered that there was need in both the nursing and midwifery professions for some control and general standardisation of: number of entrants; educational standard of entrants; provision for general education of prospective probationers; premiums payable; working conditions, especially in public service; and post-graduate courses, including welfare work and administration, and dietetics.

They also urged that classes in elementary hygiene and physiology, first-aid, mothercraft and care of infants, and domestic economy be provided for the general community, as nurses' work would be rendered more useful if the poor people whom they visited had even an elementary knowledge of personal and domestic hygiene.

The Commission adjourned till Monday morning.

DUBLIN STEAMER ASHORE.

MAY BECOME TOTAL WRECK AT STORNOWAY.

The steamer City of Waterford, 803 tons gross (Master James McConnell), was driven ashore in Stornoway Harbour during a strong southerly gale on Wednesday night.

The vessel was yesterday lying in a dangerous exposed position, and will probably become a total wreck.

The City of Waterford, which until recently was named the River Lagan, is owned by Messrs. Palgrave Murphy, Ltd., of Dublin. She had been loading at Stornoway with a part cargo of cured herrings for Hamburg, and earlier in the evening had proceeded to sea, but, under stress of weather, had to put back and dropped anchor in the harbour.

Dragging her anchors, she drove on to the battery point. It was almost full tide at the time with a heavy sea running. The lifeboat was called out, but, owing to the ship's proximity to the land, it was considered sufficient to employ only the rocket life-saving apparatus, which was quickly on the ground, a connection being established within a few minutes.

The captain, however, decided to remain on board with his crew during the night. The storm abated, and yesterday the ship was virtually high and dry, and had suffered serious damage.

WRECKED OFF THE TUSKAR ROCK.

(Continued from Page 7, Column 2.)

had the lifeboat under his lee, and his men made her fast. Mrs. Millar was first hoisted aboard, and then her boat-mates scrambled up and lay tired out on the deck of the collier. Captain Jones even succeeded in getting a line to the lifeboat and taking her in tow. The brave little craft floats snug and comfortable in Wicklow Harbour to-night.

ARRIVAL IN WICKLOW.

The kind-hearted Welshman had not much to give the new addition to his ship's company, except a thoroughly good seaman's welcome. Mrs. Millar was made comfortable in a warm bunk, and the crew of the Kingston shared their tobacco and cigarettes with the survivors of the wreck. The smokes came as a real God-send.

The skipper of the Kingston, instead of continuing on his course to Newport, Monmouthshire, put about and made for Wicklow Harbour, which he reached at four o'clock this afternoon. He dropped his anchor and waited until the whole of the survivors had got ashore in their own boat. The men who spoke to me to-night regarded this as a fine example of the comradeship of the sea. Captain Thomas, already many hours delayed on his voyage, did not hoist his anchor until he saw the last man ashore, and then he blew a final syren message of good-bye and good luck and steamed out of the harbour.

CIVIC GUARD ON THE SCENE.

The survivors were not many minutes on Wicklow quay before Sergeant Hall, of the Civic Guard, and a couple of his men arrived and took charge of them. They were conveyed in vehicles, which were willingly lent, to the Civic Guard station, where they were supplied with food. All left the ship more or less half-clothed, and some without boots, and they were wet through after eight hours' tossing in an open boat. While he was making them as comfortable as he could, Sergeant Hall got in touch with the Shipwrecked Mariners' Society at Arklow, whose representative, Mr. Laurence O'Toole, came to Wicklow. With the assistance of the Guards, he procured clothing and boots for all, and arranged for their comfortable lodging until arrangements are made for their return home. One of the first thoughts of the sergeant was to have telegrams sent to the homes of the survivors, most of whom are married men.

The sailors to-night are quite happy, but for the loss of the chief officer, who, it is evident, was a great favourite among them. He leaves a wife and two grown-up daughters in Glasgow.

THE SECOND BOAT.

DRIFTING FOR EIGHT HOURS.

The second lifeboat, which had among its passengers Captain Donald McLean, the master; James McArthur, second officer; John McDermott, chief engineer; and William Kerr, was only able to get away from the wreck twenty minutes after the departure of the first boat, and was carried before the wind as far as Ballinoulart, which is over thirty miles from Tuskar Rock and about six miles from Cahore Point.

They managed to obtain shelter and tea in the neighbourhood of their landing place, and eleven of them travelled by a motor lorry to Mr. W. Boggan, Kilmuckridge, to Wexford, where they were met by Mr. J. McCaffrey, Receiver of Wrecks, who had previously communicated the news of the wreck to Mr. J. H. McGuire, the local secretary of the Shipwrecked Mariners' Association. Mr. McGuire immediately made arrangements for the provision of clothing, food and apartments for the party, who presented a very woebegone appearance and showed signs of having endured great hardship. The remainder of the party arrived in Wexford later.

NO INJURIES TO CREW.

None of these was suffering from any injury. One of the them, a County Antrim man, described his experience as even worse than that which he endured in the great war, when his vessel, also a Clyde Shipping Company steamer, was torpedoed.

The Wexford lifeboat when notified of the occurrence had its crew assembled in the course of a few minutes, and proceeded before 3 p.m., under the command of Mr. J. Wickham (coxswain), to the scene of the accident, and up to 8 o'clock last night had not returned.

THE SHEERNESS SINKING.

The Sheerness had no passengers on board. She was built at Dundee in 1903, was registered in Glasgow with a gross tonnage of 1,274, and a nett tonnage of 543. She was 250 feet long, 35.2ft. beam. As the second lifeboat was leaving her the ship was sinking rapidly.

THE OFFICERS AND CREW.

The following are the names of the crew of the Sheerness:—

Captain Donald McLean, Master.
James M'Daid, Chief Officer.
James M'Arthur, Second Officer.
John M'Dermott, Chief Engineer.
William Kerr, Second Engineer.
Horace Giddings, Chief Steward.
James R. Beck, Cook.
John M'Glennon, Carpenter.
Patrick Robinson, Donkey Man.
Eugene O'Sullivan, Craneman.
William M'Loughlin, Greaser.
John M'Carley, Greaser.
Mrs. Millar, Stewardess.
Thomas Russell, Second Steward.
Hector M'Neill, Fireman.
M. M'Grory, Fireman.
Charles Harvey, Fireman.
Willie M'Veigh, Fireman.
Hugh M'Ginley, Fireman.
Edward Conway, Fireman.
Malcolm M'Kinnon, A.B.
J. Lewis, A.B.
J. Currie, A.B.
A. M'Arthur, A.B.
A. Cameron, A.B.
J. Browne, A.B.
Charles Lamont, A.B.
P. Peterson, A.B.
James Smyth, Cattle Man.
M. Burnes, Cattle Man.
A. O'Flaherty, Cattle Man.

Lewis hails from Cushendun, Co. Antrim, and O'Flaherty and O'Sullivan from Cork. The remaining members of the crew are mostly from Scotland.

LOST RUDDERS.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

QUEENSTOWN, Thursday.

An S.O.S. wireless from the Norwegian steamer Damptre was received at Queenstown early this morning. It stated that the vessel was drifting helpless in mid-Atlantic, having lost her rudder.

The Norwegian steamer Davanger later sent a wireless message indicating that she was only forty miles distant from the disabled Damptre, and was going to her assistance.

Both vessels were approximately 1,800 miles south-west of Queenstown, and will probably make for the Azores.

The Damptre is registered at Oslo (Norway), and her gross tonnage is given as 1,931, whilst the port of registry of the Davanger is Bergen. She is a large steamer of 7,102 tons gross.

BEQUESTS TO A SOLICITOR.

WEALTHY WOMAN'S WILL CONTESTED BY FOUR RELATIVES.

The Ballymena will suit was continued in the King's Bench Division, Belfast, yesterday, before Mr. Justice Brown and a special jury, when evidence was given by Mr. A. McClelland, solicitor, Ballymena.

The action was last heard in June last, when the jury disagreed. The plaintiff is Albert L. McClelland, solicitor, Ballymena, and the defendants Andrew Kirkpatrick, Robert Kirkpatrick, Jane McClarty and Joseph Kirkpatrick, also of Ballymena.

The plaintiff sought to establish the last will of Elizabeth Davidson, late of Broughshane road, Ballymena, and the defendants contested the will on the usual grounds. The gross estate amounts to about £38,000. Miss Davidson died on 28th January, 1925, and by her will, dated 27th August, 1921, appointed Mr. McClelland her sole executor and trustee and also her residuary legatee. Out of the residue was to be paid such gifts as the deceased might from time to time instruct him to pay.

PLAINTIFF'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. E. S. Murphy, K.C., for the plaintiff, at the outset asked the witness concerning some shares in the Northern Bank which were sold to Miss Davidson. The witness said Miss Davidson wished to realise certain Alabama bonds, and, having done so, the witness sold her 600 Northern Bank shares that he held for £3,583. Earlier Miss Davidson had suggested that the shares should be kept in his name and that she be paid the dividend. The witness would not agree to this, and advised her to keep all her property in her own name. These shares were duly transferred, and the dividend paid to Miss Davidson in her own name.

Questions were asked by members of the jury concerning the price of the shares.

Mr. McClelland said that he could not recall the price of the shares at that time. After that, however, they went up in value and there was also a bonus. The witness also gave evidence concerning assistance given to Miss Davidson regarding her accounts with the bank, and mentioned that she had objected to the half-a-guinea fee for keeping the account.

Mr. Murphy then examined the witness regarding various £5 grants to charity, and brought him to the gift of the house in Broughshane road. Miss Davidson emphasised to him, he said, that she wished the house to be his absolutely. After detailing various conversations regarding the proposed transfer, the witness said that in January, 1922, he saw Miss Davidson, when she returned to him a draft assignment of the house which had been left with her. Miss Davidson then pointed out that no provision was made in the draft for the situation arising if the witness predeceased her. In that event, it was then provided the house was to revert back to Miss Davidson, who, however, was to live in it during her lifetime. On 10th January, 1922 this deed was executed, the operative parts being read out by Mr. Mehaffy, who was the commissioner of oaths. Miss Davidson again asked and was informed that it was provided that she would have the house in the event of witness dying before her. Witness also mentioned, in passing, that Miss Davidson had always indicated a warm affection for him and had frequently inquired concerning the health of his mother.

OFFER OF A MOTOR CAR.

Mr. M'Clelland also suggested that Miss Davidson expressed a wish to give a woman who helped her with the washing £100, and dealt at length with her desire to present him with a motor car. He said Miss Davidson had an almost insistent desire to buy him a car, but he told her it would be a white elephant, as he did not drive a car, and he would rather have half the money than the car. She also wanted to give him money with the implication that he should get a car. He refused, but agreed, if she were satisfied with his realisation of certain property in Alabama, to give a handsome commission on it in lieu of what she wished to give him. This was fixed at 5 per cent., and he got £900.

A juror inquired what a solicitor was usually paid for doing this, and witness replied that it was done in that way. About £18,000 passed through his hands on this occasion.

Mr. M'Clelland added that Miss Davidson was greatly interested in religious books and read aloud particularly well.

Mr. Murphy—Ever get you to read with her?

Mr. M'Clelland—Yes. She was very keen on how a person would read and how to bring out the expression of anything they were reading. On one or two occasions she did ask me to read a passage of Scripture, which I read, Miss Davidson herself repeating the same chapter from memory as I read it. She would read it after the way she thought it should be read. She was not satisfied how I brought out the meaning, and on one occasion she asked me to repeat the Lord's Prayer, which I did.

VALUE OF THE ESTATE.

The witness said the total value of the estate was £38,043 8s. 3d., with accumulation of dividends since her death. That did not include the house and furniture. Legacies and wishes amounted to £16,250 over and above what had been paid during her lifetime. Legacy and estate duties would amount to close on £8,000, and there was also income tax due, the amount of which had been communicated to him. There would also be the costs of the litigation.

Mr. M'Clelland finally denied ever having exercised any undue influence on the lady, who was always perfectly competent and fully understood what she was doing.

Cross-examined by the Attorney-General for Robert Kirkpatrick, Mr. M'Clelland said when he knew Miss Davidson first she was over 80 years of age, and he was 42 years. She was to him normal in all respects. She had something wrong with her knee, and complained sometimes of indigestion. He had no knowledge of the fact that she had been ill on numerous occasions from 1914 to 1919. The only documents they had in her handwriting were three letters and signatures to documents. From what he knew of her afterwards he would regard her letters as showing that she was not feeling very fit at that particular time, but she was not by any means a chronic invalid.

The Attorney-General suggested that her income when witness met her first was between £1,700 and £2,000 a year, but witness said that he could not say definitely, although the estate was added to greatly after he met her in 1921.

Pressed on the point, the witness said that he could not give an approximate estimate. He agreed that she must have had well over £1,000 a year. She did not have the appearance of a person who was well-to-do. On two or three occasions she came to the window and asked him to call back later, as she might not be fully dressed. Her house was untidy at times, but not dirty. She took good, nourishing food.

THE CROSS-EXAMINATION.

The Attorney-General, in the course of further questions, asked the witness why Miss Davidson had conceived a sudden fancy for him.

Mr. McLelland replied that Miss Davidson had told him that he resembled her brother in size.

The Attorney-General asked for the production of a photograph of the brother, and it was handed to the jury and inspected by them.

Asked why he had not available more detailed notes of the interviews with Miss Davidson, the witness said that he had sufficient for his purpose.

The hearing was adjourned until Monday.

FOR IRISH STUDENTS.

EIGHT SCHOLARSHIPS OFFERED IN LEITRIM.

A Leitrim County Committee adopted a scholarship scheme for Irish students that provides for eight scholarships in the county, and, on the suggestion of Mr. John Bohan, the Connaught dialect was made the test, as laid down in Iosagán (Pearse), Socar agus Docar (O Lúin), Eachtraí Mora ar Staire (Padraig O Conaire).

Mr. Bohan said that it was really important that they should produce a teacher from among their own students, as in County Roscommon, and not be always depending on outsiders.

Mr. A. Mooney said that it would do away with the argument that they had their children for nothing but exportation.

CHINA.

(Continued from Page 7, Column 5.)

even though life were protected by Chinese soldiers.

REFUGEES AT SHANGHAI.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

SHANGHAI, Thursday.

The first boatload of British, American and Scandinavian missionary refugees from the mission stations located in Hunan province has arrived at Shanghai.

The refugees, who number, approximately, 160, including a large number of women and children, arrived in the British steamer Lungoo. As there is only first class accommodation on board for about 20, much discomfort resulted during the trip, which took ten days.

The refugees state they had to evacuate their homes at three days' notice, and left virtually without baggage. Nearly all declare that the Chinese Christians urged non-evacuation, and all claim that the conditions in Hunan, while disturbed owing to the Cantonese occupation, are no worse than they have been during the past year, with the exception of one college now controlled by Radical students.

The male members of the party declare that they intend to remain at Shanghai temporarily, in order to return to Changsha to look after their properties when the situation improves, as most of them have abandoned their homes, which contained the possessions of their lifetime.

£150,000 FOR TOWN OF 4,000.

BEQUEST MAY BE USED TO REDUCE THE RATES.

A bequest of £150,000 has been left to the ancient Borough of Totnes (Devonshire) by Mr. Sydney Paige Adams, of Newton Abbot, who was a native of the little market town on the river Dart, which boasts of the ruins of a Norman castle and a population of under 4,000.

The Mayor stated yesterday that the bequest would have a far-reaching effect locally. The Town Council was aware that the borough would substantially benefit under the will of Mr. Adams, who during his lifetime had made generous donations to the Grammar School (of which he was a pupil), the Cottage Hospital, and other institutions. It had not, however, had an opportunity to consider the position which would arise consequent on such a remarkable benefaction, and it would be premature to do so before the funds were actually available.

There were many purposes to which the money, in a small community, could be applied for the general well-being of the inhabitants, and there were no restrictions as to how it should be utilised by the Mayor and Corporation.

It might even be expended for the reduction of rates, and, as the present demands called for about £7,000 annually for municipal purposes, very substantial relief could be given, if the Council so decided, as the result of the bequest.

£2,000 FUR AND SILK ROBBERY.

GOODS FOUND IN STOLEN MOTOR CAR.

Furs and silk goods valued at between £2,000 and £3,000 were stolen during Wednesday night by burglars who broke into three business premises in Liverpool. The stolen goods had been carefully packed and removed in a motor car, and were discovered there by the police. The man in charge of the car ran away when the police approached it.

Inquiries showed that the motor car had been stolen, and that the burgled premises were those of Messrs. Leslie and Company, furriers, of Great Charlotte street; Messrs. Earle, ladies' outfitters, and the Alaska Fur Company.

Mr. J. B. Sleath, managing director of Messrs. Leslie and Co., gave the following account of the robbery:—"The thieves, after inspecting all the outer doors, scaled a 25-foot wall at the back of Messrs. Leslie's, and crawled up a sloping roof to the skylight. As it was impossible for them to open the skylight, they removed it by breaking away some of the slates. They then descended into the basement, where they gathered furs and coats together to the value of about £1,500. These were placed in a motor car which had been parked in a back street.

"After clearing the shop of all the best stock, the thieves went on the roof, scaled up another 15-foot wall, and removed the skylight of Earle's. Here again they ransacked the premises. In the third case, also, the men removed a skylight and entered the top room of the Alaska Fur Company's premises, where they removed even fur coats on models in the window."

MOUNTMELLICK SEWERAGE.

INDIGNATION AT STATE OF GIRLS' COLLEGE.

Presiding at a meeting of the Mountmellick Town Commissioners on Wednesday night, Mr. M. McDonald, having mentioned that the streets of the town were now a little cleaner, said that they had a still more serious trouble to think of in the sewerage, which was badly neglected and had been the cause of several outbreaks of scarlatina, measles and diphtheria. Addressing the Clerk, the Chairman asked: "Has there been anything done with the sewerage at the Girls' College in Main street?

The Town Clerk—No.

The Chairman—Well, it is scandalous to leave it that way; it is in a college where there are hundreds of young girls from every part of Ireland. Write to the engineer and have it done at once. We have had enough of disease and deaths already in the town.

Mr. Richard Lalor—Where is the use in writing to officials? See how they have left Lord Edward street. The sewerage in Lord Edward street is the worst in Ireland, while the pump has no equal the world over. (Laughter.)

The Town Clerk was ordered to write to the engineer and contractor, and order them to have the Girls' College sanitary arrangements rendered perfect at once; also the sewerage and pump in Lord Edward street; and to prosecute any persons owing either rates or rent.

BUILDING UP THE NATION.

PRIEST ON NEED FOR HONEST WORK.

Preaching at Enniscorthy Cathedral, the Rev. P. Murphy said that the spirit of work and industry, and of interest in this country's welfare were rare in Ireland to-day, with the result that industries are decaying, the towns are going to ruin, and bankruptcy stares us in the face. The only industry that is flourishing is one that caters for our amusement, and the only occupation of many is to indulge in pessimism, to criticise, to demand rights, and to shirk duty.

The apathy to the general welfare is appalling. No doubt the sudden advent of a measure of freedom, combined with the absence of any immediate visible betterment, is responsible, in great measure, for the situation as it exists to-day. By honest work, application to industry, and by equipping ourselves by every educational means available, the nation can be built up again, and work and bread provided for all the people.

HE WHO ASKS just for "Oil" deserves what he gets; but HE WHO ASKS for Wakefield CASTROL Motor Oil will get what he deserves.—C. C. WAKEFIELD and CO., LTD. —(Advt.)

U.S. MARKETS.

STOCKS CLOSED FIRM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, Thursday.

Stocks advanced again to-day, some of the "Merger Rails" being the most erratic. After a brisk start trading quieted down, and talk of a possible decrease in the Federal Reserve rediscount rate was again rampant. Wheeling and Lake Erie broke 5¼ to 63, but later soared to a "record" high price; and the fact that bears are compelled to pay loaning rates of $150 per 100 shares in order to make delivery indicated the scarcity of floating supplies. Western Maryland declined sharply, but later recovered, and Reading Shares crossed 103, the highest price since 1917. Steels, Railroad Equipments, Sugars, and Baking issues were supported, and Laclede Gas jumped 9, and Baldwin Locomotive and Case Threshing Machine 6 points. Oils were bought on the expectation of favourable dividend developments. The market closed firm. Government Bonds steady; Railroad Bonds steady. The day's sales totalled 1,760,000 shares.

Money on call closed steady at 4 bid and 4¼ asked. All business was transacted at 4 p.c. Prime Mercantile Paper was quoted at 4 to 4¼ p.c. Sterling exchange irregular. Silver ⅛c. higher at 60.

The Shawinigan Water and Power Company have exchanged their old shares of $100, par value, for new shares of no par value on the basis of four new shares in exchange for one old share. The new stock is quoted on the Exchange to-day at 68.

	Thur.	Wed.
Call Money	4b. 4¼a	4b. 4¼a
Exchange on Lon.—60 days sight	4.80⅞	4.80⅞
Do. do. Demand Bills.	4.84⅝	4.84⅝
Cable Transfers	4.85	4.85
Do

Enniscorthy played Wanderers II. at Lansdowne road, Dublin, yesterday. The Combined Teams.

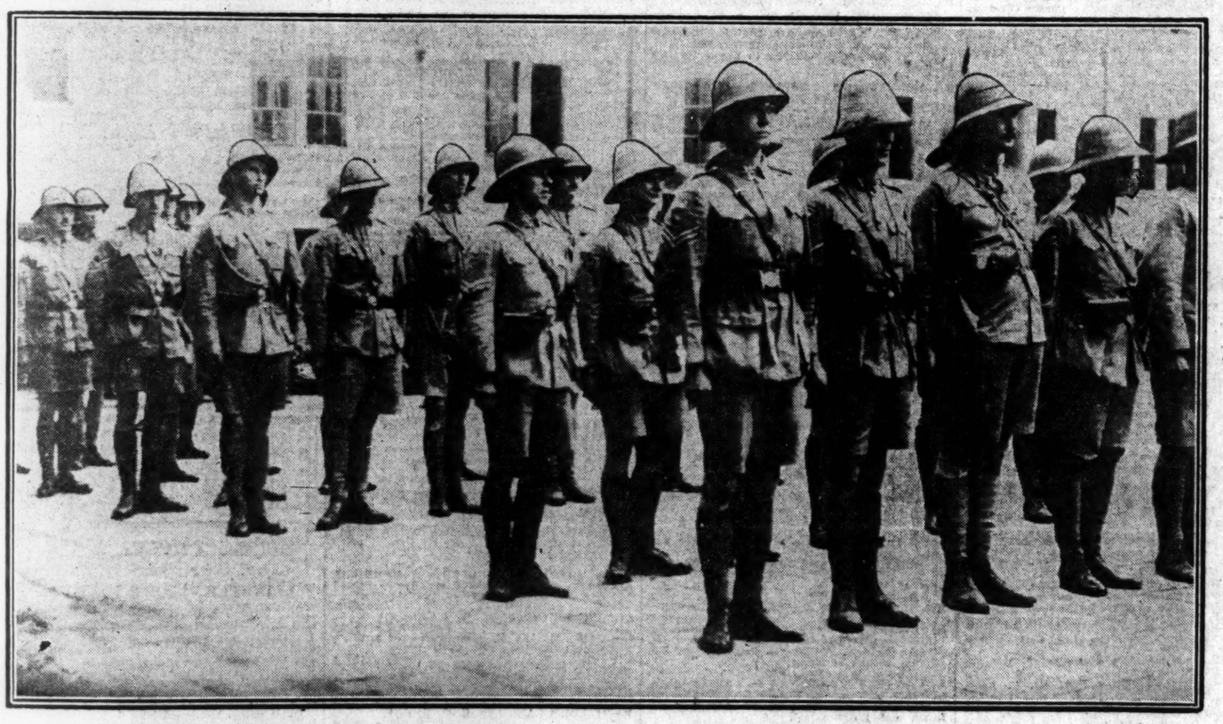
An incident in the game between Wanderers II. and Enniscorthy.

Get the OXO Habit

Miss Sylvia Hawkes, an actress, was married yesterday to Lord Ashley, the Earl of Shaftesbury's heir. A few days ago Lord Shaftesbury issued a statement denying that they were engaged.

Owing to the floods at Shepperton, residents have to use boats in order to get to business.

Lord Ossulston, the Earl of Tankerville's heir, has bought a Moth, which he proposes to use as an aerial taxi. The charge for a journey will be at the rate of a shilling a mile.



Members of the Machine Gun Company of the British Volunteer Corps on parade at Headquarters in Shanghai.

Mr. F. McDowell has been appointed Irish Traffic Manager of the London, Midland and Scottish Railway Company.

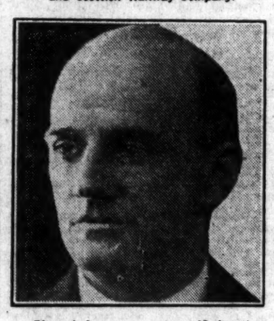


Photo by [*Lafayette.*

Mr. R. D. Roberts has been appointed Assistant Irish Traffic Manager of the London, Midland and Scottish Railway Company.

Those who prefer a thick Marmalade should ask for "PERFECT GEM."

ROBERTSON, ONLY MAKER

RECENT IRISH WILLS.

Mr. Thomas Tormey, late of Clonmaskill, Delvin, County Westmeath, farmer, left £21,848.

Mr. James Irwin Ellison, late of Mount Oriel, Newtownbreda, County Down, retired rate collector, who died on October 11, 1926, left £3,599.

Mr. Austin S. Cooper, late of Killinore Castle, Dundrum, County Tipperary, retired major in His Majesty's Army, who died on October 4, 1926, left £7,228.

The Very Rev. James O'Kane, P.P., late of Millmount, Strabane, County Tyrone, who died on October 23, 1926, left £4,910.

Miss Mary M. Joly, late of Corrig avenue, Kingstown, who died on November 19, 1926, left £5,220.

Mrs. Frances M. Speakman, late of Amadale, Southport, Lancashire, who died on May 10, 1925, left in the Irish Free State £2,050.

Mr. Patrick Fagan, late of Donore, County Meath, who died on May 15, 1926, left £2,160.

Mr. Thomas Sawyer, late of Glenderween, Knock, and High street, Belfast, merchant, who died on April 18, 1926, left in the Irish Free State £2,135.

There never was a time when so much deep thinking was being done by the wage-earners.—Sir Herbert Blain.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

DUBLIN BRIDGES PROBLEM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I am equally reluctant to seek to trespass further upon your space or to cross swords, upon town-planning matters, with the distinguished Chairman of the Civics Institute of Ireland. Yet I cannot allow Mr. Caulfeild Orpen's letter, which appeared in your issue of yesterday, to pass without challenge.

As I understand Mr. Orpen, he says that no expert advice should be sought upon the Butt Bridge and its allied traffic problems until some authority, not yet in existence (and which never may come into existence), has deliberated upon, and produced, a complete "town-plan" for Dublin. Advice from any other body of experts, he says, would be "premature."

May I ask Mr. Orpen to say if he really means that the *Oireachtas* should be called upon to accept or reject the bill now before the *Dail* and the Senate (which involves the rebuilding of Butt Bridge and the costly reconstruction of its approaches and surroundings) without the assistance of impartial expert advice? These are questions of immediate practical importance. They cannot be dealt with by pleas—however sincere they may be—for a "town-planning" millennium.

I, therefore, urge Mr. Orpen and his committee to consider my proposal that an *ad hoc* committee of engineers and traffic experts should be appointed immediately by the Minister for Local Government to report what new bridges and connecting streets are necessary to relieve the increasing congestion at the "Provost's corner" and in its vicinity. May I add the suggestion that the work of such a body might hasten, rather than delay, the kind of legislation for which Mr. Orpen pleads?—Yours, etc.,

JOHN IRWIN.

121 Upper Abbey street, Dublin,
February 3rd, 1927.

PROFITS FROM POULTRY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—In your issue of February 1st your Agricultural Correspondent quotes that the Roscommon County Committee of Agriculture and Technical Instruction expressed in their annual report for 1926 that eggs alone bring into County Roscommon about £100,000 every year, and goes on to state that this could be increased by keeping some fowl of sitting breeds for hatching in early spring, and housing and feeding the resultant pullets in the way they deserve. The report also states that profit, however, cannot be made on poultry unless virtually all its food is grown on the farm. If it has to be purchased, there is no margin left for profit. The report further states that the average hen on the farm lays 100-120 eggs *per* year. By care in selection and fair treatment this could be raised to 150 or more.

While agreeing that the average hen on the farm lays only 100 to 120 eggs *per annum*, I entirely disagree with that part of the report which states that "hens cannot be profitably kept unless all the food is grown on the farm." Referring to the Department's own report of the Egg-Laying Competition held at the Munster Institute, Cork, last year, the cost of food *per* bird works out at 11¼d. *per* bird *per* month, and the average price received for eggs was 1s. 9½d. At the Stormont (Belfast) competition the cost of feeding was 11d. *per* bird *per* month, and the average price received for eggs was 1s. 11d. *per* dozen.

I can feed hens here at 9½d. *per* bird *per* month (including carriage). All the meals are purchased in Dublin and are railed here. The only food which is home-grown is cabbage, and this is fed raw.

Assuming that hens lay ten dozen eggs *per annum* on general farms, and that we strike an average price of 1s. 6d. *per* dozen (against 1s. 9d and 1s. 11d. quoted from Cork and Belfast competitions), the gross income *per* bird would be 15s., and the cost of feeding (all purchased foods) at 10s. *per annum*, a profit of 5s. *per* head can be made. If foods are purchased locally, thereby saving freight, a further reduction of 1s. *per* cwt. can be made.

At the present price of feeding stuffs 100 hens can be fed for a month on a mixture of pollard, bran, Sussex ground oats, maize meal and fish meal for soft mash and equal parts of wheat oats and kibbled maize as scratch grain for the sum of £3 15s. At the very low production of ten eggs *per* bird *per* month, say, eighty-four dozen at 1s. 6d. *per* dozen, the general farmer can make a profit of £2 11s. a month on one hundred hens alone.

It is a great pity that figures are not given when such reports are being drawn up.—Yours, etc.,

M. J. CONNAUGHTON, Manager,
Poultry Gazette Egg-Laying Test.
Rosslare, Co. Wexford,
February 2nd, 1927.

LICENSING REFORM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—It is quite evident from the notes of your Political Correspondent that a considerable amount of energy is about to be devoted to the Government's proposed licensing reform. I, therefore—feeling that the matter is of an urgent nature—wish to put before the Government and the public a more or less impartial view of the position as it appears to me.

To begin with, there is only one phase of the whole question deserving of the slightest attention, and that is the admitted excess in the number of licensed houses. Remove this, and the necessity for elaborate regulations and the difficulty of supervision disappear automatically, as it is a well-known fact that the better-class houses, which should remain, have never given any trouble to licensing authorities.

As to the method of compensation, the licensed trade as a body never encouraged the indiscriminate granting of licences, and, therefore, those that are left should not be expected to shoulder the whole of the compensation, to which, in all equity, those who surrender voluntarily or otherwise are entitled. I maintain that, as this is essentially a State measure, a large percentage of the compensation should come directly from the State.

To me it seems the greatest folly that this question should arise to distract and confuse issues of paramount importance at this particular juncture. Surely the Government must be aware of the trade conditions—bank clearances £19,000,000 below 1925, the huge adverse trade balance, and the alarming emigration and unemployment returns.—Yours, etc.,

P. J. MANNION.

11 Ashdale road, Dublin.
February 3rd, 1927.

THE "WIRELESS" TARIFF.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—While the country is steadily going from bad to worse owing to lack of trade and the acute dearth of employment, the Government continues the same fiscal policy which it started on coming into power. A correspondent very properly draws attention to the urgent necessity of a protective tariff on imported flour, but it would seem that the powers that be seem determined to ignore the advice of business men, and, apparently out of pure "cussedness," as the Americans say, go on the wrong line.

There is a 33 *per cent.* tariff on wireless parts which are not manufactured here. Can any intelligent member of the Free State Government explain the sense of such an imposition? If the parts were allowed in free, there are hundreds of talented young electricians who would be able to make sets for Irish firms; skilled cabinet-makers would be employed to turn out the oak or mahogany cabinets to contain the finished sets, and thus be independent of existing on the dole grant. A good four-valve set, made in England, costs close on £50, which, if it was manufactured here, could be sold for about half that price.

The Government puts a 33 *per cent.* tariff on wireless parts, instead of putting it on imported flour. It was suggested time after time in the Dublin Press that a tax be put on imported motor bodies, and that the chassis be allowed in free, so that the coach-building firms in Ireland would benefit by the new order of locomotion. The coming of the motor car has ruined many a fine business in Ireland, and it would be some compensation to know that it conferred at least some benefits, such as the building of motor bodies, and thus create extensive employment.—Yours, etc.,

"INDUSTRY."

Dublin, February 3rd, 1927.

IRISH MILLING INDUSTRY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—In to-day's *Irish Times* Mr. Morgan suggested that an experimental protective tariff should be imposed on imported flour, say, for one year, so that the result upon the Irish milling trade might be ascertained. The suggestion does not come before it is due.

It is a matter of fact that a very large modern milling plant has been erected in Liverpool for the purpose of capturing the Irish trade, and that large quantities of flour have been dumped into Ireland at hillings *per* sack under the cost of manufacture. When the Irish mills are forced to close down—like the Barrow street mill—the outside dumping flour miller will be able to get his losses back with a substantial profit added.

Let the grain in free, but shelter the Irish milling industry from unfair competition by the imposition of a reasonable tariff. This will give employment for the people, and supply cheap residuals for feeding pigs and other live stock. There may be a cry about "taxing the people's bread"; but if we wait until the dumping finishes its work there will be solid cause for crying.—Yours, etc.,

H. CRAWFORD HARTNELL.

37 Belgrave square, Monkstown,
Co. Dublin, February 3rd, 1927.

IRISH BUTTER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Our attention has been called to the articles which have been appearing in the Irish Press recently on the question of factory or home-made butter. We should like to give our views on the subject.

We purchase every season many thousand boxes of factory butter from a Cork firm, which we sell at 5s. to 6s. below the price of creamery. Our demand for factory butter last season was so heavy that our shippers were unable to send us sufficient supplies. In face of the bad market for butter last season, it may seem strange; but this is an absolute fact which we can prove.

The majority of our customers, apart from price, prefer factory butter. They like the full flavour which you rarely get with creamery. The Department of Agriculture for Ireland should encourage the farmers to make their own butter. It must be cheaper to produce, and it fills a real want on this side of the Channel.—Yours, etc.,

WM. POWELL AND SONS, LTD.
W. JOHNS POWELL, Managing Director.
Colonial House, Cardiff,
February 2nd, 1927.

ROBERT BURNS, DEMOCRAT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—"K" in her "Literary Excursions" in Wednesday's *Irish Times*, doubts the authenticity of Burns's poem, which you were good enough to insert in a recent issue of your paper.

She says that it is not "like Burns's writing." I rather think it is. Of course, Burns's writings in English—any of them—are not nearly as good as those in the Scottish vernacular.

At the time Burns was a young man. The poem obviously was written in haste, and the language used was that of the people to whom it was addressed. The first productions of the greatest writers are seldom preserved, and, perhaps, are seldom worth preserving. It would be a pity if this poem of Burns did not escape the general fate.

Mr. Edward Saunderson got the poem at St. Andrews about one hundred years ago, and it was given to the *Dundee Courier* by Mrs. Moffit, his grand-daughter.—Yours, etc.,

"H. P. C."

Monkstown, Co. Dublin,
February 3rd, 1927.

LAND PURCHASE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—If the farm of "Fee Farm," who writes in your issue of to-day, is used for agricultural purposes—that is, as a farm, and not for residental purposes—he can apply to the Land Commission under Section 38 of the 1923 Land Act to have his rent redeemed. Before doing so, however, he would be well advised to get a first-class valuer, who understands this class of work, to inspect the place and see if "Fee Farm" would be likely to make on the transaction or not. Otherwise, if the security was first rate, a price might be fixed which would leave him in a worse position—that is, the terminable annuity he would have to pay might be just up to or conceivably more than his rent now.—Yours, etc.,

"READER."

Dublin, February 2nd, 1927.

THE LATE GENERAL SIR GEORGE HIGGINSON.

The funeral of General Sir George Higginson took place at the parish church, Marlow, yesterday. The Service at the church was conducted by the Vicar of Marlow, assisted by the Bishop of Swansea and Brecon, the Bishop of Buckingham, and the Rural Dean. The coffin was covered with the Union Jack, and the late General's helmet and sword lay on the top. It was borne into the church by a party of Grenadier Guards. At the graveside three volleys were fired, and the buglers of the Guards and the drummers of the Gordon Boys' Home sounded the "Last Post" and the "Réveille."

TALES OF HOFFMAN.

A special performance of Offenbach's "Tales of Hoffman" will be given in the Theatre Royal, Dublin, next Sunday, in aid of the widow and children of the late Mr. Patrick Warren, of the Free State Insurance Commission, who died last December at the age of 35. Mr. Warren, besides being a popular Civil Servant, was well-known in Irish musical circles. A Sunday's performance, which will be given by the SS. Michael and John's Operatic Society, the chorus and orchestra of over 100 will be conducted by Mr. Michael Lynch. Booking is open at the theatre.

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"Irish Times," 3/2/27.

GOSSIP FROM THE COURSE.

SILVER SOMME WINS.

A GOOD STAYER AND FENCER.

FOURTH SUCCESSIVE SCORE OF LORDI.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Thursday Night.

It did not seem possible in London this morning that racing would take place at Gatwick this afternoon, and this fact probably accounted for the meagre attendance. Some frost and wind in the night had, however, done wonders for the course, and it was quite possible to race, even though it rode heavy. There was a rather general lack of interest about the proceedings, and most of the races were very easily won. Indeed, the one bright spot in the way of excitement was provided by the Selling Steeplechase, in which Elson and Spruce jumped the last fence together, and the former got the better of a well-contested finish by half a length.

That remarkable mare, Silver Somme, won the Stewards' Steeplechase, an event run over four miles, by eight lengths from Drimmond, and, as she seemed to be going better in the last half mile than at any period of the race, she may find a stray supporter for the Grand National, where her weight is 11st. 3lb. She was a second-rate plater, changing hands for sums less than 200 guineas this time last year; but Percy Woodland has improved her a great deal since he bought her for Mr. Harry Liddell after she had beaten the North of Ireland owner's Ellaton in a modest selling steeplechase.

There is no doubt that she is a good stayer and that she has improved in her fencing since the days when she used to lie strewn about racecourses; but as a serious Grand National proposition she must still be regarded with grave misgivings.

Several National candidates of the minor sort ran here, but without distinction. Marsin fell at the big fence opposite the stands second time round, and so would not give Blackwell much of a line for his other Liverpool horses. Cash Box refused, and Drimmond was beaten pointless by Silver Somme. Master of Arts tailed himself off.

All the other winners after Silver Somme seemed to want to emulate her by winning their races in a canter. Rhyolite was favourite for the Duxhurst Hurdle, but a mistake seems to have been made over Frank Hartigan's horse, for he was beaten in the straight and finished last. Marterne, a little daughter of Marten, won by ten lengths from Repertoire.

EASY WIN OF LORDI.

There was no great fancy for anything to beat Lordi in the Brook Novices' Steeplechase, and he won his fourth successive race, this time by twelve lengths, from Geryones.

Bacchanale was offered for sale in the course of the afternoon, but the best bid for her was the surprisingly low one of 800 guineas, at which she was withdrawn. She was started for the Maiden Hurdle, and, with long odds laid on her, she won in a canter from Sir Sidney and a moderate field of three other runners.

Better racing is promised to-morrow afternoon at Sandown, which has the Prince Albert Hurdle Race as its most valuable event. Boddam may be seen out here for the first time this season, and his performance may help to settle the doubtful point whether he is as good as he was. Neither First Magic nor Kinnaird, both of whom are penalised, is likely to run; Windswept has a good each-way chance; and, if Castlederg has refound his form, he might run well off his low mark in the handicap. The race may lie between him and GOLD WILLOW, and, although the latter disappointed at Haydock Park behind White Mountain, I give him the preference.

RATHCOOLE'S RUNNING.

Rathcoole is likely to be a good deal fancied for the Mole Handicap Steeplechase, and, if he puts it in, his chance is a good one. He has been running better since blinkers have been tried on put. If J. R. Anthony is well enough to ride Hackdene he also has a chance, and The Sheriff will probably be fancied. I shall, however, give another chance to CORAZON, who was a little unlucky when beaten by D.D.B. at the last Hurst Park meeting.

If HAWKER runs as well for his owner, Captain Eddie Grant, as he did when only narrowly beaten by Sutton Wick at Nottingham earlier in the week he should account for the Stanley Cup. No one is likely to look much beyond HARPIST for the winner of the Metropolitan Maiden Hurdle.

GALTEE MORE.

FORM HORSES.

SANDOWN PARK.

1.30—Capricious.
2. 0—Rathluck.
2.30—Gold Willow, nap.
3. 0—Rathcoole.
3.30—Harpist.
4. 0—What Luck.

Eclipse.

SPECIAL SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

Westminster Gazette :—To-day's best — Corazon. Double—Gold Willow and Corazon.

Daily Express :—Double—Wind Swept and Harpist.

Daily Mirror :—Double — Imeprious and Rathcoole.

Daily Sketch :—Double — Hackdene or Rathcoole and Capricious.

ALTERATIONS IN CLOSING DATES.

The conditions of a number of important handicaps due to close on February 15 are to be found in the *Racing Calendar* this week. They include the Newbury Spring Cup and the Chester Cup, which usually close on the last Tuesday in February. The Kempton Park and Lingfield Park Executives also have selected February 15 to close the "Jubilee" Handicap and the Cosmopolitan Handicap respectively. The "Jubilee" has in recent years closed on the first Tuesday in February.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

Coulsdon, Gatwick: Moderate Hurdle, Leicestershire Berkshire Hurdle, Newbury; and Guest Hall Hurdle, Lingfield—Phalol.

Palmer Hurdle, Plumpton, and February Hurdle, Lingfield—Royal Battle.

Sandown Park engagements, February 4 and 5—Shady Night and Declare's Hope.

All engagements in Mrs. E. Brock's name—Scaliger.

All engagements—Tetrimac (dead).

Grange National Hunt Flat Race, Hurst Park—Loyalty.

HILLSIDE HARRIERS' POINT-TO-POINT RACES

(Run under I.N.H.S. Rules relative to Point-to-Point Meetings)

AT BALDONNELL, CO. DUBLIN,

On WEDNESDAY, 16th FEBRUARY, 1927.

First Race—SUBSCRIBERS AND FARMERS (Con. fined). For Challenge Cup.

Second Race—LADIES' OPEN RACE. For Silver Cup.

Third Race—HILLSIDE HARRIERS' CHALLENGE CUP. Open race for trophy value 60 sovereigns, with 45 (in specie), of which winner will receive 30 sovereigns, second 10 sovs, and third 5 sovs.

Fourth Race—MILITARY RACE. Challenge Cup, confined to Officers of the National Army.

Fifth Race—HEAVY-WEIGHT RACE (Open). Sweepstakes of £2 each. Winner, two-thirds; second, one-third of stake.

ENTRIES CLOSE 7th FEBRUARY.

For Entry Forms, etc., apply Hon. Secretaries, 6 Cavendish Row, Dublin.

A Premature Report.

Hendren, the Middlesex cricketer, who was reported to have accepted an appointment as coach from the South Australian Cricket Association, said yesterday that he was waiting to hear from the Association regarding an agreement. He has not definitely accepted the offer.

HUNTING NOTES.

WARD UNION HOUNDS.

Wednesday, at the Ten-Mile Bush, was just saved from the frost, which was severe overnight, and hunting appeared highly improbable early in the day. By the hour of appointment, however, a large field had gathered, and a bright sun had dispelled the frost from the ground, making the day quite warm and spring-like, and sport was again of the best.

From the enlargement at Little Lagorge the hunt started through Moorestown to The Bush, and bore right-handed at the Dunshaughlin road, over the huge fences of Ballinagall to the Poorhouse gorse, and thence we ran direct into the Bog of Ratoath, where the stag was viewed leaving the bog on the far side. This being flooded and slightly frozen over, impeded the progress of the pack, which hunted the line through the broken ice, and before they reached the high ground again their stag had established a good lead.

Scent, however, was really good, and they ran hard again on leaving the bog by Ballymore to Curkeen, crossing the Bog road for the Commons, and swinging to the right over the formidable Fairyhouse river to the Fairyhouse road by the Standhouse. Crossing this into the racecourse, the pack held on straight over Ballyhack Hill to Glascarn, and by The Paddocks to Peacockstown, before crossing the Kilbride road direct to Kilrue, where they checked in the laneway.

Quickly recovering the line in the Horse Park, they ran on direct by Balfestown and Fleenstown to the Dardistown river, near Kilbride, where the stag soiled, and was safely taken, after a good hunt of an hour and twenty minutes, making a 7-mile point over a fine line of big country.

FINGAL HARRIERS.

It was blowing a gale when hounds met at Springhill on Friday, 28th January. A hare found on Mr. Finlay's farm brought us past the Grallagh and Springhill and over the point-to-point course to Kane's furze, then through Knocklyon to the Lazy Bush road, where scent failed. We found again immediately, hounds running over Mr. Reynolds' farm and on through New Lodge to Garristown Green. Wheeling to the right here, we crossed Baldwinstown and Prospect Hill to Knocklyon, where hounds were stopped.

As usual, a big field met hounds at the seventh milestone meet on Tuesday. A quick find on Mr. Whitmore's farm at Irishtown brought us over Ballymacarney and into Baytown. Wheeling to the right here, we crossed Mabestown to Mr. Monks' farm at the Ward, where we lost on some ploughed land. Greenogue was next tried, and without delay a hare was on foot, crossing the Ashbourne road and running through Newtown to The Wootton, where she was headed, and coming back almost over the same line, hounds killed in the open at the back of Mrs. Isdale's house. Bullstown was next drawn, and with a much-improved scent, hounds simply raced over Greenogue to the seventh milestone, where we wheeled sharp, and re-crossing Bullstown, ran straight to Donaghmore Chapel, and on by the Brindley Memorial into Fleenstown, hounds being stopped on the Ashbourne road at Newton Cross. This finished a busy day.

THE ORMOND HOUNDS.

Hounds met at Ballymackey on Tuesday. Dougan's Furze, Cappagh Bog, and several small patches of furze were drawn without success. By now some of the field, being disappointed, turned homewards, and missed what must be considered a very creditable hound performance. As a last resource the Master tried Woodville. Hounds were hardly in cover when Reynard was quickly on foot, and hounds, running with rare drive, ran into Ballycapple Wood, a distance of 4½ miles as the crow flies. They made a circle of the wood, and, turning left-handed, ran hard through that good sportsman, Tom Mounsey's farm, and making a circle of Ballygibbon Wood, hunted back through Ballycapple, again making a circle of the wood. They now pointed for Knockrue, but wheeling right-handed, crossed the road, and a few fields further on this gallant fox saved his brush by going to ground in a well-known earth. Hounds never got any assistance during this run, and covered about 14 miles. Time—2½ hours.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.

THE WARD UNION.

February.	Meet.	Hour.
Saturday, 5th	.....Rathgate	1.30

THE KILDARE.

To-day .....Betaghstown Cross-rds.. 11.0

THE MEATH.

To-day .....Ross Cross-roads 11.0
Saturday, 5th.....Headford 11.0

THE KILDARE.

CHANGE OF MEET.

The bye-days, Monday, 7th February, will be at Davidstown Cross Roads, instead of Skerry's Bog.

COUNTY GALWAY HUNT ("THE BLAZERS").—February—Monday, 7th, Coolarne; Friday, 11th, St. Brendan's; Monday, 14th, Cregg Castle; Friday, 18th, Carrowkeel Cross-roads. At 11 o'clock.

BALLYMACAD HOUNDS.—February — Monday, 7th, Crossdrum; Tuesday, 15th, Newcastle; Friday, 18th, Fore; Tuesday, 22nd, Bensfort; Friday, 25th, Kennels. At 11 o'clock.

HILLSIDE HARRIERS.—Meet to-morrow, Rathfarnham, 2 o'clock.

DUHALLOW HOUNDS.—Meet—February—Monday, 7th, Marshalstown Cross; Tuesday, 8th, Ballydrihane Bridge; Thursday, 10th, Churchtown; Saturday, 12th, Glenanaar Bridge; Monday, 14th, Mourne Abbey; Tuesday, 15th, Annesgrowe; Thursday, 17th, Ross Mill; Saturday, 19th, Longueville; Monday, 21st, Killavullen; Tuesday, 22nd, Clonces; Thursday, 24th, Glenwood; Saturday, 26th, Buttevant. At 11 a.m.

ORMOND HOUNDS.—Change of Meets—February—Tuesday, 8th, Fourteen Ways; Saturday, 12th, Abbeyville Cross; Tuesday, 15th, Ardcroney (11.30); Friday, 18th, Dungar House; Tuesday, 22nd, Knockinacree Cross; Friday, 25th, Fortal Cross. At 11 o'clock.

HUNTING—Reports from the various packs and a list of appointments appear each Saturday in *The Irish Field*, On sale at all Newsagents. Price 2d. By Post, 6/6 half-yearly. Head Office—11 D'Olier street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

BADMINTON.

ULSTER CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Play in the Ulster Open Championship Tournament was continued yesterday in the Sans Souci Hall, Malone road, Belfast, and the following were the results:—

LADIES' SINGLES.—First Round (concluded)—Miss Smart beat Miss Deeper—13-12, 6-11, 11-2; Miss Rogers beat Miss Courtney—11-4, 11-0; Mrs. M'Govern beat Miss Grange—11-2, 11-3; Mrs. Good beat Miss Homan—11-4 (retired). Second Round—Miss Allen beat Miss Moeran—11-6, 6-11, 11-6; Miss Rogers beat Mrs. M'Govern—11-4, 11-3.

LADIES' DOUBLES.—First Round—Mrs. Chamberlain and Mrs. Kelly beat Mrs. J. W. Haughton and Mrs. S. Haughton—6-15, 15-6, 15-6; Miss O'Rorke and Mrs. M'Manaway beat Miss C. Reid and Miss P. Reid—15-3, 15-4; Miss Homan and Miss M'Laughlin beat Miss Goldsmith and Miss Barr—15-5, 15-9; Miss Allen and Miss Donnell beat Miss M'Lardy and Miss Spruce—15-1, 10-15, 13-10; Miss Maxwell and Miss Blessington beat Mrs. Dudgeon and Miss Malet—15-6, 15-11. Second Round—Mrs. R. P. C. Gotto and Mrs. M'Govern beat Miss M'William and Miss Parke—15-5, 15-8; Mrs. Good and Miss Pilkington beat Mrs. Rae and Miss Hamilton—15-3, 15-1; Mrs. Chamberlain and Mrs. Kelly beat Miss Staples and Miss Leeper—15-6, 15-9; Miss Beattie and Miss Moeran beat Mrs. Price and Miss B. Stewart—15-7, 17-15; Mrs. Kerr and Miss Workman beat Miss Rogers and Mrs. Britten—15-5, 15-17, 15-7; Mrs. L. C. Gotto and Miss Gausseu beat Mrs. Henry and Mrs. Reeves—15-2, 15-0.

MIXED DOUBLES.—First Round (continued)—A. H. Clenaghan and Miss M'Laughlin beat Wm. Clarke and Mrs. Clarke—15-10, 15-2; E. Gray and Mrs. R. P. C. Gotto beat H. M'Donnell and Miss Leeper—15-0, 15-4; G. Strahan and Miss Hamilton beat R. M. Rae and Mrs. Rae—15-2, 15-8. Second Round—O. L. Goldsmith and Miss Dashwood beat R. T. Barnes and Miss Walsh—15-7, 15-6; T. N. Goldsmith and Miss Goldsmith beat R. P. C. Gotto and Miss Staples—15-8, 14-17, 15-3.

MEN'S SINGLES.—Second Round—J. D. M. M'Cullum beat A. M'Kinnon—15-7, 15-2.

MEN'S DOUBLES.—First Round—J. D. M. M'Callum and G. E. Stewart beat L. Moody and W. Reid—15-4, 15-3; E. D. Hill and P. T. Watson beat R. J. Barnes and H. F. Whitten—15-5, 15-12; W. M. Dick and W. S. Ritchie w.o., J. T. Turner and A. F. Turner scr.; J. Mathie and A. Mackinnon beat J. Roe and E. Shanks—15-12, 15-10; W. Ferguson and E. Gray beat J. C. Boudgeon and J. H. Lytle—15-9, 15-4.

SPORTING GOSSIP.

Four Irish Players on Army XV.

The two Irish international forwards, W. F. Browne and H. McVicker, have been selected to play for the Army v. Blackheath at Woolwich on Saturday. J. C. Hardy, who played for Ulster against Munster at Belfast this year, is also on the team as wing three-quarter, while G. B. Macnamara (1st Battalion Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers) is included amongst the forwards.

Sandham's Eighth Century.

At the close of play yesterday evening the two day match between the M.C.C. touring team and an up country eleven, captained by A. L. Gibson, which began at Hatton, Ceylon, was left in a very even position, the home side, with three wickets down, being within 124 runs of the visitors' first innings total. Apart from a splendid display by Sandham, who scored his eighth century of the tour, the M.C.C. batsmen could make little headway against the excellent bowling of Kannangara and Sinclair, only Wyatt and Hill of the other players reaching double figures.

Jack Anthony to Resume Riding.

Jack Anthony, the well-known cross-country rider, who has had to refrain from riding during the past few days, owing to eye trouble, will resume riding at Sandown Park. It is probable that he will have some mounts at the Esher venue to-day, but it is stated that he will certainly ride Blancona in the Prince of Wales's Steeplechase on to-morrow. Blancona, who declined his liability in the Grand National, was ridden by Anthony in a schooling gallop at Newmarket on Sunday last.

Bacchanale Unsold.

Bacchanale, the smart young hurdler, owned and trained by Mr. E. Gwilt at Lambourn, was offered for sale at Gatwick yesterday, but was withdrawn at 850 guineas. The filly had previously won the only two hurdle races in which she had competed, and she subsequently registered her third victory by an easy success in the last event on the day's card.

Irish Two-Year-Olds for England.

Five two-year-olds, the property of the American owner, Mr. W. A. Read, have recently been sent from Ireland to be trained by D. Dale at Seaford.

Selling Platers Advance.

Silver Somme, who gave a fine display of fencing and stamina when she won the Stewards' Handicap Steeplechase at Gatwick yesterday, was running in selling races last season. This season she already has won four good steeplechase handicaps. Percy Woodland, her trainer, considers she possesses a really good chance of winning the Grand National.

S. Donoghue as Breeder.

In the current issue of the *Racing Calendar* Stephen Donoghue has registered the name of Girlie for a three-year-old gelding by Glanmerin, out of Glaneuse. Professional jockeys are not permitted to run horses, but several take an active interest in breeding. Michael Beary has bred many horses, and, whilst he held a jockey's licence, W. Higgs ran a prosperous stud farm in Wiltshire. He bred Wet Kiss, which was subsequently sold to Lord Woolavington and produced to Hurry On the Derby and St. Leger winner, Coronach.

Sandown Park Prospects.

There was considerable snow on the course at Sandown Park yesterday, but the Executive have taken energetic steps to remove it. The course was inspected by the Stewards in the afternoon, and they considered that unless there was a severe frost during the night, racing was certain to take place to-day.

The Davis Cup.

The South African Lawn Tennis Union has decided that South Africa shall compete in the Davis Cup this year, and it has also agreed as to the advisability of sending two or three lady players to Europe this year if available.

International Trial.

Everton being engaged in their F.A. Cup replay with Hull City on Monday next, Dean will be unable to take his place in the England team against the Rest in the international trial match at Bolton. Camsell, of Middlesbrough, has consequently moved from the Rest team to the centre-forward position in the England side, and Chandler, of Leicester City, will fill the vacancy thus caused.

Waterloo Cup Nominations.

We understand that Mr. M. L. Hearn's nomination in the Waterloo Cup will be filled by Mr. Mahon's Magill. Mr. Harte's Killybegs Boy and Hidden Doctor leave Kildare to-day in charge of Mr. Harry Leader.

Clontarf G.C. Dinner.

The Clontarf Golf Club will hold their annual dinner in the Imperial Restaurant on Saturday evening, February 12.

A Tip for Waterloo.

A good judge of English coursing predicts the success of Hangar in the Waterloo Cup.

HANDBALL.

CHAMPIONSHIP NOTES.

The Metropolitan Guards programme in their Singles Soft-Ball Championship, at Castle yesterday, consisted of two semi-finals—Intermediate and Junior.

The play opened with the Junior match between P. P. Powderly (C) and M. Geraghty (E). It was a well-contested rubber, Geraghty being the more finished, and using both hands well. He outplayed his opponent in the opening game, but lacked the determination of Powderly, who, having caught his opponent in the second game, equalised matters. In the third game Geraghty took an early lead, and when within four of game had an advantage of eight aces, and reached game-ball in front. Powderly played very determinedly, and, having got in again, forced the pace. Powderly won the match by 7-21, 21-15, 21-20.

The Intermediate semi-final between M. Donnelly (E) and J. O'Reilly (D.B.) was a capital exhibition. The exchanges were very fast, and lasted for long periods at times. Donnelly was the winner by 21-15, 21-7, 14-21, 21-10.

The second Junior semi-final will be played to-day at 12, between E. Farrelly (B) and M. Deane (A).

In the G.A.A. Novice Championship, at the Castle yesterday, W. Boyle and J. Clarke (D.M.G.) beat J. O'Neill and P. Moran (D.M.G.)—21-6, 21-15.

The entries received for the championships started by the Dublin G.A.A. Handball Board constitute a record. It was the first time that the Board put on a Doubles Championship for Intermediate, Junior and Novice players. Their action has met with success, and, judging by the number of players who were late for the Junior and Novice draws, further competitions are likely to receive larger patronage. For the competitions the number of entries are as follows:—

Senior Soft-Ball (Doubles), 12; Intermediate Soft-Ball (Doubles), 24; Junior Soft-Ball (Doubles), 128; Novice Soft-Ball (Doubles), 152.—516.

Some of the clubs only sent forward their best players, but that does not give the remainder an opportunity of gaining experience against strange players.

D.M.G. have the largest entry, sending in 60 players. Civil Service Club, which started only recently, have 54, Civic Guards have a great many ball players, but only 14 have entered. The following analysis show the clubs' contributions:—

	Sen.	Int.	Jun.	Nov.
Bray	2	2	6	4
Clontarf	2	2	6	—
Civic Guards	2	4	8	—
Civil Service	—	2	8	24
Croke Park United	—	—	—	22
D.M.G.	4	10	26	20
Garristown	—	—	12	2
Geraldines	—	2	6	14
G.H.Q.	—	2	10	6
Players	—	—	10	10
Rathmines	—	—	6	—
Round Towers	—	—	2	6
Richmond	—	—	8	12
St. Audoen's	—	—	10	6
St. Catherine's	2	2	8	—
St. Joseph's	+	—	2	12
Westerns	—	—	—	14

Croke Park United and Westerns were late for the Juniors. G.S. Railway only play the hard ball. Round Towers are mostly hard-ball players.

A copy of *The Irish Field* will be posted weekly to any address on the following terms:—Yearly 13/-, Half-yearly 6/6, Quarterly 3/3 (post free, payable in advance). Head Office—11 D'Olier street, Dublin.

COURSING.

GOOD TRIALS AT BOYNE VALLEY.

Favoured by an exceptionally fine day for the season, and commencing shortly after 10 o'clock, the Boyne Valley Club yesterday scored a third success with their meeting, over the Pollistown preserves. Hares were in abundance, and coming to hand freely we were enabled to finish and run several private trials by three o'clock.

Nothing went better in the Puppy Stake than Betting Tax, a nice looking dog, owned by Miss Crowley, a member of the Westmeath Club. This bitch puppy showed excellent pace and good working powers, and went too fast for Shantbeiong in the deciding course, winning decisively.

Mr. Shaw, the Belfast courser, had also two entries in the Stackallen Plate, and his Stop Flirting achieved an easy win over Bawn Boy. In the Navan Stakes Barty Hoey, a Kells dog, was a meritorious winner, leading and beating easily the hard run Berrie's Sweet in the deciding course.

As to the coursing it was excellent, and some very good trials were witnessed. The Harristown Stake for puppies in particular was considered one of the best of the kind yet seen in the Midlands. Mr. Roantree, the Hon. Secretary, had all the arrangements in excellent order, and this contributed in a great degree to the success of the meeting. The crowd was on the large side, as this meeting is now regarded as one of the best in the Midlands.

Judge—Mr. Kennedy. Slipper—M. Horan.

HARRISTOWN STAKE—For 12 puppies. Winner, £16 and Cup; second, £6 10/; third, £3 10/.

Mr. Kinsella's f. w. d. Hard to Christen (Hyder Ali—Golden Bee II.) beat Mr. P. McCarthy's bd. d. Cobbler's Wax (Hyder Ali—Rocksmelody).

Mr. J. Shaw's bd. d. Shackleton (Stormont—Strickland's Glen) beat Mrs. M. Clarke's bd. d. Hidden Ace (Cardsharper—Rockmount).

Mr. J. Shaw's r. f. d. Shantbeiong (Stormont—Fair Shiela) beat Mr. M. Brennan's r. f. d. Recluse (Market Boy—Bawn Lass III.).

Mr. J. Taaffe's f. b. Rocky Girl (Victor Hill—A Gift) beat Mr. E. Flanigan's b. d. Victory Deferred (Victory Yet—Holly Leaves).

Mr. N. Gogan's r. f. b. Speedy Love (Three Speed—Hidden Love II.) beat Mr. D. Tully's r. b. Good Night Kiss (Hyder Ali—Lady Rockdale).

Miss C. Crowley's f. b. Betting Tax (Kashmir Kernel—Miss Hilda) beat Mr. P. Finegan's f. b. Golden Glow (Hyder Ali—Golden Bee II.).

Mr. J. Shaw's Shackleton beat Hard to Christen; Shantbeiong beat Rocky Girl; Betting Tax beat Speedy Love.

Third Round—Betting Tax a bye, Shackleton drawn; Shantbeiong a bye.

Deciding Course—Betting Tax beat Shantbeiong.

STACKALLEN STAKE—For 4 all-ages. Winner, £8; second, £2.

Mr. J. Cunningham's f. f. d. Bawn Boy (Oldcastle Hope—Bawn Lass III.) beat Mr. J. Shaw's bd. d. Silver Dart (Royal Dictator—Sira).

Mr. J. Shaw's r. f. b. Stop Flirting (Irish Cheer II.—Lady Charming) beat Mr. J. McEnteggart's f. f. Gilligan's Daughter (Irish Cheer II.—Mysterious Lady).

Deciding Course—Stop Flirting beat Bawn Boy.

NAVAN STAKE—For 11 all-ages. Winner, £11; second, £5; third, £2.

Mr. P. Moore's Duleek Lad beat Miss P. Seagrave's S.O.S.

Mr. P. Casey's Firm Case beat Mr. P. McLoughlin's Miss Mac.

Mr. P. Daly's Roses Sweet beat Mr. F. Dillon's Glenhugh.

Mr. P. Taaffe's Barty Hoey beat Mr. J. Callan's Ireland's Beauty.

Messrs. Crowley and Maxwell's Well Done beat Mr. P. Larkin's Eager Hen.

Mr. J. Killane's Berries Sweet, a bye.

Second Round—Firm Case beat Duleek Lad; Barty Hoey beat Roses Sweet; Berries Sweet beat Well Done.

Third Round—Berries Sweet beat Firm Case; Barty Hoey, a bye.

Deciding Course—Barty Hoey beat Berries Sweet.

SAPLING STAKE—For 4. Winner, £3; second, £1.

Mr. J. Fagan's bk. d. Flint Jock (Beaded Jock—Free Trading) beat Mr. J. Boland's bd. d. sapling by Three Speed—Holly Leaves.

Mr. J. Boland's bd. b. sapling by Three Speed—Holly Leaves, a bye; Mr. P. Mitchell's f. b. Midland Lass (Beaded Jock—Free Trading), absent.

Stakes divided.

NORTH KILKENNY.

NORTH KILKENNY STAKE—For 3 dog puppies. Winner, £5 5/; second, £2 10/.

Mr. T. Halley's bk. d. Cheerful Chivy (Cheerful Speed—Lady Myra) beat Mr. J. Clancy's f. d. Erkin Boy (Shanbullard—Rambling Ally).

Mr. M. Conroy's w. d. Silk Worm (Cheerful Speed—Mischief Afoot), a bye.

Deciding Course.—Cheerful Chivy beat Silk Worm.

SESKIN (No. 1) STAKE—For 8 bitch puppies. Winner, £9; second, £5.

Mr. J. Brennan's f. b. Mountain Chance (Kashmir Kernel—Mountain Glory) beat Mr. J. Fitzpatrick's bk. b. Miss Flitters (Tas Again—Hallo Lass).

Mr. L. Tynan's bd. Too True (Beauty's Boy II.—Diana XVIII.) beat Mr. J. Dunne's bd. Clonageera Honey (Honeyman—Clonageera Lass).

Mr. J. Clancy's f. Lady Spray (Shanbullard—Rambling Ally) beat Mr. T. Thornton's f. Summer Princess (Red Prince II.—Summer Lightning).

Mr. R. Dowling's w. bk. Whacker's Beauty (Cheerful Speed—Lady Myra) beat Mr. C. Dunne's bd. w. Saucy Damsel (Red Prince II.—Summer Lightning).

Second Round—Mountain Chance beat Too True; Whacker's Beauty beat Lady Spray.

Deciding Course—Whacker's Beauty beat Mountain Chance.

SESKIN (No. 2) STAKE—For 4 bitch puppies. Winner, £7.

Mr. T. Tynan's bd. Josie's Gift (Jedderfield—Cecil) beat Mr. M. Darcy's f. Beaded Una (Beaded Dick—Una II.).

Mr. M. Dowling's bk. Draques (Cheerful Speed—Cross Country) beat Mr. J. Brennan's r. f. Dope (Glorious Event—Dainty Dot).

Deciding Course—Josie's Gift beat Draques.

NORE STAKE—For 13 all-ages. Winner, £12; second, £5; third, £2.

Mr. J. Kehoe's Pigginkle beat Mr. E. O'Keeffe's O'K.

Mr. J. Fitzpatrick's Master Morgan II. beat Mr. D. Brien's Rossini.

Mr. J. Brennan's Mountain Cheer beat Mr. P. Lacy's Little Larry.

Mr. D. Graham's Cloncannon Boy beat Mr. A. Tyrrell's Tullow Green.

Mr. J. J. Kenny's Knavish Speed beat Mr. T. Sweeney's Black Snout.

Mr. W. McSweeney's Sunrise beat Mr. T. Coffey's Derry Wood Lad.

Mr. T. Kinsella's Kizzard, a bye.

Second Round—Master Morgan II. beat Pigginkle; Cloncannon Boy beat Mountain Cheer; Knavish Speed beat Kizzard; Sunrise, a bye.

Third Round—Cloncannon Boy beat Master Morgan II.; Knavish Speed beat Sunrise.

Stakes divided.

TOURNAFULLA.

THE DRAW.

Judge—Mr. P. J. Murphy. Slipper—W. O'Donoghue.

PUPPY STAKE—For 16 dogs and bitches. Winner £20; second, £8; two dogs, £2 each.

Mr. T. O'Sullivan's Going Again agst. Mr. P. Kelly's Rambler's Hope.

Mr. J. Curtin's Dooncala Lass agst. Mr. P. Flynn's Rea Boy.

Mr. V. Kidd's Cathisa agst. Mr. T. Mulcair's March Queen.

Mr. J. Horgan's Kapgie agst. Mr. V. Kidd's Karrick King.

Mr. T. Watson's Turpin's Fancy agst. Mr. J. McDonnell's Tuck.

Mr. J. Russell's Stainebourne agst. Mr. P. J. Kelly's Clash Girl.

Mr. J. D. Boland's Piper's Tune agst. Mr. D. Lane's Embargo.

Mr. J. O'Sullivan's False Key agst. Mr. T. B. Fitzgerald's Shy Lady.

TOURNAFULLA STAKE — For 14 all-ages. Winner, £26; second, £10; two dogs, £3 each.

Mr. J. R. Walsh's Soundman agst. Mr. J. A. Griffin's Golden Jewel.

Mr. J. Bridgeman's Coming Princess agst. Mr. J. O'Sullivan's Soldier's Song.

Mr. W. O'Sullivan's Neideen Abu agst. Mr. M. Woulfe's Finuge Cross.

Mr. J. Madigan's Tommy Dan agst. Mr. J. Dove's Captured Hawk.

Mr. M. Magner's Flying Bertie agst. Mr. J. D. Harnett's Harrie's Cross.

Mr. P. Crotty's Malevolent Master agst. Mr. P. O'Shaughnessy's Dromcollogher.

Mr. M. Geary's Broghill Fox agst. Mr. D. Ward's Garden of Allah.

KNOCKNADIHE STAKE — For 16 all-ages. Winner, £20; second, £8; two dogs, £2 each.

Mr. D. Leahy's Banard Boy agst. Mr. T. Mulcahy's Moonlight Night.

Mr. R. O'Gorman's Ratina Boy agst. Mr. J. O'Donnell's Glico.

Mr. Mulcahy's Can Whack It agst. Mr. O. Cunningham's Codliviue.

Mr. W. Horgan's Nedeen Lass agst. Mr. D. P. Lyon's Peale Rover.

Mr. T. P. O'Connell's Centre Forward agst. Mr. J. O'Donnell's Kantoher Lass.

Mr. W. O'Sullivan's Neideen Nigger agst. Mr. J. Relihan's Kerry Lady.

Mr. W. O'Sullivan's Signal Token agst. Mr. W. McAuliffe's Islandanny Lass.

Mr. Costelloe's Cabin Smoke agst. Mr. P. A. O'Connor's Cheery Vine.

GLENGORT STAKE—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £20; second, £8; two dogs, £2 each.

Mr. P. J. Lyons's Field Rover agst. Mr. A. Watson's Forsetti.

Mr. M. T. O'Connell's Sweet Irene agst. Mr. J. Somers's Figure Up.

Mr. Elston's Luck at Last agst. Mr. T. Neligan's Nelson's Nip.

Mr. J. Colbert's Dipple agst. Mr. D. Magner's Moving Hawk.

Mr. F. Brosnan's Great Glee agst. Mr. J. J. Connolly's Clunagh Swagger.

Mr. J. McDonnell's Bobowlene agst. Mr. J. McMahon's Honey Hawk.

Mr. T. D. Warren's Croyle agst. Mr. J. Walsh's Cottage Prince.

Mr. P. O'Connell's Bowery agst. Mr. W. Nolan's Girl From Carrig.

COURSING—For special reports of Meetings and interesting Field Notes, see To-morrow's issue of *The Irish Field*. On sale at all Newsagents. Price 2d.—(Advt.)

GOLF.

SUTTON.—The annual general meeting was held in the clubhouse on Saturday. The outgoing captain (Mr. A. B. McNaughton) presided, and the following officers were elected for the coming year:—Mr. G. A. Stanley, captain; Mr. P. J. Goulding, B.A., Mentone, Baldoyle road, Sutton, Hon. Treasurer; Mr. E. J. Duffy, 12 Drumcondra Park, Dublin, Hon. Secretary; Committee—Messrs. Clancy, Garvey, Gorman, McNaughton, Maguire, Manico, Meaks, Sidford and Spencer.

ST. ANNE'S.—Ladies' Monthly Medal—6th February.

RATHFARNHAM.—Ladies' Branch—Tuesday, 8th February—Monthly medal. Bogey. Draws 10.30, 11 a.m., and 2 p.m. Committee meeting 2.15 p.m. Result of semi-open ladies' foursome competition—Mrs. Marsh and Miss Drury, 5 down.

HERMITAGE.—Wednesday Cup—Dr. J. D. MacCormack all square, Class A; R. Sullivan and Rev. Dr. Moran (3 down), tied Class B. Saturday Cup to-morrow.

GOLFERS will find much to interest them in the article on Golf which appears each Saturday in *The Irish Field*, On sale at all Newsagents.—(Advt)

RUGBY.

WALES V. SCOTLAND.

NEW WELSH HALF-BACKS CHOSEN.

Mr. Walter E. Rees, the secretary of the Welsh Rugby Union, made the announcement yesterday afternoon that Windsor Lewis, the Cambridge outside half, had not sufficiently recovered from the effects of influenza to justify the Welsh Union in playing him against Scotland at Cardiff on Saturday. As a result, the Union has decided to ask W. C. Powell, the London-Welsh inside half, to stand down, so that the Cardiff halves, W. J. Delahay and Gwyn Richards, can be played. Delahay is an old Welsh cap, but Richards will be taking part in his first international match.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, CORK, ON TOUR.

BEATEN BY LIVERPOOL UNIVERSITY.

University College, Cork, continued their Lancashire tour by a visit to Liverpool University athletic enclosure at Wyncotes, Allerton, yesterday afternoon. Play was evenly contested, but uneventful. In the initial half Liverpool, playing against a stiff breeze, scored an unconverted try through Cheetham. After the resumption the visitors lost ground, but put up a great defensive fight, a bright and entertaining game ending in the homesters' favour. Result—

Liverpool University—16 points.
University College, Cork—Nil.

WANDERES 2nd v. ENNISCORTHY.

Yesterday, a rather weak Wanderers' team was defeated by Enniscorthy by a goal and two tries, to three tries. Mitchell, C. J. Lett, and Davis scored for Enniscorthy, Harte converting one of the tries, while Rose scored twice, and Woods once, for Wanderers.

FETHARD (8) v. TEMPLEMORE (0).

At Fethard, in the Garryowen Cup League Competition, the home team beat Templemore by 1 goal and 1 try to 0. The recent heavy rains the ground was in bad condition. Very little back play was witnessed, and any done was by the home backs, who were well fed by their forwards, and were dominant in the tight and loose. There was no score in the first half, though Fethard were worth at least two. After the resumption, the visitors attacked, but never looked dangerous. Rice for the homesters, was first to score an unconverted try, and just before the end M. Heffernan went over near the posts, for Sullivan to add the points.

COUNTY LONGFORD R.F.C.

County Longford continue in winning vein. Last week they met and defeated Co. Sligo at Longford in the Ryan Cup by three tries to nil, Callanan, their out-half, cutting through smartly for all the scores. The ground was very hard, owing to frost, and Sligo were unlucky not to score on a couple of occasions. This Sunday Longford visited Birr and beat the home side by a try to nil, Kelly scoring from a rush. The ground was in bad condition, and play mainly of the

LAW REPORTS.

A BURNED FACTORY.

CLAIMANT WHO READ PARNELL'S HAND.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE SULLIVAN AND MR. JUSTICE O'BYRNE.)

The Ministry for Finance appealed against an award of £7,037 10s., made by Acting Circuit Court Judge Roche in favour of the Artificial Coal Company (Count Hamon Profess) for factory buildings, machinery, stock-in-trade, etc., alleged to have been maliciously burned and destroyed by some person or persons on the 15th August, 1922, at Moorock, Ballycumber, King's County.

Mr. Lupton, K.C., and Mr. McGuckin (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) appeared for the appellants; and Mr. Shannon, K.C., and Mr. Callan (instructed by Messrs. Hoey and Denning) for the respondents.

The original claim by the Artificial Coal Company, said Mr. Lupton, was £34,673, the amount awarded was £7,037 10s., and there was a reinstatement clause attached to the £37 of that sum. This artificial fuel company was a limited company, the total shares of which were 120,000, and 50,000 of these shares were held by a gentleman named Count Louis William le Warner Hamon. He was a gentleman who had engaged in hazardous enterprises for the greater part of his life. He was born in Main street, Bray, under the name of Warner, and acquired the title of Count Louis William le Warner Hamon of Normandy by means of a deed poll, unregistered. He began life as a journalist, and published a book on the subject under the name "Cherio." Apparently he had read Parnell's hand on his way across to Holyhead, and also the hand of Lord Russell of Killowen. He abandoned that, and became engaged in various enterprises, including the setting up of a bank in Paris. Eventually he came to Ireland aout 1919, and bought 175 acres of bog land at Moorock, about a mile from Ballycumber. He erected a corrugated building, and fitted it with machinery for making briquettes. They did not, said counsel, know as much about briquettes then as they, unfortunately, know now. At the time of the destruction of the factory by fire 800 briquettes were stored there. It was alleged that the place was destroyed by irregulars. Mr. Lupton read the evidence of Count Hamon in the Court below, from which it appeared that armed men visited him at his residence at "Prospect," Ballycumber, after the fire, and told him not to try to save the machinery.

Mr. Lupton said that a man could assume any name he liked by deed poll, providing he was known by it.

Mr. Justice O'Byrne—You did not ask him to read your palm?

Mr. Lupton—No; nor prophesy the result of this case. (Laughter.)

The day was taken up with the reading of evidence, and the further hearing was adjourned.

DUBLIN CLERGYMAN'S ESTATE.

CONSTRUCTION OF THE WILL.

(BEFORE THE CHIEF JUSTICE, MR. JUSTICE FITZGIBBON AND MR. JUSTICE MURNAGHAN.)

An appeal by the defendant came on for hearing in the case of Malone v. Malone from a judgment of Mr. Justice Johnston, in the matter of the estate of the late Very Rev. Charles J. Canon Malone, P.P., Rathgar, Co. Dublin, on further consideration of the Chief Clerk's certificate with reference to the construction of a certain clause in the will of the deceased clergyman, whose estate, it was estimated, amounted to about £5,000. The case had been before the Courts in different forms for some time.

The appeal was only from such portion of Mr. Justice Johnston's judgment, dated 13th December, 1925, as declared that the persons who became entitled to the proceeds of the sale of the testator's books, furniture and effects of every kind, after payment of his just debts and testamentary and other expenses, were his two surviving brothers, Robert Malone and Thomas S. Malone (both now deceased), in equal shares.

The learned judge, it was pointed out, held that the bequest mentioned was a class gift to the members of the testator's family living at the time of his death.

The appellant and defendant was Edith Sylvia S. Malone, widow of Thomas S. Malone; and the respondent and plaintiff was Edward P. Keating, administrator *de bonis non* of the deceased.

Mr. M. Maguire, K.C., and Mr. T. A. Finlay (instructed by Messrs. Corrigan and Corrigan) appeared for the appellant; and Mr. K. Dockrell, K.C., and Mr. Tobias (instructed by Messrs. Keating and Keating) for the respondent.

In his will the testator had previously bequeathed £70 to his relatives surviving in equal shares; and he made the bequest, the subject of the declaration, on the same conditions and terms. The will, it appeared, had been made some 44 years ago, when the testator was a curate in the parish, and he made his brother, Thomas S. Malone, his residuary legatee.

In support of the appeal it was submitted that the testator clearly intended that his brother, Thomas S. Malone, should be benefited to a larger extent than his other relatives; and that the construction put upon the words of the will by Mr. Justice Johnston was a strained construction.

For the respondent, it was contended that the bequest was a good class gift, and that Mr. Justice Johnston's decision should be affirmed.

The Court, after consultation, dismissed the appeal, by a majority, with costs, Mr. Justice Murnaghan dissenting.

TWO DEPOSIT RECEIPTS.

CLAIM BY BROTHER AND SISTER.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE JOHNSTON.)

An action was heard in which Mrs. Katie Garland, of Lisnakelly, Co. Monaghan, claimed as personal representative of her mother, Margaret Finn, late of Feegavla, Co. Monaghan, deceased, a declaration that £760 standing to the credit of the deceased and the defendant on deposit receipt in the Carrickmacross branch of the Ulster Bank, and £200 to their credit on deposit receipt in the Carrickmacross branch of the National Bank on the date of the death of the deceased woman, were assets of the deceased held by Owen Finn, farmer, of Feegavla, Donaghmoyne, Co. Monaghan, brother of the plaintiff, and the defendant in the action, as trustee for the plaintiff; an order that the defendant should pay over such sums to the plaintiff, and for an injunction restraining the defendant from parting with the moneys.

The defendant denied that the moneys were the sole property of the deceased, or that he held them in trust, and stated that when the deceased, Margaret Finn, died, he obtained payment as sole and absolute beneficial owner.

At the conclusion of the evidence,

Mr. Justice Johnston said that he thought that all the probabilities were in favour of the defendant, and that the money belonged to him. He dismissed the action, with costs.

Mr. Geoghegan, K.C., and Mr. Lavery (instructed by Messrs. Phelan and Co.) appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Shannon, K.C., and Mr. Campbell (instructed by Messrs. Corr and O'Connor) for the defendant.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN ATHY.

At the inquest on Henry Buggy, of Leinster street, Athy, who was killed on Wednesday afternoon near that town, when a motor car which he was driving collided with a horse and cart, the jury found that death was accidental and that no blame attached to anyone.

The driver of the cart, a man named King, stated that both vehicles were on their own side of the road. He (King) was knocked senseless.

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DUBLIN CIRCUIT COURT (Criminal).

LEFT THE COUNTRY.

CASE OF A GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL.

(BEFORE JUDGE DAVITT.)

When the case of John J. Carey, formerly a Government official, who had been returned for trial to the present Sessions on a charge of embezzlement of Government moneys, was called, it was stated that the accused man had left the country; and Mr. Carrigan, K.C., for the State, now asked that Mr. Bernard McEneaney, Chatham street, who had stood bail for the accused man, should pay over the sum of £60, the amount of the recognisance.

Mr. McEneaney, the surety, said that he had Carey produced at the November Sessions to stand his trial, but it did not take place. He had had him under observation since, but on account of his (Mr. McEneaney's) illness he was not able to keep in touch with Carey for the past fortnight, and he heard that he had gone to Liverpool.

Mr. Carrigan remarked that the case was an important one, as there were no fewer than twenty-two counts in the indictment. A bench warrant had already been issued.

Judge Davitt said that there was no course open to him but to estreat the recognisances. People entered into these bail bonds very lightly and did not appear to realise their responsibilities. It was the duty of a bailsman to see that the person for whom he went bail appeared to stand his trial. He ordered Mr. McEneaney to pay over to the County Registrar £60, the amount of his bond.

HOUSE ROBBERIES.

RESTITUTION ORDERS AGAINST PAWNBROKERS.

The hearing was resumed of the robbery charges against six youths and a young married woman—Terence Murtagh, J. O'Reilly, L. McDonnell, James Maguire, Stephen Feeney, James Comerford, and Bridget Butler. The robberies took place at various times during last summer in the Rathmines and Donnybrook areas when the occupants of the houses were away.

Bridget Butler had pleaded guilty to receiving some of the property. Murtagh was convicted on a charge (previously heard) of presenting a revolver at a gardener in Ranelagh.

The jury found all the accused, with the exception of James Comerford, guilty on at least one count each, and they were put back. Comerford was discharged.

The jury added a rider expressing their appreciation of the conduct of Inspector Brennan and his assistants in investigating the case.

Judge Davitt, who concurred, said that the matter would be brought before the notice of the proper authorities.

Referring to the offences generally, Judge Davitt said that he would like the pawnbrokers concerned to consider their positions morally and legally. He would make a restitution order in every case in which there was a conviction.

Mr. Carrigan said that it was a very alarming state of affairs to have all this valuable property going into the hands of pawnbrokers.

BARROW DRAINAGE.

LARGE GRAB-DREDGER AT WORK.

The large grab-dredger, which has been built by the firm of Priestman, Hull, for work on the Barrow drainage scheme, has been assembled at Athy and taken to the river below the Barrow Bridge, and is being worked from a pontoon. It is driven by a 95 h.p. oil engine.

It travels on caterpillar wheels—the "drive" being through wheels on a centre post. The jib, or crane, which works the grab is on the double chain principle, and the machinery which works the grab revolves on a "live" ring of rollers.

Two men only—one at the engine and one on the pontoon—are required to work the dredger. As a labour-saver it is stated that it can do the work of twenty or thirty men, probably more. Another point in its favour is that it a very simple machine to drive.

Only for the work that has been done on the River Barrow the district of Rathstewart would have been under water during the rise in the river last week.

AN ATHLONE "DUMP."

A party of Civic Guards discovered at Cushla, near Athlone, yesterday, a "dump," consisting of one Lee-Enfield rifle, three shotguns, one miniature rifle, two revolvers, a No. 9 bomb and 44 rounds of .303 ammunition.

FROM THE LEGAL DIARY.

LAW NOTICES—Friday, February 4.

CUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIS UACHTARACH the Supreme Court of Justice).—For Monday, 7th February—In re P. J. Wermse, a bankrupt, part heard. For Tuesday, 8th February—In re a debtor's summons—Solicitors for appellant, J. J. O'Meara and Co.; for respondent, Little and Cullen.

AN PRIMH-BHREITHEAMH (Chief Justice).—Before the Chief Justice in the Supreme Court, at 11 o'clock—82nd Section petition, A. Carroll; 124th do., G.S.; M'Loughlin v. M'Loughlin; Blayney, minors. Before the Registrar, at 11.30 o'clock—Adj. settle report, G.S., Rosnary; summons, Collis and Ward; settle report, and L. Goodbody. Before Mr. Maghan, at 11 o'clock—Vouch account, Garvey and Huggard; same, B. C. Galvin; same, A. S. Mesrs.

AN ARD-CHUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIS (the High Court of Justice).—In Court 1, at 12 o'clock. Summons—Farrell v. Eaves, at hearing. Action—M'Ginley v. Gallagher. At 2 o'clock. Summons—Redmond v. Fogarty, part heard.

PROBATE.—In Court No. 6, at 11 o'clock. On Notice—In the goods of Sir William F. J. Hort, deed. In Court 6, at 11.15 o'clock. On summary Summons—Philmark and Co. v. Geerwitch; Newman v. Aird; Bank of Ireland v. Molloy. On Notice—Mayes v. Meath County Council; M'Donald v. Lee; Barnes v. Pierce and Co.; Tedcastle, M'Cormick and Co. v. Robertson.

BANKRUPTCY.—In Court No. 4, at 11 o'clock. Arrangements—Little and Cullen, O'Connor and Co., Tyndall and Co., Hoey and Denning, P. M. Seales, W. J. Sadlier, T. J. Graham, Thompson and Edwards, Collins and Son, Cox and Co., O'Meara, Cussen and Kieran, P. M. Seales; application to dismiss—Mason, Collins and Son; arrangement, motion, S. G. Rutherford; Hourican, do., J. H. Montgomery; M'Grath, do., J. F. Carrigan; Kavanagh, exam. witnesses, Lomas and Lawless; do., motion, T. J. Graham; do., do., P. M. Seales; M'Connan, do., P. C. Furlong; M'Laughlin, 1st public sitting, D. and T. Fitzgerald; Harmer, arrangement comp., H. C. Chidley; do., public sittings, do.; arrangement, account comp., Collins and Son; do., audit and dividend, Hoyes and Son; Brebner, do., Manton and Co.; arrangement, do., Collins and Son; Walsh, do., P. C. Furlong; Boyd, audit account, Webb and Webb; arrangement, account comp., Little and Cullen.

In Court 5, at 11 o'clock.—Wiltshire v. Circuit Appeals, Cork Circuit—Sandes and ors. v. Minister for Finance. Northern Circuit—Cavan County Council v. Gordon. Midland Circuit—Cox v. Casey. South-Western Circuit—Harrington v. Crowley; Crowley v. Harrington. Midland Circuit Appeals—Artificial Coal Co. v. Minister for Finance; Larrigy v. same.

BEFORE THE MASTER, at 11 o'clock.—Exparte Motions. Summary Summons—Law v. Miles; Kearney v. Kearney; Collins v. Sullivan; Avon India Rubber Co. v. Orange; E. and J. Burke, Ltd., v. Grealy. On Notice—Roundtree v. Roundtree; M'Evoy v. Osborne; Edghill v. Edghill; Buckley v. Dalton.

TRIALS BY JURY.—The special and Common Jurors will be required to attend on Monday next, February 7th. For Monday, 7th February, Special—Keogh v. Alliance and Dublin Consumers' Gas Co., personal injuries. Common—Dimond v. Greene (seduction). For Tuesday, 8th February, Common—Conlon v. Conlon (matrimonial). Non-Jury—Davis v. Wallis (wrongful detention).

THE EXAMINERS' OFFICE.—Mr. Ellerker—O'Brien v. O'Brien, sign cert.; Scully v. Scully, sign cert.; National Bank, Ltd., v. Hurley (1926/4406); same v. same (1926/4407); Hibernian Bank, Ltd., v. Hegarty; Ulster Bank, Ltd., v. Arnold; Solomon and ors. v. O'Neill; Forde v. Leonard; Roberts v. Morgan. Mr. Healy (Room 61), at 11 o'clock—Hibernian Bank, Ltd., v. M'Clean, signs cert.; W. O'Neill, decd., Harris v. Attorney-General, do.; Stoney v. Casey, do.; Bank of Ireland v. O'Donoghue, do.; Hereford Co-operative Agricultural Society, Ltd., do.; Usborne v. Limerick Market Trustees; Hoor v. M'Cullagh; T. Mulhern, decd., Mulhern v. Mulhern; National Bank, Ltd., v. Burke; L. Keavenay, decd., Keavenay v. Keavenay; E. C. M'Cleane, decd., Magian v. M'Cleane. Mr. Dickinson (Room 74), at 11 o'clock—R. U. F. Unicke. Mr. Cruise, at 1.30 o'clock—Orr v. Bethell, vouch. At 2.30 o'clock—Bailey v. Gilbert.

COURT OF THE RAILWAY TRIBUNAL.—In the Council Chamber, City Hall, Dublin, at 11 o'clock. Adjourned hearing—In the matter of Standard Charges—Allowance to be made in accordance with the proviso to Section 53, Subsection 1, of the Railways Act, 1924, in respect of the economies effected by the Great Southern Railways Company in working and management expenses rendered possible by or in anticipation of amalgamation.

CONSOLIDATED TAXING OFFICE.—Master Denning, at 11 o'clock. Exparte Taxations—Ehrill v. O'Dwyer; M. M'Namara and Co.; Simmeadinger v. Mahony, H. and W. Stanley; Dublin Corporation to Lloyd, E. M. Lloyd, L. J. Rice; O'Neill v. Corcoran, R. Greene and Sons; Roscommon County Council to Hannon, D. J. Hannon; Roscommon County Board of Health to Power, E. Power; Burke's Trusts, Bowles and French, Tralee and Fenit Pier and Harbour Commrs. to Kieran, M. M. Kieran. Master Macnamara, at 11 o'clock—A person of unsound mind Macnamara, at 11 o'clock—A person of unsound mind (G.S.), Horan and Devine; same, Horan and Devine; same, M. Sellors and Co.; same, T. J. Furlong; Quirke v. Heffernan, L. J. Ryan and Son; Murray v. Matthews, Lavery and Son; Howley v. Howley, D. O'Grady and Son; Draper v. Draper, J. A. Doyle.

IRISH LAND COMMISSION.—Examiner's Chambers, at 93 Merrion square. Before Mr. Jeffrey White, at 11 o'clock—Estate of Farrel Conlon and anor., E.C. 7269), vouch. Before Mr. Longfield at 11 o'clock—Estate of Elizabeth Riley (E.C. 7653), vouch. Before Mr. Lees, at 11 o'clock—Estate of John P. Baldwin and ors. (E.C. 7145), vouch (for Mr. Sullivan). At 12 o'clock—Estate of Clements Kiernan (E.C. 7737), vouch. At 3 o'clock—Very Rev. Thomas V. Nolan (S. 502), discharge rulings and settle schedule. Before Mr. Lees, at 11 o'clock—Estate of John Mahony and anor. (E.C. 8863), vouch. At 3 o'clock—Estate of Kiles H. Potterton (S. 163), settle schedule. Before Mr. Gross White, at 11 o'clock—Estate of Patrick J. M'Donnell (S. 258), vouch.

BANKRUPTCY.—Before the Registrar, at 11 o'clock—Arrangt., veh. acc., Hayes and Sons; Smith, do., do.; Wyths, pr. dts. and veh., Thompson and Edwards; Heads, veh. acc., H. Collins; arrangt., ac. comp., W. Reid; Farrell, inquiry, O'Meara, Cussen and Kieran; Firns, settle stts., Little and Cullen; arrangt., inquiry, Collins and Son.

CHUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIS CHUARDA (Circuit Court of Justice).—Before Judge Pigot, at Dublin Castle, at 11 o'clock. Ejectment—Lynch v. Lee, Civil Actions—Saunders v. Saunders; Lydon v. Lannon; Symes v. Munsay; International Correspondence School v. Webb; Lynch v. Munden; Long and Co., Ltd., v. Hughes; Little v. Dear; Wales v. Goldfarb. Before Judge Darit, at Green street, at 11 o'clock. County of Dublin—Criminal cases. City of Dublin—Criminal cases.

DUBLIN DISTRICT COURT.

MOTHER SENT TO JAIL.

BAD CASE OF NEGLECT.

(BEFORE MR. COLLINS.)

Ellen Nugent, Lower Bridge street, was sentenced to two months' imprisonment for neglecting her ten-months-old daughter.

The defendant's husband stated that his wife went away one day recently, leaving two children behind her—one aged four years and the other aged ten months. The baby fretted after the mother left, and would take no food. The witness was a British Army pensioner, with 48s. weekly.

The defendant—When you deserted me I looked after the children.

Inspector R. O'Donnell, of the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, stated that on calling to the lodging house where the parties lived he saw the last witness trying to feed the infant, who was pining for the mother. The witness had the child put into the Union hospital. He had known this family for six years, and complaints of this sort were very frequent. In April, 1925, he had to take the defendant's children from her and put them into homes.

"The unfortunate part of the case," added the inspector, "is that the husband has been in a mental home, and there is a doubt about the paternity of this baby. If it is not removed from his custody there is no knowing what may happen."

The inspector also stated that the defendant was in the habits of "going on the rampage" and "gallivanting" about the streets. She had been previously charged with neglect, and the case was such a bad one that he asked that she should be punished severely.

AFTER THE AUDIT.

INSURANCE COLLECTOR SENT FOR TRIAL.

Patrick Fowler, Lower Gardiner street, who had been employed by the Irish Life and General Assurance Company, Mountjoy square, as a collector, was remanded on bail until Monday on a charge of converting to his own use sums of £1 14s. 1d., 8s., and £1 17s. 6d., received by him on behalf of the company.

Evidence was given by Mr. B. Keeney, who audited the company's books, in respect of amounts in the way of weekly contributions received from Margaret O'Hanlon, of Hardwicke place. In this case a sum of 14s. 3d. was returned out of £2 8s. 4d., leaving a discrepancy of £1 14s. 1d.

Cross-examined by Mr. Brady, witness said that the accused man was not called on by him for any explanation when he was making the audit.

Mr. John Nolan, manager of the audit department of the company, gave evidence relating to the manner in which the accounting was carried on.

Mr. Collins remarked that he understood that these companies received huge amounts of money in the way of small premiums.

Mr. Brady said that this was so; but sometimes they were not so prompt in paying amounts which became due. This company, he added, was "the Ancient Order of Hibernians camouflaged."

Mr. Collins said that, although the income of about £60,000 was huge, the expenses of collection was very heavy.

Mr. Nolan, in cross-examination by Mr. Brady, stated that Fowler called at the offices after the audit, and, when informed of the result, admitted a discrepancy.

Was Fowler asked to attend during the audit?—No; he was dismissed.

Detective Wyer stated that when certain additional charges were read over to the accused man that morning he said: "I dispute these figures, a- I disputed the last ones." He had already stated that he had a counter-claim against the company for £84.

STOLEN BICYCLES.

ACCUSED ADMIT CATTLE-STEALING CHARGE.

Thomas Sharkey aged 24, a Dublin man, with no home or occupation, and Henry Johnson, *alias* Jenkins and Williams, engineer, 239 Rike lane, Wallasey, were charged on remand with the larceny of seven bicycles from outside premises in different parts of the city. Sharkey was charged with the pawning of the bicycles by means of forged receipts for purchases in seven different pawnbrokers' shops.

The prisoners were also charged with stealing seven head of cattle, value £116, from a field at Clogharan on the night of January 5th last, and selling them at Bray.

When the charges were read over the prisoners intimated that they were correct. They were sent for trial in custody.

THEFT FROM TRINITY COLLEGE.

Charles F. Collins (31), Church street, Wallassey, was returned for trial to the Circuit Court on a charge of stealing from the post room at Trinity College a letter addressed to Mr. Booysen, containing a draft in his favour for £40 drawn on the Kroonstadt branch, Standard Bank of South Africa, Ltd.

He was also returned on the charge of having uttered the draft at the Royal Bank, Lower Baggot street, on or about December 30th last.

BROUGHT ON SUMMONS.

INTERESTING CUSTOMS POINT.

(BEFORE MR. LITTLE.)

Five cases were brought on summons at the suit of the Attorney-General against persons who, it was alleged, had imported goods liable to duty without having declared and paid the duty thereon. Mr. T. Clarke, of the Chief State Solicitor's Office, appeared in support of the summonses.

When the first case was called, Mr. Little pointed out that it was brought on summons. That at once raised the point whether the proceedings must be grounded by sworn information, or could the State proceed by issue of a summons. He went very fully into the law on the point as covered by the Customs Consolidation Act and dealt with by the rules of the District Court. It would appear, he said, that the rules on the point were quite opposed to the statute law, and to give Mr. Clarke an opportunity of looking into the matter he decided to adjourn all the cases.

Mr. Joseph Healy (instructed by Messrs. Arthur Cox) pointed out that an adjournment would be a great hardship on his client, a lady doctor in London, who, when coming to visit her mother, who was ill in Galway in October last, brought with her innocently dutiable clothing to the value of £6.

Mr. Little decided to adjourn all the cases for three weeks, and reserved Mr. Healy's application for his costs of the day.

ADULTERATED MILK AND BUTTER.

FINES IN TWO PROSECUTIONS.

Anne Fleming, Convent View, Glasnevin, was fined 20s. on a summons brought by the Corporation for selling milk containing 10 per cent. of added water. Mr. T. F. Burke, solicitor, for the plaintiffs, stated that there had been nothing against the defendant as a milk vendor since 1917.

William Lyons-Cotter, 193 Parnell street, was summoned for selling to Inspector Cook creamery butter which, on analysis, was found to contain 18.6 per cent. excess of water.

Mr. P. D. O'Grady, solicitor, for the defendant, submitted that the butter was purchased in bulk from the middleman and was accepted as being genuine. The amount of excess water was very small.

Mr. Burke said that it was a very small amount for that particular lot, but it meant a big extra for the creamery on the total of the butter sold at 1s. 8d. a lb.

A fine of 20s. was imposed.

GOATS THROWN OVER BRIDGE.

HOOLIGANISM AT NEWTOWN-STEWART.

Sentencing five young men named William Morris (junior), James M'Garvey, John McNamee, James Dunnan and William McClure, all of Gallon, Newtownstewart, to three months' hard labour each, at Omagh Crown Sessions, yesterday evening, for the larceny of goats belonging to William Matthewson, Moyle, and for flinging the goats over the Moyle Bridge.

Judge Linehan said that this was a barbarous outrage, which should not be tolerated in any community. There was, he added, a gang of hooligans in the district, and the five prisoners were the ringleaders.

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

DUBLIN.

Old English Madrigals.—Dr. James E. Wallace will deliver a lecture on "Old English Madrigals" this afternoon at 4 o'clock and this evening at 8.15, before the Royal Dublin Society, in the Members' Hall, Ballsbridge. For the illustration of his lectures, Dr. Wallace is bringing from Liverpool the Tudor Singers.

Shoemaker's Death.—"Death due to pneumonia" was the verdict of a coroner's jury at an inquest held by Dr. Louis A. Byrne at the Dublin Morgue yesterday on the body of John Broderick (49), a shoemaker, who died somewhat suddenly at his home, 2 Duffers Court, South Brown street. The *post-mortem* examination disclosed that the man had been suffering from pneumonia in an advanced stage.

PASSENGERS BY B. AND I. LINE, VIA LIVERPOOL.

ARRIVALS.—G. Johnston, R. Burgess, T. Geoghegan, H. Rowlands, T. Barter, J. Ricks, T. Clarke, M. Byrne, Dr. Crofton, T. Wilson, Mrs. J. Orr, T. Keys, G. Hogan, Dr. Mitchell.

DEPARTURES.—Major de Courcy Wheeler, Captain de Courcy Wheeler, H. O'Reilly, R. A. Dickson, R. W. Sinnott, R. Jackson, T. Kemp, F. Gordon, T. Richards, T. Mooney, S. Josephs, P. J. Egan, T. H. Simpson, J. Redmond.

LEINSTER.

Kildare County Council Finances.—Kildare County Council adopted an estimate of £160,000 for the ensuing year on a rate of 5s. in the £. The Secretary stated that there were £20,000 to the bad in the bank, and there was £48,000 rates outstanding.

Pig Prices.—There was a poor demand at Longford pig fair for the large number of pigs for sale. The highest prices did not exceed 78s. per cwt. A number of pigs were returned unsold. At Gowran yesterday 82s. per cwt. was the top price paid for fat pigs.

Cumann na nGaedheal.—A representative meeting of business and professional men was held in the Courthouse, Oldcastle, Co. Meath, for the purpose of establishing a branch of the Cumann na nGaedheal Organisation in the town and district. The following officers were elected:—Chairman, Dr. M. Healy; Vice-Chairman, Mr. P. Tuite; Treasurer, Mr. R. Lynch; Secretary, Mr. J. Carroll. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman were appointed delegates to the county convention to be held at Navan next Sunday.

Wanted to Have a Good Time.—At Crossakiel, Kells, Co. Meath, Monthly District Sessions, before District Justice M'Carthy, Mrs. Margaret Fox, Martinstown, Co. Westmeath, sued her husband, Michael Fox, a small farmer, residing at Gartloney, Crossakiel, for maintenance for herself and her five children. The complainant was asked by the Justice why her husband would not live with her, and she replied: "He wants to have a good time; he would not give up drink." The Justice made an order for 15s. a week, and allowed 20s. costs.

University Scholarships.—At Kildare County Council Mr. Phelan proposed that university scholarships be scrapped. Mr. Murphy seconded. Mr. Bergin said that the abuse of the scheme lay in the fact that people, who could well afford to pay for the higher education of their children, were getting these scholarships. Mr. Conlan, T.D., said that he had heard the late Bishop Foley say that university scholarships should only be granted in the case of exceptionally brilliant children, who could not otherwise afford a university education. It was decided to scrap the scheme for one year.

Compulsory Irish.—At Kildare County Council meeting Mr. Henderson proposed that they strike out the rate for the teaching of Irish at the technical schools. He did not see what good it was doing. Mr. Coonan said that Irish was being forced on people who did not want it. The ratepayers should get some relief. He seconded Mr. Henderson's proposal. Mr. Fawcett said that the Council should scrap the whole rate for technical instruction; it was giving no value. The Chairman said that if they struck out the rate for Irish it would mean the disemployment of a number of teachers. He suggested that they should continue the rate for another year. This was agreed to.

NORTHERN IRELAND.

Nursing Appointment.—The Northern Ireland Ministry of Home Affairs has written the Lurgan Board of Guardians, sanctioning the appointment of Miss Elizabeth Parkinson (Kent) as superintendent nurse and sister tutor in the workhouse at £120 per year.

Adulterated Jam.—At Kilrea Petty Sessions, before Mr. George Kidd, Sergeant Downey summoned Leslie Michael, Church street, under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act for selling adulterated jam. Evidence having been heard, a fine of 5s. and costs was imposed, with 10s. 6d. analyst's fees.

Drunk in Charge of Motor Car.—At Belfast Custody Court yesterday, James A. Stitt was fined £5 and his licence suspended for twelve months for having been drunk in charge of a motor car on the 2nd February. Constable Britton said that the defendant was so drunk that he got into the wrong car. When witness made inquiries he found that the motor car was the property of Dr. Skillen, Duncairn Gardens, who had reported to the police that his car had been stolen.

Lurgan Vaccination Defaulters.—At the meeting of the Lurgan Board of Guardians, Dr. George Dougan, Fastaraghan, reported 19 vaccination defaulters in his district; Dr. Fred Dougan 84 in the Portadown district, and Dr. Robert Pedlow 71 in the Lurgan dispensary district. The lists were ordered to be handed over to the Relieving Officers to see that the law was complied with.

Possession of Gaffs.—At Garvagh Petty Sessions, before Messrs. J. F. Campbell, J.P. (Chairman), Joseph A. M'Intyre, J.P., and D. Boylan, J.P., Andrew King, Fishery Inspector, Toomebridge, summoned Thomas Doons Ketley and William Millican, Clarehill, for having in their possession on Sunday, 16th January, two gaffs for illegal purposes. John Patterson and Hugh Galt, Water Bailiffs, stated that on the date in question they were on duty, and saw both defendants along the small Agivey river at Ballydevitt. The defendants took two gaffs out of their pockets, and concealed them. The bailiffs went to the hiding place and got the gaffs, and challenged the defendants with having same for illegal purposes. Both defendants, who were not professionally represented, denied the offence. The magistrates were unanimous in fining the defendants £4 and costs each.

POISONING OF TWO BULLS.

CLAIM FOR £400 DISMISSED.

At Wicklow Circuit Court Judge Doyle dismissed an application by Miss Violet Tynte, Saundersgrove Park, for £400 for the poisoning of two young bulls. Miss Tynte stated that she lived at present at Tynte Park, but Saundersgrove, which had been burned in 1921, was being rebuilt.

Mr. Gerald Morrin, V.S., gave his reasons for being of opinion that the animals died from arsenical poisoning, and this was supported by Mr. B. G. Fagan, analyst.

Mr. R. C. Williams, Aberdeen-Angus breeder, Macroom, valued the older bull, as being of the highest pedigree, at 250 gns., and the younger one, as being a premium class, at about 70 gns.

Sergeant Ryan, Baltinglass, for the defence, stated that he had made every possible inquiry, and could not ascertain that any strangers were about the place at this period, nor had any considerable quantities of arsenic been purchased over a wide area. Miss Tynte was a particularly popular lady.

The Judge said that he must exclude the burning of the mansion, even though it was a terrible outrage, as a circumstance in the present case. He could not grant compensation in this case unless satisfied that the person who had inserted the poison in the food mixture had come back the second time, when he must have heard that his first attempt was working according to his wishes with the more valuable animal, and, while having successfully escaped notice, to put in another dose of the arsenical poison. He held that to be wildly improbable, and could not conceive of anyone doing it. There was another striking fact as to the sheep, which were fed from the same mixture, unless it could be held that the poison was in one of the ingredients only. He could not hold the scale had been turned in favour of the applicant, and dismissed the application, with costs to the County Council.

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THE AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

VIEWS AT DUBLIN CONFERENCE.

A largely attended conference of agriculturists, convened by the *Fianna Fail* organisation, but open to all, was held yesterday in Jury's Hotel, Dublin, and was adjourned until March 10th next.

Mr. J. J. Bergin expressed the view that between tariff reform and credit reform they would find a solution of their difficulties. It was an unsound national agricultural policy that had been enunciated. The more that they developed dairying without tillage, the more they would increase their imports.

MR. DE VALERA'S VIEW.

Mr. E. de Valera, T.D., who presided, said that the object of the conference was to direct public attention to the seriousness of the position, to examine it with a view to finding remedies for it, and then to initiate steps to have the remedies applied.

There was, perhaps, a disposition on the part of the public to make light of the farmer's complaints, and, when they heard that decrees for rates to the number of from 1,200 to 1,500 were in the hands of the Sheriff, as in Kilmallock, they attributed it to the farmer's unwillingness to take his share of the public burden rather than his inability to pay.

During the period of inflation some of the most progressive farmers sank their savings in the industry, and many borrowed heavily in order to take advantage of the boom. They found themselves now, in the period of deflation, burdened with a debt that had been augmented in proportion as the value of money had appreciated. As it was with bank debts, so it was with shop debts, while rents, rates and taxes were a far greater burden than before the war. The cost of labour and the cost of materials was also relatively greater. It was only by longer hours and harder work by himself and his family that the farmer could hold on at all.

THE BANKS.

Mr. O'Byrne (Athy) suggested a clean sweep of the present banking system. The banks should be a public convenience and an organised instrument for the promotion of trade and commerce. He proposed that in any credit system provision should be made for a fair settlement between the banks and the borrowers.

Mr. Belton (County Dublin) proposed:—"That this conference consider that the primary function of Irish agriculture should be to provide food for the Irish people."

Mr. Kennedy (Westmeath) seconded.

Mr. Belton asked that representatives of committees of agriculture should examine their allocations under the schemes of the Department of Agriculture, amounting to over half a million of money. This was used to develop a portion of their agriculture, which would not be consumed in this country. They imported from 17 to 18 millions worth of agricultural produce which could be grown at home. This country could produce as good wheat for flour-making as any that had been imported. Of 180 samples of wheat grown in the Twenty-six Counties and tested by millers, one of the best came from County Dublin, and the other two from Kerry.

At the coming Spring Show, he added, there would be shown a loaf made from the flour of Irish-grown wheat.

Mr. Kennedy suggested that the resolution should be amended to read that the Irish people should have first claim on the produce of the soil of Ireland.

Mr. Bergin (Athy) supported. If they did not grow grain for sale, users of grain would be obliged to buy foreign produce. This country was sending out of the country seven millions of money for flour.

Mr. L. O'Brady (Queen's County) stated that last year's wheat crop was the best grown since 1911. He suggested that efforts should be made to raise 50 per cent. of their wheat requirements.

Mr. Kennedy moved as a further amendment:—"That the wants of the Irish people are the first demand on the produce of the soil of Ireland, and that it is the duty of the national authority to direct agricultural effort to that end."

Mr. Fitzpatrick (Co. Wicklow) seconded, and the amendment was carried as a substantive motion.

CREDITS.

Mr. Kennedy proposed the establishment of an agricultural bank, with the farmers of Ireland as shareholders. There would be no dividends payable, and bad years would be met by the profits from good ones.

Mr. O'Byrne (Athy) suggested the formation of a committee to inquire into the farmers' capacity to pay.

Mr. Bergin seconded the proposal. The policy of deflation had completely altered the value of the pound. Land was bought by many farmers when the £1 was worth 8s. 6d. Now they were asked to pay it back when it was value for 20s. Instead of being paid to the banks it was proposed that these loans should be paid to a credit corporation.

Mr. McGann (Dublin) suggested that the State bank should have the financing of national work, particularly the financing of agriculture and industries; also that short-term loans on the security of their crops and long-term loans on the security of their land and buildings be granted

The following were then appointed as a committee to deal with the matter and report in a month's time:—Messrs. Bergin, O'Byrne, Belton, McGann, Fitzpatrick; Professor Magennis; Messrs. S. T. O'Kelly, Fitzpatrick, Derrig, P. Little and E. de Valera.

LAND ANNUITIES.

Colonel Moore's resolution—that Irish land annuities and local loans are debts due to the Irish State by Irish farmers, and should be used for the improvement of the agricultural industry—was carried, with six dissentients.

He said that the amount of land annuities payable was nearly £3,900,000, while local loans annuities represented £600,000.

Do., a resolution by Mr. Ryan (Waterford), "that they ask for a moratorium in the case of rent for two years," was referred to the Finance Committee.

On the motion of Mr. Fagan (Dublin), seconded by Mr. Belton, a resolution was passed to the effect that, in order to relieve the burden of rates, the State should undertake the responsibility of providing work of public utility.

Mr. P. O'Maille, T.D., supporting, agreed that the dole was a very vicious principle, and should be wiped out. The unemployment problem was very serious, and, with the best goodwill among all parties, it would take many years to solve it. With goodwill among all citizens the army could be demobilised gradually, and the money formerly spent on its upkeep could be spent on

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TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), 5th FEB., at One, 11 SOUTH KING STREET, FRUIT TREES, ROSES, FLOWERING SHRUBS.

ARTHUR JONES & SON. CO. MEATH. NEWTOWN PARK, TRIM.

120 ACRES OF PRIMEST FATTENING LAND to be SET BY AUCTION, on the Lands at Newtown Park, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 8th day of FEBRUARY, 1927, at 2 O'CLOCK, in suitable-sized divisions. Land will be Let to 1st December, 1927.

NEWTOWN PARK is 1½ miles from Trim and 6 miles from Navan.

T. E. POTTERTON, AUCTIONEER, ATHBOY.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.

GENERAL DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED General disengaged; good reference; highly recommended; wages £30.—Y 1282, this office.

GENERAL, plain cooking, seeks situation, England; good papers.—Y 1235, this office.

GENERAL, good plain cook, small family, city, suburbs; highly recommended.—Y 1231, this office.

RESPECTABLE Protestant General; good plain cook-ing, washing; small family; city preferred; recom-mended.—Address "General," this office. 2 E

SMART young General seeks temporary work; good cook, highest references.—Y 1134, this office. 2 E

YOUNG General disengaged, R.C.; good plain cook; good appearance; one year in present place.—Y 1277, this office.

YOUNG Girl, train General, small family; good refer-ences—Bridget Stanford, The Green, Swords.

YOUNG General seeks place, small family; good papers.—Y 1237, this office.

YOUNG General seeks place, small family, city; good papers.—Y 1241, this office.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

RESPECTABLE young Girl, 17 years, tall, and nice appearance, wishes to be trained as Waitress or House and Parlourmaid; city preferred.—Z 842, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray.

YOUNG country Girl to train House Parlourmaid; good papers.—Y 1235, this office.

NURSES DISENGAGED.

A SUPERIOR Nurse, R.C., desires change; 4½ years present place; excellent needlewoman; salary £40.—547, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street 3 B 15

EXPERIENCED Nurse, R.C., long reference, recom-mended by lady.—E O 1848, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 3 F

REFINED young Girl, having been trained as Nur-sery Maid, seeks position in nice home; do plain sewing, teach first lessons; Dublin City preferred.—Y 1295, this office.

TRAINED Nurse, certificate and good references, R. Protestant, disengaged; one or two children or delicate child preferred.—Y 1215, this office.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., DISENGAGED.

A COUNTRY Girl seeks situation, Kitchenmaid and Dairy; highly recommended; country preferred. Address "Z 4041, Maid." this office.

THOROUGHLY experienced Laundress would like three days' work in Killiney; can be recom-mended. Address "Z 4040, Laundress," this office.

YOUNG Kitchenmaid or General, good worker; suburbs; highly recommended.—Y 1240, this office.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

AUTO Knitting Machine, "Duplex"; price £6. Ad-dress "Z 3994, Machine," this office. 1 F

BERMESE carved Teak Fireplace, valued £30; ac-cept £5. Address "Z 4025, Fireplace," this office.

BEAUTIFUL Mahogany (Grandfather Clock in Tweed or Saxe Suit; cost £20.—B 0 1844, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

BILLIARD Table, 8ft. x 4ft., mahogany stand, cues, etc., in perfect order, £15; bargain.—J. Semple, Newtownmountkennedy. 3 F

CASTILE Soap, 8d. per lb.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street, Dublin. 12 3

CURD Soap, 8d. per lb.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street, Dublin. 12 3

CIVIL Engineers and Surveyors—Eidograph for Sale, new. Address "Z 4039, Eidograph," this office.

EX-GOVT. Oilskins—Coats 8/-, Jackets 5/-, Trousers 4/-, post paid.—Welton's, Portsmouth. 2 C

FOR Sale, Billiard Table Top, 6' x 3', excellent con-dition, as new complete with accessories; price £7 or near offer.—Y 1004, this office. 31 E

HOOVER for Sale, only slightly used, complete with accessories; bargain.—Lumbert, Brien and Co., Ltd., 64 Grafton street.

LINSEED Oil, 4/- per gallon.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street, Dublin. 12 3

MOFFAT Double Door Safe for Sale, 5 feet by 3 feet 2 inches by 2 feet; two locks. Address "Z 3996, Safe," this office. 1 E

METHYLATED Spirits, 6/6 per gallon.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street, Dublin. 12 3

OLIVER Typewriters, used, overhauled and guaranteed for 12 months.—Wilson Hartnell, 20 Dame street, Dublin. 12 3

PETROLEUM finest quality, for incubators and Primus cooking stoves, 1/5 per gallon.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street, Dublin. 12 3

STAMPS—British, Colonial, Foreign. For particulars write Miss Baillie, 10 Earlsfort terrace, Dublin. 31 E

SANCTUARY Oil, of unequalled quality.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street, Dublin. 12 3

SOAP—Scrubbing Brown, 5/6 per stone, or 21/- per ½ cwt. case.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 3

SOAP—Best XX Crown Soap, 6/6 per stone, or 25/- per ½ cwt. case.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 3

SOAP—Ordinary Best Crown, 5/6 per stone, or 21/- per ½ cwt. case.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 3

SALE, large Enamelled Bath, as new, with fittings.—S. Hilton, Ardee road, Rathmines. 2 A

TYPEWRITERS—Remington, Smith's, Yost, etc. Repairs).—Norman Typewriters, 26 Lower Ormond quay. 1 F

TURPENTINE, best quality, 6/6 per gallon.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 3

THOM'S Directory for 1926, perfect condition; half price.—Y 1257, this office.

WASHING Soda, 7/- per cwt.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 3

YOUR Character will be accurately delineated from your Handwriting by an expert. See the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. 29 F

WIRELESS, BROADCASTING, ETC.

3 VALVE Set £10; complete, £16; made November, 1926; extremely selective. Address "Z 4071, Wireless," this office. 3 B

SPECIFIC ARTICLES WANTED.

ANTIQUE Silver Cups, Candlesticks, Salvers, Sugar Bowls, etc.; Ornaments, Jewellery, Diamonds, Precious Stones and Old Gold; highest prices given.—West and Son, Grafton House, Grafton street. T

FEATHER BEDS WANTED.
Highest prices paid; will send to examine in city.—IRISH FEATHER CO., LTD., TARA ST., Dublin. IRISH FIRM. Phone 661. T

GAS Cooker Wanted, new design; full particulars, lowest price.—Gas, 1082, this office.

GARDEN Roller Wanted; small size; state price.—Y 1297, this office. 3 F

LARGE Safe Wanted, about 5' 6" x 2' 6".—Y 1264, this office. 3 B

WANTED, Catalogue of Dargan's Exhibition in Dublin in the "fifties" of 1800; good price. Reply Y 1109, this office. 1 F

WANTED, Typewriter, Portable preferred; state price and particulars.—77 Lower Dorset street, Dublin.

WANTED, Pieces Early Victorian Wool Work; not made up. Address "Z 4063, Articles," this office. 3 B

MACHINERY.

ENGINEERS' Tools, Taps, Dies, Drills, Spanners, Wrenches, Files, Reamers, Chisels and Precision Tools of every variety.—Booth Bros., Stephen street, Dublin.

FOR Sale Garrett Tractor, in good working order, nearly new, suitable for threshing; also Steam Portable Engine, suitable for saw mill.—159 Thomas street, Dublin. 2 E

NEW 6" Screw Cutting Lathe, Drilling Machine, 2½ h.p. Engine.—X. L. Shop, Kilkenny. 31 E

RAILS for Sale, suitable for Girders, Uprights for Sliding Sheds, etc.; cut to lengths; Bed Angles for Pointing; also Field Gates and Posts, complete.—McGowan Bros., Store street, Dublin. T

TO Artesian Well Borers—Boring Machinery and Tools of every description in stock; also large stock Lining Tubes.—The City of Dublin Engineering Works, Beaver street, Dublin. 'Phone, 3585. Telegrams: "Barbould." T

WATER Turbines for any power; Centrifugal Pumps, for any quantity; Air Compressors, for any purpose. Manufactured in Ireland by Robert Grant and Sons Engineers, Ltd., Great George's street, Belfast. 17 X

WELDING Apparatus, most up to date and efficient sets, with Acres generator, 1927 pattern, com-plete, £35 10s.; also Blowpipes, Cutters and Accessories at lowest prices.—Mayne and Co., Ltd., 19 Lord Edward street, Dublin. T

WANTED, Disc Harrow suit Fordson; good con-dition; state price, where seen.—Y 1260, this office. 3 B

WANTED, Baling Wire, nine foot twelve gauge; state price on rail.—Murray, Kilmessan.

7 TON Air Steel Overhead Travelling Crane, 25ft. span, convertible to Electric Power, and 120ft. Steel Runway in one piece. This is a splendid asset for any Engineering Works, etc., and will be sold cheap. Inspection by appointment at any time where existing. Apply Hendron Bros. 53-57 Tomb street, Belfast. 2 B

HOUSES AND LANDS.

BATTERSBY & CO.

ESTAB. 1815. 'PHONES 48 and 49.

TERENURE—FOR SALE, with possession, particularly attractive Non-basement Residence, replete with all modern con-veniences; convenient and retired position, amidst charming pleasure grounds running down to river, with beautiful views, good accommodation, fine garage. Full particulars Battersby, Agents.

CO. CARLOW—ON 190 ACRES Prime Fat-tening Land, Gentleman's Residence, imposing cut granite frontage, good accommodation, superior out-offices, no outlay required; moderate price to prompt purchaser.—Battersby, Agents.

STEPHEN'S GREEN—(Just off)—FOR SALE, Possession. Fine OLD DUBLIN MANSION, suitable private or professional Residence, club or society, containing large accommodation; garden, with coach-house; capable of being turned into hall. Apply Battersby, Agents.

BATTERSBY, & CO., Auctioneers, 39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

HOUSES AND LANDS.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.

To Investors—FOR SALE, a Valuable business premises in the heart of the city, amount-ing to £226. Apply Dockrell Limited. Rent paid out of handsome

For Sale—A Well Secured Ground Rent of £242, payable out of large business premises centre of city. Apply Dockrell Limited.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.

38 & 39 STH. GT. GEORGE'S ST.

GLENAGEARY, 1¾ Acre, Detached Villa, super-lative order; all modernities; 3 spacious public rooms, 5 bedrooms; bath, maid's room, double garage, tennis. Possession March.—ARTHUR JONES & SON, Auctioneers, Greystones.

A. BORLAND, LTD.

TOBACCONISTS, FANCY GOODS IMPORTERS.

FOR SALE, as a Going Concern, Stock, Fittings and Goodwill of above old-established business. Debts optional. Apply to W. G. KENNEDY and CO., C.A., 9 Donegall Square, South, Belfast.

HOUSES AND LANDS.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.

SANDFORD ROAD—Detached Non-basement Residence on about half an acre; 3 reception, 4 bedrooms, maids' room, electric light; garage; long lease; £1,800, offers.

AVA HOTEL, BANGOR, CO. DOWN.

The undersigned, acting on behalf of the Executrix of the late Mr. William John Bulloch, are prepared to receive offers for the purchase of these old-established Licensed Premises and the Goodwill attached thereto.

The Premises, which occupy one of the best positions in Bangor, and in which a high-class and lucrative business has been carried on for many years past, are held for the residue of a term of 10,000 years, subject to the low yearly ground rent of £10.

The highest or any offer not necessarily accepted.

W. L. H. RODDEN and CO., Chartered Accountants, ARTHUR CHAMBERS, 10 ARTHUR STREET, BELFAST.

McBirney's Winter Sale

Week-end Bargains To-day & To-morrow

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

SPECIAL LOTS HALF PRICE
ALL Remnants HALF PRICE

McBIRNEY & CO., LTD., ASTON'S QUAY, DUBLIN

GARDEN, FARM, ETC., CONTINUED.

WM. POWER AND CO.

WOULD BE PLEASED TO HEAR FROM ANY OF THEIR CUSTOMERS WHO HAVE NOT YET RECEIVED THEIR CATALOGUE POSTED RECENTLY.

WATERFORD. 29 F

POULTRY, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

ALWAYS can supply from new on, Clucking Hens, also Leghorn Settings.—83 Belmont avenue, Donny-brook. 31 E

A LARGE consignment of Roller Cocks, 15/- and £1 each, Hens 5/- and 7/6 each; Yorkshire, Nor-wich, and Border Cocks and Hens, Goldfinch and Linnet Mules; Cups and Appliances. Catalogue, 5d., post free. The Fanciers' Stores, 15 Upper Ormond quay. 1 F

AMERICAN Bronze Turkey Cockerels, superb stock, 56 to 58 pounds, Department ringed, Calleil-Abbott.—Smyth, Ballyneagil, Knockdrin. 2 A

ANGORA Rabbits—Colonel Roe, Ballyconnell, Co. Cavan, can take two Pupils on his extensive wool Farm; advance orders for June, three months old Rabbits. 3 B

A FEW Settings now available from my prize winners at all the leading shows. White Wyandottes, Rhode Island Reds, and Barnevelders, 8/6 setting, free.—Mrs. Craigie, Harristown, St. Margaret's, Co. Dublin. 2 B

A RARE Opportunity—Official records of All Ireland Cork Laying Competition prove that of 26 pens White Wyandotte competing mine produced largest eggs; average weight 26.74 oz. per dozen. A limited number of Settings now booking—15/- for fifteen; no replace-ments.—Crossdale, Rosenaill, Queen's County. 3 X

APPLY at once—R.I.R. Golden Championship-Mounted Cock, Harrison-Heil famous strain; large eggs; bargain, £3.—Medcalf, Cooleven, Clondalkin. 31 E

BARNEVELDER and Wyandotte Pullets (Cross); 4 months; Vanderbilt Hens, now laying; strong stock for Sale; what offers?—Mrs. Robins, Ballingaddy, Moate.

CLEAN Milk—We supply only up to date Utensils; Bottles, Strainers, Milk Cans and Cleaners.—The Dairy Engineering Co of Ireland, Ltd., 21-22 Bache-lor's Walk, Dublin. 12 29

CHICKS, 4th, at 21/- dozen; Rhode Island Reds (Golden's), White Leghorns (Barron's); Cocks imported direct; parent winners at Ballsbridge, Ballyn-mess, and Kilkenny, 1925 Eggs or Chicks, as above, 15/-; first class Pullets or Mothers (Barron's direct), 12/6, carriage paid.—Young, Ashford, Co. Wicklow. 3 B

CHICKS, Pedigree Rhodes, Leghorns, Anconas, 21/- dozen; Cockerels from 10/6. Settings, including Wyandottes, 7/6.—Fairyhill, Blackrock. Telephone, 458. 1 F

CLARE and Sons, Foxrock, Dublin—Gleeson and Hearson Incubators, Hovers, etc.; Putnam Brooders and Appliances. Lists post free. 12 2

COCKERELS—Rhode Island Reds, grand March birds, 10/-; Leghorns, 10/-; Khaki Campbell Drakes, 10/-; 12 Leghorn Pullets, 10/- each; carriage extra.—Hanbury, Somerston, Trim.

DAY Old Chicks, from Trapnested Rhode Island Reds, 12/6 dozen, due February 15th.—Mrs. Holmes, Pocoke Poultry Farm, Kilkenny.

FOR Sale, R.I.R. Pullets, splendid laying strain, just ... in the ... 5/- each; also Dunlin 60 Egg Incubator, perfect £5.—Symes, Straffan. 2 A

FOR Sale, Rhode Island Red Cockerels (Millview's), March hatched, 10/6 each.—Miss A. Lynch, Rockwell, Kilkenny, Tuam. 2 A

FOR Sale, two Turkey Cockerels, early hatched, prize stram, 30/- each; Pure Embden Goose, 15/-; Indian Game Cockerels, 12/6; carriage extra.—Richard-son, Newcastle, Co. Wicklow.

HATCHING Eggs from trapnested stock, W Wyan dotte, White Leghorn and Rhode Island Reds. Orders now being booked for May and June Chicks from 8/6 a dozen.—Mrs. Henry, Keadeen Poultry Farm, Newbridge. 48 10

HATCHING Eggs—White Wyandotte and White Leg-horns, 4/6 a setting; Snowdon's strain direct, 5/- per doz., 3/6 to sell; First Cross Wyandotte and Leghorn, 2/6, 4/- per post.—Mefiee, Kilpatrick House, Ardee. 1 F

HOT Buttered Eggs—Wanted, 20 dozen weekly; state price.—Eggs, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

HATCHING Eggs, Farnevelders, R.I.R., White Leg-horns, 4/6 a Setting; carriage extra.—Mrs. Holmes, Ballinacourse, Moate. 3 F

HATCHING Eggs—My White Leghorns won first class certificate and 4th prize at recent Laying Test. All Monster pullets open All Ireland. Have averaged 210 1-3 eggs per pullet in eleven months. Teams now competing Poultry Gazette," Rosslare Report, "first three months, 1st, 2nd, 3rd;" Harper Adams," Daily Mail"; Eggs 7/6 dozen; no replace-ments.—Miss Helen Dobbin, Knockree, Blackrock road, Cork. 12

INCUBATOR, Gloucester (250), self turning, trays; £6 6.0; Foster Mother, 150 chicks, £6 0.0.—Pine Cottage, Dundrum, Dublin. 2 A

LIGHT Sussex Cockerels, Wyandotte Chicks, 15/- dozen; with Hen 21/-; Eggs 6/-; guaranteed from pure healthy stock; delivered Dublin.—Blackburn, Dally-mount, Clondalkin. 3 B

MILLVIEW Wyandottes again leading all breeds in Irish Laying Test; purchase from the strain that made 5 world's records for their breed; trapnested for seventeen years. Eggs from 9/6. 12/6 dozen; good reduction on incubator lots; White Leghorns, Light Sussex, Rhode Island Reds; Chicks ready 21/- dozen. Advance paid; catalogue free.—Moate House, Kells, Meath.

MILLVIEW Poultry Farm, Malahide—Wyandottes, All winners All Ireland Laying Competition, 1925-1926, Gold Medal Dublin Spring Show, 1926; Pullets laid 1,652 eggs in twelve months; also Rhodes, Leg-horns; Sittings from 8/6. Chicks double; despatching February 11th and 21st. Phone 45 Malahide. 27 T

MR. Fogge, 70 Nash street, Inchicore, has wonder-ful results from Fowls on Karswood Poultry Spice; complete ... ground ... packets 1/3; Karswood Poultry Meal, 3½lbs. 10½d.—Nealey, 55 James's street, Dublin.

NEW Laid Eggs, from producer direct; freshness, size guaranteed; 10 or 12 dozen lots, 1/11 dozen. Address "Z 3941, Eggs," this office 31 E

PHEASANTS (for stock) for Sale; also Eggs in season.—W. Bull Ballymanon, Mullingar. 28 27

POULTRY and Pig Feeding—Potatoes at 3/6, White Oats 10/6, Manicuba 2/6, Turnips 2/6, Baled Straw 5/6, Hay 7/-; Pollard, Potatoes 7/-, all per cwt.—Grogan's Depot, 112 Phibsborough road.

RHODE Cockerels, Measures' direct, exceptional quality, approval, vouchers.—Smyth, Ballynegall, Knockdrin. 2 A

RHODE Pullets, ten months, splendid layers; 5/- each, six 50 -; delivered Dublin.—Blackburn, Dally-mount, Clondalkin. 2 A

R.I.R. Settings, 6/-. Telephone, Dundrum 72. 3 F

RHODE Cockerels (Measures), White Runner Drakes (Abbott's), 7/6; three 21/-, carriage paid.—Fair-view, Delgany.

SETTINGS 4/6, White Leghorn, White Runner, Rhode-Leghorn Pullets. 10/6.—Shell-Walshe, Cappoquin.

SWEEP Layers are good purers. Make your Hens lay well, feed Karswood Poultry Spice containing ground insects, packets 1/3; Karswood Meal, 3½ lbs. 10½d.—Blanchardstown Flour Mills, 119 Thomas street, Dublin.

WHITE Leghorn Cockerels, best laying strain. March hatched, 10/6 each.—MRS. T. L. SMITH, Beverton, Donabate, Co. Dublin. 2 B

WANTED, two Settings of Muscovey Duck Eggs.—W. Morison, Mourne Park, Newry. 3 A

YOUNG Lady, experienced in poultry keeping and artificial incubation, desires engagement, daily or weekly.—Poultry Farm, vicinity Dublin.—Y 1273, this office 3 F

1926 PULLETS, 6 White Wyandotte, 7/- each.—Shirley, Kilmessan, Meath. 3 F

FURNITURE.

AT Highest Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Purchase Furniture, Pianos, Antiques. T

CHESTERFIELD Suite, high class, made as sample in linen, can be covered, for Sale at actual cost.—Furniture Factory; entrance beside 171 North Strand. 2 E

FOR Sale, large massive oak expanding Dining Table; seen by appointment.—Y 1262, this office.

LAWLOR, Briscoe will Buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture. Auctions every Thursday.—35 Ormond quay.

MODERN Furniture and Furnishings—For Sale, con-tents of Flat (owner leaving Ireland), comprising Jacobean Dining and Bedroom Suites, 3 Piece Suite, Easy Chairs, Kitchen Utensils, etc.; as per ... no dealers. Apply for appointment to view E 443, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

REDUCE of high class Furniture, Pier Glasses, Console Tables, etc., also Grand Concert Grand, suit hotels, etc.; no dealers.—Y 1086, this office. 1 F

SIDEBOARD, Bedroom Suite and Bed, complete, with Spring and Hair Mattress, for Sale, moderate; no dealers.—Y 884, this office. 31 E

WANTED, good Furniture for Bedroom, Sitting and Diningroom; must state price.—Y 1299, this office. 3 F

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

BEAUTIFUL new Upright Iron Frame Piano, £40; ten years' guarantee given.—Y 1162, this office. 2 A

GRAMOPHONE Stores. Only address, Johnston's Court, beside Clarendon street Church, Grafton street. Largest stocks in Ireland. X

MUSIC CONTINUED.

PIANO Tuning and Repairing—Laurence Egan, 502 North Circular road, Late foreman to Pigott and Co. Highest testimonials Estimates for repairs free. 12 26

PIANO for Sale, "Waldberg," Upright Grand Over-strung, iron frame, handsome ebony case; splen-did instrument; £70.—Y 1258, this office. 3 F

PIANO Wanted, Upright, by good maker; must state price in cash.—Y 1298, this office. 3 F

PIANO for Sale (Pigott), new condition, accept £25 cash, immediate purchaser.—6 Bloomfield Cottages, Bloomfield avenue, Sth. road.

WANTED for Ladies' College, Upright Piano; small Grand must suit.—Y 1204, this office. 2 C

BUSINESS PREMISES, ETC., CONTINUED.

CAPEL street—Good House and Shop Vacant, two or ... business; large ... Houses, ground floor, Botanic road, Cliftonville road, Fairfield road. Keys Kely, 71 Iona road.

DETACHED Site Wanted to Build House; £750, £850 Monkstown, Sandycove area; state particu-lars.—Y 1059 this office. 1 F

FOR Sale, large Shop and Dwelling, with large yard at rear, suitable for building; immediate possession. Open daily.—1 and 2 Pimlico, Coombe.—Y 985, this office. 31 E

FOR Sale, Stores and Cellar, with workshop over same, 90' x 16'; modern building; electric light throughout; lease 999 years, free of ground rent; cen-tral.—Y 1014, this office. 1 F

FUEL.—Let or Sell, about 8 acres, in Merrion. Y 1227, this office. 3 F

HALL Wanted for Public Meetings nightly, March and April.—Y 1184, this office. 2 A

KILKENNY City—Premises, for Sale in good position, suitable for any business; frontage 25 feet, depth 200 feet; long lease, low rent. Address "Z 39/1, Premises," this office. 1 F

LARGE Store to Let, near Butt Bridge; would serve as a garage; rent £160.—Y 1182, this office. 2 E

NO. 22 St. Andrew street—Ground Floor Offices to Let; particulars obtainable at Town Clerk's Office, City Hall. 3 A

OFFICES to Let, Wicklow street. Apply Cabin Cafe, 30/31 Wicklow street. 2 A

OFFICES to Let, Bachelor's Walk; first floor, front and back; second floor, front and back.—Y 1267, this office. 3 B

OFFICES and Warehouses for Sale and Letting. Apply Wm. Montgomery and Son, Gainsboro' House. 24 Suffolk street.

PROMINENT Building Sites for Shops, suitable for Meal Stores, Butcher, Grocery; one Site to be specially allotted for Tobacco, Newsagency, Billiards (combined) Junction Howth, Tennanure, Refugar roads. Apply J. Dowling, 59 Belgrave square, Rathmines. 8 4

SITE for Tennis Courts, practically made, Rathmines vicinity, level.—Y 1205, this office. 2 A

TRADER having splendid Business Premises, in best business street, city, South, would Let Half and Sell Balance of two Departments 'Hosiery and Hats and Caps; thereby making a Going Concern; remodel-ling of frontage necessary, of which purchaser would pay own share.—Box One, but good rent required. Further particulars "Z 3927," Printers, this office. 2 A

TWO Ladies want to Purchase from ¼ an Acre to 2 Acres of Land, in city or suburbs (a rear posi-tion accepted), suitable for raising fruit trees, etc., with small Cottage, gardener's or chauffeur's house, and some outoffices. Address "Z 4008, Land," this office. 3 B

WANTED, Spirit, Grocery, with good living ac-commodation; good price given. Give particulars to Y 1267, this office. 2 E

WANTED, to Purchase genuine City Business; might entertain Partnership.—Y 1281, this office. 3 B

WREN'S, Bachelor's Walk—3 new Shops, Houses, Yard, rear; separate; suitable Grocery, Dairy, Pork Butcher, Confectioner, Provision; Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street, Dublin. 2

WREN'S, Bachelor's Walk—House, Shop, adjacent Tivoli Theatre; suitable Commission Agent's Office; long lease; possession.

WREN'S, Bachelor's Walk—Going Concerns, Shops, Talbot street, Amiens street, City quay, Glasnevin; Hotel, Restaurant; possession.

STABLING AND GRAZING.

GRAZING—Clondalkin—44 Statute Acres Prime Land; suit dairyman or grazier; plenty shelter and water; £1 per acre. 2 A

WINTERAGE for Cattle, big range and hay, mode-rate.—Y 1074, this office 1 F

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.

A BANDON HOUSE HUNTING and consult House Agency Department, GARVEY and GOOD, 21 Lincoln place, Dublin. Register kept of HOUSES and LANDS for Sale and Wanted. TELEPHONE 62408. 2 A

Albert MacArthur is
The Housemaker. 52 O'Connell street. T

ABOUT Houses, Ratchar, Ballsbridge, all Southern districts; large, small. Apply Sole Agent, 9 Fairfield Park, Rathgar. 2 A

AT 10 Ulster street, Phibsborough; 6 apartments, bath (h. and c.); no land rent; possession. Ap-ply Harris and Greene, 6 Lower Abbey street. F

AT Botanic road—Good modern House, £850. Apply Lalor, Solicitor, 16 Lower O'Connell street. 3 B

AT 26 Victoria road, Rathgar—Semi-detached six apartment, bath (h. and c.), electric light, garden. Key at No. 15. 3 B

AT North brook road, Lesson Park—Nice semi detached non basement House, 6 apartments, bath (hot and cold), electric light; newly decorated garden, front and rear; low head rent; possession.—Y 1289, this office. 2 E

A HANDSOME, large Mansion, etc., with good Lands, for Sale, one hour's motor drive from Dublin. Also Lands for Sale. Particulars, address "Z 4052, Mansion," this office. 2 A

ALDERLEY, Glenageary, near Station; detached House, 3 reception, 8 bedrooms, lovely garden, tennis court, garage, superb views; price £2,250. Let £250; perfect order. 27 X

ABOUT Seaside Houses, Blackrock to Dalkey, con-sult Meagher, Auctioneer, Sandycove, who keeps Register of all Houses, or friends (Protestants); suit two families; all prices; possession. 3 B

BATTERSBY and Co. will Sell by Auction, Thurs-day next, at 2.30, "Lismoy," 46 Upper Kenil-worth Park; possession; neat modern residence, in good district. 2 C

BATTERSBY and Co. will offer for Auction, Thurs-day next, Nos. 2, 3 Carlisle terrace, Seymour road, and 1 Dunedin avenue, Bray, 5 good houses offering sound investment. 2

BATTERSBY and Co. will Sell by Auction, February 24th, "Sunnymead," Sutton, on about one acre; possession; attractive residence, suitably built, with beautiful views. Full particulars, 39 West-moreland street. 2 F

BATTERSBY and Co. offer, Drumcondra, £6,50 well built, modern, 7 roomed House, on favourite road, convenient to Pillar. 2 F

BATTERSBY and Co offer at Runelagh, £775, pos-session, good residential position, new 6 roomed House, bathroom, electric light. 2 F

BUNGALOW, Vernon avenue, Clontarf; very com-pact and well arranged; good garden; price £900. Apply Garvey and Good, 21 Lincoln place. 3 F

DUN Laoghaire—For Sale, with possession, 81 Upper George's street, good Business Premises. Seen by applying to John Thornton and Co., 46 Upper George's street. 31 E

DUN Laoghaire—Non basement, two storeyed Resi-dence, near ... 2 sitting, 4 bedrooms, bath, etc., electric light. Key with John Thornton and Co., 46 Upper George's street. 31 E

DRUMCONDRA—St. Michael's road; five apart-ments, bath (hot and cold), gas, garden, rear entrance; long lease, low ... Part purchase money can remain outstanding.—E. Merrick, 202 Pearse street. 2 A

DONNYBROOK—10 Belmont Park; six apartments, bath (hot and cold), electric light, gas cooker; long lease, low head rent; possession. Part purchase money can remain outstanding.—E. Merrick, 202 Pearse street.

DETACHED, double fronted House, suitable for boarding house; close new Dublin Harbour, 12 rooms; North side. Apply Garvey and Good, 21 Lin-coln place. 3 F

DALKEY—Compact non-basement House; five rooms; bathroom; electric light, gas cooker; rent £52. Also commodious non-basement House, seven rooms; possession; £950.—D 77, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 3 B

FOR Sale, Building Land, on Sydney parade, 36 x 160.—Y 1041, this office. 1 F

FOR Sale, a good Farm of Fattening Land, with Dwelling House and Outoffices; cheap; within 7 miles of North Dublin. Apply to Craigie Bros., Prussia street. 31

FOR Sale, Rathgar, beautiful little semi detached House; also good Furniture; or will Let, Fur-nished; fifteen pounds month.—Y 1190, this office. 3 F

FOR Sale, a Modern Semi-detached, Non-basement Residence, with possession, in splendid condition, containing two sitting, three bedrooms, maid's room, garage, gardens, electric light and gas; tram passes door; good links at each end; beautiful and healthy situation.—15 Beres terrace, Rathfarnham. 2 A

FOR Sale, large House, with stores and rear en-trance; suit factory; South quays, close to Kings-bridge; long lease; cheap. Apply, 16 Usher's quay. T

FOR Sale, with possession, two storey semi detached House, Meadstown district; two reception, five bedrooms, maid's room, bath (hot and cold), kitchen and usual offices, laundry with gas and water, gas lighting. Particulars of prices, etc., from Wm. Mont-gomery and Son, Gainsboro' House, 24 Suffolk street, Dublin.

HOLLYBROOK road, Clontarf—Semi detached, non basement, 8 rooms, good repair throughout. Apply Garvey and Good, 21 Lincoln place. 3 F

HOUSES for Sale in Drumcondra, Ranelagh, Rath-gar, Clonskeagh, Rathfarnham, Monkstown, Clon-tarf, etc. Apply Wm. Montgomery and Son, Gainsboro' House, 24 Suffolk street, Dublin.

IONA Drive—Double fronted detached House, 10 rooms, splendid condition, garage, large garden, and 'phone.—Y 1076, this office. 2 A

LINDAY road, Glasnevin—Modern Non-basement House for Sale, with possession, in first class order; price only £1,050 for quick Sale.—Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street, Dublin. 2

RATHGAR, Highfield road—Semi detached modern